*** NOTE: TO RETURN TO THIS PAGE, CLICK ON THE COUNTY SEAL ***

CLICK HERE FOR THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REPORT DATED JUNE 12, 2019
CLICK HERE FOR THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REPORT DATED AUGUST 30, 2019



County of Los Angeles CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICE

Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration 500 West Temple Street, Room 713, Los Angeles, California 90012 (213) 974-1101 http://ceo.lacounty.gov

June 12, 2019

Board of Supervisors HILDA L. SOLIS First District

MARK RIDLEY-THOMAS Second District

SHEILA KUEHL Third District

JANICE HAHN Fourth District

KATHRYN BARGER Fifth District

To:

Supervisor Janice Hahn, Chair

Supervisor Hilda L. Solis

Supervisor Mark Ridley-Thomas

Supervisor Sheila Kuehl Supervisor Kathryn Barger

From:

Sachi A. Hamai Chief Executive Officer

INDEPENDENT EVALUATION OF THE SHERIFF'S BODY-WORN CAMERA PROPOSAL (ITEM NO. 2, AGENDA OF AUGUST 7, 2018)

On August 7, 2018, the Board of Supervisors (Board) directed the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) in consultation with the Sheriff, County Counsel, Office of Inspector General (OIG), and the Sheriff's Civilian Oversight Commission (COC) to engage a consultant to review and assess previous County reports on body-worn cameras and evaluate the Sheriff's proposed policies, procedures, deployment plan, staffing and corresponding operational impact on the Sheriff's Department and the community. The CEO was also directed to provide a detailed cost analysis of the implementation and operation of a Sheriff Body-Worn Camera Program.

Consultant Scope of Work

The International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) was hired following consultation with the Sheriff, County Counsel, OIG, and COC. The scope of work encompassed:

 Stakeholder Interviews – Review and incorporation of prior County body-worn camera reports and conducting in-person interviews with executives and personnel from the Board, Sheriff, OIG, COC, District Attorney, Public Defender, Alternate Public Defender, Chief Information Office, and community stakeholders as identified by the Board.

- 2. Best Practices Identify national best practices on the implementation of body-worn cameras, including a legal analysis of California's recently enacted law enforcement transparency legislation. IACP also contacted five comparable agencies who have implemented body-worn cameras to identify how policies and procedures translated into real-world operations and "lessons learned."
- 3. Policies and Procedures Recommendations Based on the aforementioned interviews and analysis, provide recommendations for body-worn camera policies and procedures (Policy) that include, but are not limited to:
 - · Camera activation
 - Critical incident footage review
 - Public release of footage
 - Quality assurance and training
 - · Applicable state laws and privacy laws
 - · Metrics for the ongoing evaluation of body-worn cameras
- 4. Staffing and Budget Analysis Evaluate the current Sheriff's body-worn camera budget, staffing, and implementation proposal, including a comparison to the prior administration's proposal.

Consultant Report

IACP has submitted a detailed report, County of Los Angeles: Independent Evaluation of the Sheriff's Body-worn Camera Proposal, see Attachment I. The following summarizes the key highlights of the report:

 Deputy Review of Footage – The policy should direct when deputies activate their body-worn cameras and procedures for deactivation. For routine calls for services, deputies should be allowed to access footage to assist in writing their reports.

For critical incidents, such as an officer involved shooting, IACP notes this is the most sensitive body-worn camera policy topic. The prevalent law enforcement practice is to establish procedures for a deputy to review footage, including waiting for investigators to authorize the viewing, prior to providing a statement. It is IACP's understanding the Sheriff's Department's policy will follow this prevalent practice. In contrast, both the OIG and COC recommend not allowing deputies to review critical incident footage until they have written a preliminary report or given a statement. OIG notes that while it is the prevalent practice for law enforcement to allow officers to review footage prior to giving statements, law enforcement does not follow this practice in other investigations.

IACP does not take a definitive stance given the lack of consistent research identifying a best practice and the controversy surrounding this topic. The report does provide additional discussion on the pros and cons of deputy review of critical incident footage.

- O Public Release of Footage In general, body-worn camera footage should be considered investigative records and not subject to release, unless required by law or court order. Based on best practice and newly enacted law enforcement transparency legislation, IACP's recommendation is to release critical incident footage within 10 days following a written Public Records Act request, unless it would interfere with an active criminal or administrative investigation.
- Staffing and Budget IACP considers the proposed \$34.4 million Body-Worn Camera Program with 33 new full-time staff is reasonable given the scale of the Sheriff's patrol operations. The budget is comprised of \$20.2 million one-time costs related to the purchase of equipment, infrastructure upgrades, and patrol personnel training and \$14.2 million in ongoing costs for staffing and software licenses, internet, and cellular and cloud services. In addition, IACP recommends setting aside a \$3.0 million contingency reserve should unanticipated costs arise during implementation.
- Justice System Capacity Resources should be provided to the District Attorney, Public Defender, and Alternate Public Defender to ensure each will have the capacity to manage body-worn camera evidence as the Sheriff's Department and other local law enforcement agencies begin utilizing the devices and submitting footage as part of their case files.
- Quality Assurance An internal Sheriff user's group and an external advisory committee, comprised of affected County departments and oversight agencies, should be established to monitor and provide feedback on body-worn camera implementation and make recommendations to adjust policies and procedures as experience is gained.
- Stakeholder Education Community stakeholders should be educated about the purpose of the Body-Worn Camera Program, how the devices are used, what their limitations are, and their value in advancing transparency, accountability, and the administration of justice.
- Program Evaluation Planning should begin for an independent evaluation of the implementation and ongoing operation of the Body-Worn Camera Program, including establishing key performance indicators and defining program success targets.

The OIG and COC concur with the findings and recommendations of the IACP report, except as noted above, and strongly support implementation of a Sheriff Body-Worn Camera Program.

Each Supervisor June 12, 2019 Page 4

CEO Next Steps

By July 19, 2019, the CEO will submit a detailed body-worn camera budget and staffing analysis report. This will include a review of the Sheriff's implementation plan and how it incorporates recommendations from the IACP, OIG, and COC reports.

Should you have any questions, please contact Rene Phillips at (213) 974-1478 or at rphillips@ceo.lacounty.gov, or contact David Turla at (213) 974-1178 or at dturla@ceo.lacounty.gov.

SAH:FAD:MM:SW RCP:DT:cc

Attachment

c: Executive Office, Board of Supervisors
County Counsel
District Attorney
Sheriff
Alternate Public Defender
Civilian Oversight Commission
Office of Inspector General
Public Defender

061219.B101163.IACP Body Worn Camera Rpt.bm.docx



County of Los Angeles:

Independent Evaluation of the Sheriff's Body-worn Camera Proposal

JUNE 5, 2019

A Study for the Chief Executive Office, County of Los Angeles, California

International Association of Chiefs of Police

Table of Contents

Executive Summary	1
Introduction	5
IACP's Scope of Work	6
Review of Pertinent Literature, Promising Practices, and Lessons Learned	7
Review of Pertinent Literature	7
Survey of Law Enforcement Agencies	7
Key Promising Practices, Lessons Learned, and Policy Recommendations sugge Surveyed Law Enforcement Agencies	•
Discussion of Key Issues	12
Purpose of BWCs	12
The Importance of BWC Policy	12
OIG and COC Contributions to LASD BWC Policy Development	13
Transparency and Accountability of BWC Programs	15
Legal Analysis	17
Deputy Discretion to Record	19
Notification of Recording	21
Deputy Review of BWC Footage	21
Allowing Deputies to View Footage	21
Not Allowing Deputies to View Footage	22
Release of BWC Footage to the Public	22
Facial Detection vs Facial Recognition	23
ASD Implementation Plan	25
Comparison of the Previous and Current BWC Plans	25
Current LASD BWC Implementation Plan	26
Staffing & Budget	26
Organizational Structure & Responsibilities	27
Factors Affecting Implementation	30
LASD's RWC Training Plan	30

The Impact of Future PRAs and the Need for a BWC Contingency Fund	
Implementation Milestones	33
Findings	
Recommendations	37
Program Evaluation	53
BWC-related metrics	53
Operation and Policy BWC Scorecard	54
Future concerns	56
Sustainability	56
Artificial Intelligence, Facial Recognition, and Predictive Analytics	56
Other Related Technologies	58
Conclusion	59
Appendix I: Sample Indicators of Success	60
Appendix II: BWC Scorecard	64
Appendix III: Legal Analysis	66
Appendix IV: SB1421	73
Appendix V: AB748	81
Appendix VI: LAPD BWC Policy Documents	95

Abbreviations and Terms Used in this Report

Throughout this report several abbreviations and terms are used. They are defined here.

ALADS Association of Los Angeles Deputy Sheriffs

APD Alternate Public Defender's Office

BOS
BWC or BWCs
Body-Worn Camera(s)
CEO
Chief Executive Office

COC LA County Sheriff Civilian Oversight Commission

Community member Individuals who are not members of LASD or Co. Govt

DA District Attorney's Office

IACP International Association of Chiefs of Police

LA County or the County County of Los Angeles

LAPD Los Angeles Police Department

LASD Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department
OIG LA County Office of the Inspector General

PD Public Defender's Office

Police All entities within state and local/county policing
Policing A generic reference to all types of police agencies
Police officer All peace officers, including sheriff's deputies

PPOA Professional Peace Officers Association

PRA/PRAs Public Record Act/Requests pursuant to the PRA

Sheriff Los Angeles County Sheriff Alex Villanueva

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In January 2019, the County of Los Angeles (the County or LA County) contracted with the International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) to conduct a review of the body-worn camera (BWC) program as proposed by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department (LASD). Specifically, the County asked IACP to:

- validate LASD's proposed BWC policies and procedures;
- reflect on organizational capabilities, national best practices, lessons learned by other agencies, and community and stakeholder input; and,
- include metrics to quantify the impact of BWCs on operations, workload, budget, civil claims, and the community.

In late January, the IACP team began its work by reviewing LA County BWC-related documents, pertinent BWC literature, and interviewing multiple stakeholders and other police agencies that had successfully implemented BWC programs. Important to this review were the September 2015 report by the LA County Office of Inspector General (Body-Worn Cameras: Policy Recommendations and Review of LASD's Pilot Program) and the July 2018 report by the LA County Sheriff Civilian Oversight Commission (Revised Report of the Ad Hoc Committee of the Civilian Oversight Commission Regarding Body Worn Cameras and Proposed Recommendations of the Sheriff Civilian Oversight Commission). Both of these entities conducted extensive research into the scientific findings, lessons learned, and policies and practices of BWCs and made important recommendations relative to the LASD's use of BWCs. In addition, the Commission articulated several important findings regarding the value of BWCs and conducted a survey of the public's opinion of the LASD's use of BWCs. The majority of the recommendations made in this report are in agreement with, or complementary to, those recommendations made by the OIG and the COC.

As of the time this report was submitted, the LASD BWC Program plan, its budget, project management plan, and BWC policy were not yet finalized and available for the IACP team to review. Accordingly, the team spent a considerable amount of time with LASD project personnel to gain an in-depth understanding of what will be proposed in the department's final plan and policy. Finally, the IACP team conducted a legal analysis of current California BWC-related legislation to identify key components that should be included in the final LASD BWC policy, and a budget analysis to offer an opinion as to the adequacy of the proposed LASD BWC budget.

This report's literature review, summary of BWC best practices, legal analysis, and BWC program recommendations are made with an understanding of the eventual LASD BWC-related

operations and policy. If substantial changes are made in the final plan or policy, then this report's recommendations should be viewed accordingly.

Policy Recommendations

The key prevalent practices (considered by many to be the "best practices"), utilized by most policing organizations which employ BWCs, indicate that these agencies:

- direct officers to activate BWCs at the outset of all enforcement activities;
- allow officers some discretion in de-activating BWCs and require some form of documentation describing the need to do so;
- identify the places in where BWC usage is generally;
- consider most BWC footage investigative records, and, therefore, do not release it other than in exceptional cases, or when required by law or court order; and,
- allow officers to view BWC footage prior to writing their reports and/or providing statements.

IACP's legal analysis resulted in several recommendations to comply with the recently enacted "transparency" statutes passed by the California Legislature affecting the use of law enforcement BWCs. SB1421 (effective 1-1-19) amends the State Penal Code to remove previous confidentiality protections for four types of peace officer personnel records: sustained allegations of dishonesty or sexual battery, officer-involved shootings, and uses of force involving great bodily injury. AB721 (effective 7-1-19) amends the Government Code to provide specific guidelines for the disclosure of audio/video (BWC) recordings of all "critical incidents"; as defined by statute, incidents like deputy-involved shootings. The text of the legislation is included in Appendices IV (SB1421) and V (AB748) of this report.

The analysis recommends that the LASD BWC policy:

- maintain that the LASD should retain the sole discretion to publicly release any portion of BWC footage except in those cases where disclosure is required by law;
- should, in response to any written request under the Public Records Act (PRA), require
 the release of LASD BWC video and audio recordings of any critical incident within ten
 (10) days unless certain conditions apply (in these cases the release can be delayed up
 to a year providing certain steps are taken);
- should allow deputies a certain amount of discretion in their use of BWCs; and,
- should allow deputies to review BWC footage prior to writing their reports and/or providing statements.

Implementation Recommendations

As the LASD BWC Program plan is understood through interviews and the review of pertinent documents, IACP makes the following key implementation recommendations (other recommendations are found in the *Discussion of Recommendations* section of this report):

- 1. The anticipated LASD BWC Plan should be considered adequate with a funding level of \$20,221,762 onetime costs and \$14,169,223 ongoing (not adjusted for future increases in salary and benefit costs). This represents 33 new full-time employees, overtime, training costs, adequate technology upgrades, and requisite hardware purchases. An adequate financial reserve (\$2-3 million) should be considered essential in FY2019-20 to address unforeseeable legislative, judicial, operational, and societal impacts. A similar reserve will be important in each subsequent fiscal year until it is clear the program has stabilized and the state legislative intention in this area of policing is clear.
- 2. The staffing and adequate resourcing of the other County entities affected by the LASD BWC Program should be considered essential to the success of the program. This will ensure that the impacts of the BWC program are mitigated and its benefits are optimized county-wide. This should include personnel, technology, infrastructure, and equipment. Consideration should also be given to the unique requirements the justice agencies have for evidence retention, such as BWC footage would have to be preserved for the life of the defendant/client.
- 3. LASD should form an internal users' group representing affected department personnel, and an external advisory committee representing affected County departments and oversight bodies, to adjust policy and practice as operational experience is gained from the use of BWCs.
- 4. Planning should begin as soon as possible for an evaluation(s) of the BWC program. As part of this planning process, an agreement should be reached among the key stakeholders regarding what metrics will be used to measure program performance. The evaluation(s) will be driven by how stakeholders define the program's success. The Sample Indicators of Success included in this report's Appendix I can serve as a starting point for planning and discussions.
- 5. Appropriate BWC training should be developed and conducted for all affected personnel in the LASD, DA, PD, APD, and any other County department offices, commissions or advisory bodies affected by the implementation of BWCs.
 - In addition, some form of public education about the BWC program should be developed to facilitate the public's understanding of the purpose of the program, how BWCs are used, what their limitations are, and their value in advancing transparency, accountability, and the administration of justice.

6. LASD should take proactive steps through appropriate department messaging, clear policy development, leadership accountability, and program oversight to ensure that the department does not unintentionally allow some supervisors to use BWC footage to target employees for minor policy violations. The LASD should address when supervisors will be allowed to view BWC footage and any related limitations.¹

¹ For additional discussion, see the IACP Policy Center documents on Body-Worn Cameras.

INTRODUCTION

The President's Task Force on 21st Century Policing created a framework for policing called "21st Century Policing," which is generally defined as a philosophical orientation to policing that focuses on effective crime reduction while simultaneously building public trust. One area of focus for the Task Force was the use of BWCs in policing. The Task Force's report led the way for federal urging and assistance to implement BWCs nationwide. Congress appropriated funds to assist agencies in acquiring BWC systems, and various agencies within the United States Department of Justice (USDOJ) developed BWC funding and technical assistance programs.

Today, thousands of policing organizations now deploy BWCs. In addition, the private sector has taken note of the dramatic increase in policing's interest in BWCs, in terms of product offerings, technology advances, and training. There are now multiple vendors for BWCs, and many private training opportunities to learn about best BWC practices.

A national coherence around BWCs is slowly developing. At the outset, there was a wide variance in BWC policies and practices around the country. As more and more agencies have implemented BWCs, identifiable promising practices have emerged. This report, and those previously produced by LASD project staff, the Office of Inspector General, and the Civilian Oversight Commission, capture the key practices on BWCs.

Policing does not exist in a vacuum, it is connected to other parts of the criminal justice system, to local government, and to communities. When something as potentially impactful as BWCs is introduced to a policing agency, it will affect other parts of the justice system, government, and communities. As such, consideration must be given to ensuring that, in trying to advance and reform one part of the ecosystem, unintentional harm is not done to another. Therefore, adequate personnel and resources, shared stakeholder knowledge, collaboration, transparency, and accountability are all critical pieces of an effective BWC implementation.

Fortunately, LASD and the County have the ability to ensure that the LASD program under consideration is implemented and operated in a manner that balances a multitude of interests and leverages the taxpayer investment in public safety.

IACP'S SCOPE OF WORK

In January 2019, the County of Los Angeles contracted with the International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) to conduct a review of the body-worn camera (BWC) program as proposed by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department (LASD). Specifically, the County asked IACP to:

- validate LASD's proposed BWC policies and procedures;
- reflect on organizational capabilities, national promising practices, lessons learned by other agencies, and community and stakeholder input; and
- include metrics to quantify the impact of BWCs on operations, workload, budget, civil claims, and the community.

In late January, the IACP team began its work by reviewing LA County BWC-related documents and pertinent BWC literature, and interviewing multiple stakeholders and other police agencies that had successfully implemented BWC programs. The stakeholders interviewed included Sheriff Villanueva and representatives of the Board of Supervisors (BOS), Chief Executive Office, County Counsel, LASD Executive staff, District Attorney (DA), Public Defender (PD), Alternate Public Defender (APD), Association of Los Angeles Deputy Sheriffs (ALADS), Professional Peace Officer Association (PPOA), Office of the Inspector General (OIG), and the Civilian Oversight Commission (COC). Community representatives as identified by the BOS were also interviewed.

The team also spent a considerable amount of time with LASD project personnel to gain an indepth understanding of what will be proposed in the final LASD plan and BWC policy.

Finally, the IACP team conducted a legal analysis on current California BWC-related legislation to identify key components that the final LASD BWC policy should include and an examination of proposed LASD plans to offer an opinion about the proposed BWC budget.

The IACP team was not able to review the final LASD BWC policy, implementation plan, budget or project management plan as they are still being finalized. Through interviews and review of the previously BWC plan and policies LASD leadership deem relevant, the IACP team was able to make assumptions about critical aspects of the final implementation plan and policy. These assumptions are reflected in the findings and recommendations articulated in this report.

This report's literature review, summary of BWC promising practices, legal analysis, and BWC program recommendations are all made with an understanding of eventual BWC-related LASD operations and policy. If substantial changes are made in the final plan or policy, then this report's recommendations should be viewed accordingly.

Review of Pertinent Literature, Promising Practices, and Lessons Learned

IACP conducted an extensive review of the literature pertinent to BWC research and identifying best or most prevalent practices in the use of law enforcement body-worn cameras. In addition, five policing agencies currently using BWCs were contacted to determine if there were lessons learned that were not reflected in published literature.

Review of Pertinent Literature

Numerous research studies have been conducted on law enforcement use of BWCs. These research efforts on the impact of BWCs vary as to scientific rigor and identification of confounding effects that may have impacted the causal relationships between BWCs and observed outcomes. The conclusions of these studies are not always clear and/or consistent regarding potential benefits of BWCs. In addition, there remains a wide range of BWC variables yet to be studied. A wide breadth of potential unintended consequences, operational impacts on officer time, indirect costs associated with BWCs, the impact on the job satisfaction of policing's workforce, and a better understanding of preventable error are all examples of potential research topics BWCs may facilitate.²

Survey of Law Enforcement Agencies

It is challenging to directly compare the operations of other policing agencies to those of the LASD in an attempt to draw conclusions about what LASD "should do" relative to BWCs. The scope of LASD operations includes policing in urban, suburban, and rural environments. It includes policing an island and in hospitals, parks, and transportation systems. The LASD operates the largest county-level correctional system in the country. And it employs more sworn, civilian, and volunteer members than any other sheriff's department in America.

In their research into BWCs, the OIG analyzed the BWC policies of the Philadelphia SEPTA Transit Police Department, the Delaware County Sheriff's Office (OH), and the police departments in Los Angeles, Seattle, Las Vegas and Denver. The COC interviewed representatives from the Los Angeles, Spokane (WA) and Wichita (KS) police department's regarding the BWC experiences of those agencies. The COC also interviewed two researchers and a policy expert regarding their knowledge of scientific outcomes and best practices for BWCs. This important information was reviewed and considered by the IACP team.

During its review of promising practices and lessons learned, the IACP team contacted BWC program experts in the following law enforcement agencies:

- 1. The Los Angeles, California, Police Department
- 2. The Seattle, Washington, Police Department

² For a comprehensive review of existing BWC research, please see Cynthia Lum et al., "The Research on Body-Worn Cameras: What We Know, What We Need to Know," *Criminology and Public Policy* (forthcoming, 2019).

- 3. The Arlington, Texas, Police Department
- 4. The Ventura, California, Police Department
- 5. The Ventura County, California, Sheriff's Office

During its interviews with the department representatives, the IACP team discerned multiple commonalities in the methodologies the agencies used to research and develop their BWC programs, the identification of what they considered best practices, and the lessons they learned. Their information is synthesized in the following section. In every instance, their observations were consistent with the lessons identified in IACP's literature review and its own experience. This is not surprising given the significant level of policing interest in BWCs, the volume of BWC publications that have been produced, the number of BWC seminars that have been held in recent years, and the manner in which American law enforcement shares its most important lessons regarding critical issues like BWCs. Finally, none of the experts indicated they needed to return to their governing bodies for additional funds to implement their programs.

Any attempt to use another policing agency as an example of how LASD "should" do a particular task should be limited to those operational and policy promising practices that can be generalized to large policing organizations. A strong emphasis should be placed on specific, measurable outcomes which LA County policymakers, the Sheriff, members of LASD, and the people of Los Angeles County desire from LASD's implementation of its BWC program.

What constitutes a "best practice" relative to BWCs is a subjective term. For example, both allowing and prohibiting officers from viewing BWC footage, prior to providing statements, are deemed by policy organizations with different political leanings as "best" practice. Because of this subjectivity, perhaps what the majority of policing organizations do in this regard should be referred to as "most prevalent" rather than "best" as a descriptor relating to BWC policy and practice.

Key Promising Practices, Lessons Learned, and Policy Recommendations suggested by the Surveyed Law Enforcement Agencies

The following "lessons" were articulated by each of the surveyed agencies:

- Implementation planning should incorporate an adequate number of fulltime personnel and should be conducted with substantial input, review of other BWC implementation experiences, and significant input from key stakeholders.
- 2. Staffing models should have flexibility in personnel classification to assist the agency in a smooth implementation of the BWC program. This is a vitally important issue when implementing complicated technology projects like BWCs. Consistently, agencies found unexpected issues arose during the implementation and early phases of the projects that necessitated a degree of flexibility in the classification of staff positions they needed to ensure an effective implementation.

- 3. Policy should be developed with significant input from key stakeholders, written in a clear manner, and provide adequate direction to officers.
- 4. BWC implementations should be accompanied by a comprehensive communications plan. In addition to internal employee-oriented communication and training (further discussed in the LASD's BWC Training Plan section), there should also be an external public-oriented component.
 - The underlying purpose of the BWC program is transparency; therefore, the BWC policy itself should be made available to the public, as was also recommended by the COC. This will increase public understanding of BWCs, reduce frustrated community expectations, and help policymakers better gauge support for the program. Posting the policy on the agency website may be the easiest, most effective way to do so. The outreach should describe the purpose, goals, and broad operational guidelines of the department's BWC program. It is important that the community members understand what BWCs are, what they do, their limitations, and if and how footage captured by the LASD can be accessed by the public.
- 5. Allowing officers to review BWC footage prior to writing a report or giving a statement is the most controversial aspect of BWC policy – especially after critical incidents. There are valid arguments for and against the practice. All of the surveyed agencies allowed officers to review BWC footage prior to writing their reports. Both the OIG and the COC recommended deputies <u>not</u> be allowed to review BWC footage prior to providing a statement after critical incidents.
- 6. Officers should be directed to activate BWCs at the outset, and stay activated for the entire duration of, all enforcement activities and other appropriate or required circumstances for activation. Officers should also be required to state on video and/or in their reports when they cease recording before the completion of the pertinent activities (this was recommended by both the OIG and COC reports). When agencies make clear when they expect their officers to activate BWCs, they have higher compliance rates. This clear direction should be accompanied by accountability measures that are enforced to deal with intentional acts of non-compliance. Agencies that have allowances for unintentional non-activation, or accidental deactivation, enjoy higher levels of organizational legitimacy among their workforces.
- 7. Officers should be allowed some discretion in de-activating BWCs after their activation and be required to complete some form of documentation describing the need to do so (e.g. discussion of tactical or investigative strategies, interviews of confidential informants or reluctant citizens who request deactivation, and discussion of an employee's personal information).

BWC policy should articulate responsibilities in a way that allows employees to understand the parameters of their required actions in any situation within the context of organizational values, intent and practice, and the framework of law and legislative intent. Organizational policy cannot account for every unique set of circumstances police officers face in the course of carrying out their duties.

- 8. The places in which BWC usage is generally prohibited should be identified. Bathrooms, employee locker rooms, or locations where individuals have a reasonable expectation of privacy are typical examples.
- 9. Officers are prohibited from using their personally owned BWCs (this is also a policy recommendation of the COC).
- 10. The majority of police agencies consider most BWC footage investigative records and do not release it, except in exceptional cases or when required by law or court order. There is a balance that must be achieved between what is practical and affordable and the need for transparency in police operations.
- 11. To keep costs as low as possible, and officer availability as high as possible, BWC-equipped officers must have remote access to the BWC system to tag their footage after each incident in which the BWCs are activated. The technology most frequently used is smartphones, but in some cases, departments have BWCs that are integrated into their computer aided dispatch system (CAD), so they are able to use their in-car mobile data consoles (MDCs) to add the requisite metadata. Without some form of remote connectivity, officers are required to either return to the station after each call or spend time at the end of their shift to view footage and add the metadata. This latter circumstance can result in wasted productivity as officers wait for bandwidth and accrual of overtime pay that increases the cost of the BWC program.

Agencies that issued their officers smartphones also realized the added benefit of their connectivity to all of the data systems they need to access to do their job. Using smartphones, they can access those systems without having to return to the station. This keeps them in-the-field, visible to the public, and available for other calls. In the LAPD, the issuance of smartphones is part of their "Connected Officer Initiative" which is intended to connect them to the data systems used daily.

12. Agencies using BWCs should have a succession plan to disengage from the vendor supplying them with BWCs. Sometimes vendors go bankrupt, change their systems in unacceptable ways, or lose the confidence of the agency leadership. Planning for this possibility means the agency is provided with options relative to their BWC footage and data.

13. Sworn officers are usually the most expensive class of employees in a police organization. BWC-equipped departments can reduce their costs by using civilian employees in their BWC program wherever possible. Each agency is different and have varying degrees of acceptance for civilian employees used in this manner. Policing organizations implementing BWCs should consider employing civilians as often as possible, in whatever ways the organization considers appropriate.

DISCUSSION OF KEY ISSUES

Purpose of BWCs

During the IACP team interviews with the various identified stakeholders, it became clear that there are several views regarding the purpose of the LASD's BWC system. Among these were: increased deputy accountability, increased LASD transparency, enhanced relationships with the communities the police protect, a reduction in complaints and uses-of-force, increased exoneration of deputies, better evidence in criminal and civil cases, and reduction in settlement costs related to civil litigation. Some individuals expressed adamant opposition to the possibility of BWCs being used to increase surveillance of vulnerable communities.

Successful policing programs often address a multitude of issues, interests, and concerns held by a variety of stakeholders. This collective understanding of the program's rationale is fundamental to a future determination of whether it was successful. It is also directly connected to future policy development and technological purchase and implementation decisions.

Accordingly, it is important that department policy, training, internal messaging, and public messaging by the department and policymakers is clear and consistent. This requires an agreement among organizational leaders about why the BWC program is being pursued. In the case of LA County, this will require the Sheriff and BOS to publicly articulate the key points as to why BWCs are being implemented at LASD.

The Importance of BWC Policy

The importance of clear, competent policy in policing cannot be understated. It informs employees of procedures to be followed, what is mandated and prohibited, where they have discretion, and is directly connected to building trust and confidence in the police. BWC policy is especially important because of the wide range of public-interest issues it covers. Both the OIG and COC BWC reports highlight the importance of policy in a successful BWC program and made important contributions to this discussion.

The LASD BWC planning staff has done an excellent job of reviewing evolving policy, practice, lessons learned, and legislation in preparing its original plan and modifying its current efforts. It is now the responsibility of those involved in the final adoption of LASD BWC policy to ensure the department's policy reflects the efforts of its staff, public input, and the recommendations contained within this report.

Some of the more important issues BWC policy should address include:

- the purpose for which BWCs are being implemented;
- when BWCs should be activated and when employees are allowed discretion to activate/deactivate their cameras;

- where BWCs should be restricted or prohibited;
- under what circumstances the BWCs may be deactivated and what documentation of the deactivation must be completed;
- community member notification of recording/consent to record;
- officer/deputy review of BWC footage;
- supervisory review of BWC footage when allowed and mandated;
- recording of interviews;
- guidelines for who can view footage;
- prohibitions against modifying footage;
- prohibitions against the use of personal body cameras;
- requirements for audits of BWC usage and policy compliance;
- release of BWC footage to the public; and,
- retention of footage.

OIG and COC Contributions to LASD BWC Policy Development

The OIG and the COC have expended considerable effort in researching policing's use of BWCs. Both conducted extensive research into the efficacy of BWCs and the experience of implementing them. The COC also conducted a valuable community survey which shed light on the public's opinion of LASD's use of BWCs. As a result, the OIG and the COC have developed several recommendations that the LASD would be well-served in considering as it finalizes its BWC policy. The COC also identified several findings that are themselves insightful and useful in finalizing LASD policy and procedures.

The key OIG policy recommendations are (summarized):

- 1. Deputies should activate their BWCs when engaged in law enforcement actions and other actions deputies deem appropriate;
- 2. Deputies should not be required to obtain consent from citizens when the deputy is entering a location for a legitimate of necessary law enforcement purpose;
- 3. Deputies should record all statements of witnesses or victims unless doing so would compromise the deputies' ability to perform their duties;
- 4. Deputies should have the discretion to record informants if they deem it necessary;
- 5. Deputies should record citizen encounters until their completion and should be required to articulate their reasoning in writing or on camera if they fail to record an activity as required by policy;
- 6. Deputies should be encouraged to notify civilians that encounters are being recorded when appropriate; and,

7. In use-of-force cases, deputies should be required to write their reports before viewing video footage.

The COC's key findings are (summarized):

- BWCs will likely reduce all use-of-force by LASD deputies but especially "excessive and unnecessary" use-of-force;
- BWCs will likely reduce, by a "substantial" amount, LA County expenditures in judgements and settlements relative to claims of LASD deputies' use-of-force;
- 3. BWCs will likely reduce the number of civilian complaints against deputies and the costs of resolving complaints;
- 4. The behavior of LASD deputies and civilians interacting with deputies will likely improve;
- 5. Actual and perceived degrees of social justice and the actual and perceived levels of respect and dignity deputies show civilians will likely improve;
- 6. Potential civil unrest may be avoided or reduced as a result of timely release of BWC footage in critical incidents involving LASD deputies; and,
- 7. The quality of evidence used in the criminal justice system will improve, leading to better prosecutorial decisions, increased reliability and better results achieved based on the facts.

The COC's key recommendations are (summarized):

- 1. The Sheriff should make his BWC policies accessible to the public;
- 2. Deputies should be required to activate their BWCs prior to all enforcement activity involving a member of the public with exceptions being limited and clearly defined;
- 3. Deputies should de-activate their BWCs only at the completion of the enforcement interaction;
- 4. Deputies should be prohibited from altering or editing BWC footage;
- 5. In cases involving LASD deputies use of deadly force, deputies should not be allowed to view BWC footage until after providing an initial statement;
- 6. All deputies issued BWCs should receive adequate training in the operation of the cameras and LASD BWC policy;
- LASD should make clear to its workforce that violations of BWC policy are subject to disciplinary action;
- 8. Deputies should be prohibited from using privately owned BWCs on-duty;
- 9. The LASD should conduct regular internal audits to ensure compliance with BWC policy;
- The Sheriff should release BWC video of deputy-involved-shootings and serious use of force within 30 days of the incident;

- 11. BWC footage not used for training purposes, ongoing investigations, court or disciplinary proceedings should not be retained for more than 6 months;
- 12. Facial recognition technology should not be used in conjunction with BWCs;
- 13. Deputies should be encouraged to notify persons that they are being recorded when safe and practical to do so; and,
- 14. The LASD should conduct a public education campaign designed to educate the public on the benefits and limitations of BWCs.

The results of the COC community survey of 2,324 LA County residents found that the majority of respondents:

- 1. Supported the use of LASD-issued BWCs by deputies;
- 2. Opposed giving deputies discretion when to record or not record;
- 3. Supported clear policies stating when to activate the cameras;
- 4. Supported deputy notification of civilians they encounter of BWC recordings; and,
- Supported recordings being released to the public.

Transparency and Accountability of BWC Programs

In practically every case of BWC implementation, the issues of transparency and accountability arise. This is especially true as they relate to department policy and practice relating to camera activation and de-activation and the viewing, release, and retention of camera footage.

One of the pitfalls many policing agencies fall into is assuming that a community's sense of trust and confidence in the police, and all its many variables, are subject to technological solutions. While technology may play an important role in establishing community trust, policing is still an intensely interpersonal business. How communities feel about the police officers paid to protect them is the sum total of:

- thousands of interpersonal contacts between officers and citizens;
- how effective police-led crime control strategies prove themselves to be;
- the levels of police use-of-force;
- how the agency holds its members and itself accountable;
- how events involving the police are covered by the media; and,
- how these events are expressed and perpetuated through social media.

Police agencies must constantly work on maintaining or improving their relationship with the multitude of communities they serve. BWC programs that are effective at increasing public trust and confidence usually are implemented within the framework of a positive police-community relationship. If that does not exist, policing leaders must take proactive steps to address this at the same time they work to implement their BWC program.

A simple first step a BWC policing agency can take is making its BWC policy publicly available on its website. This was a recommendation of the COC (Recommendation 4). In addition, the inclusion of a brief explanation of the process by which the policy was developed adds transparency (i.e. stakeholder input was sought, promising practices were examined, legislation was considered).

Policing agencies can also publish reports on the status of the BWC program. Using collected data, agencies can help the public understand the scope of the program, the work involved to maintain it, and what benefit is being realized. In this manner, agencies can enhance their transparency and public understanding of the complicated nature of BWC programs.

Increasingly, policing organizations are creating public "critical incident briefings," in which a critical incident, like an officer-involved shooting, is explained from the agency's perspective. They are usually taped and put on the organization's website or YouTube channel. They may be very informative, especially relative to the undisputed facts of the case, usually have a narrator, and frequently feature BWC footage that has been edited for brevity.

Today, these critical incident briefings are mainly produced by agencies with significant resources, and they have been met with both positive and negative reactions. Many people feel they are a significant step forward in terms of transparency. However, there are also some who feel that they are more about promoting the agency's image and version of events rather than transparency. This is especially true if the agency edits the BWC footage and does not make the original, unedited version also available for people to judge for themselves if the editing was done for brevity or self-promotion. This sentiment may be exacerbated if only the legally "justified" incidents are briefed and those which are more problematic for the police are excluded.

Organizational accountability is demonstrated by competent policy that is enforced. In addition, routine, random supervisory audits of BWC footage may reveal alignment or deficiencies in workforce behavior and their training, organizational values, and leadership expectations. If deficiencies are noted, there is an opportunity for inward reflection, renewed messaging, policy revision, or remedial training.

Another step policing agencies can take to increase program transparency and accountability is related to releasing BWC footage to the public. While this may appear to be a rather straightforward issue, exposure to civil liability, the significant cost of current redaction methods, and determining how the public may view raw BWC footage without situational context make this a complicated issue. This is covered more thoroughly under the subsequent heading "Release of BWC Footage to the Public."

There are undoubtedly many other strategies police agencies may use to increase transparency and accountability. LASD is encouraged to focus on these issues and develop as many strategies

as feasible to increase the public sense of legitimacy in its programs and with its own workforce.

Legal Analysis

As part of this consulting process, the IACP employed the services of one of California's leading police policy experts whose practice is focused on defending public policing entities in civil litigation. Accordingly, he is an expert at balancing a public entity's desire for transparency and accountability and protecting taxpayer interests in police-related lawsuits. IACP recommends LASD follow his BWC-related recommendations which are found in Appendix III of this report.

The legal analysis resulted in several recommendations to comply with the recently enacted "transparency" statutes passed by the California Legislature affecting the use of law enforcement BWCs. SB1421 (effective 1-1-19) amends the State Penal Code to remove previous confidentiality protections for four types of peace officer personnel records: sustained allegations of dishonesty or sexual battery, officer-involved shootings, and uses of force involving great bodily injury. AB721 (effective 7-1-19) amends the Government Code to provide specific guidelines for the disclosure of audio/video (BWC) recordings of all "critical incidents".

In the context of releasing BWC footage, critical incidents are defined as:

- Any incident involving the discharge of a firearm at a person by a deputy (or security officer).
- Any incident involving a strike with an impact weapon or projectile to the head or neck.
- Any incident in which the use of force by a deputy (or security officer) of a person by a
 deputy (or security officer) against a person results in death or serious bodily injury,
 including, but not limited to, loss of consciousness, concussion, bone fracture,
 protracted loss or impairment of function of any bodily member or organ, a wound
 requiring extensive suturing, and serious disfigurement.
- The death of any arrestee or detainee in custody.

The following summarizes the legal analysis into relevant recommendations that should be included in the LASD BWC policy to ensure compliance with pertinent state law:

- 1. The LASD should retain the sole discretion to publicly release any portion of BWC footage under any of the following conditions:
 - a. It is determined that the release of any portion of such BWC recordings may assist with the furtherance of an ongoing investigation. This allows the LASD to exercise its discretion in releasing BWC recordings and other materials in the interest of transparency and/or when such early releases may serve to dispel rumors and/or educate the public.

- b. It is determined that the release of any portion of such BWC recordings may serve to dispel erroneous or inaccurate information in the public domain or may otherwise serve to educate the public without interfering with any ongoing investigation.
- 2. In response to any written request under the PRA, LASD BWC video and audio recordings of any critical incident should be subject to release within ten (10) days. However, the following conditions are among a few limited exceptions:
 - a. If the facts and circumstances depicted in any recording would substantially interfere with any active criminal or administrative investigation, disclosure may be delayed for up to 45 calendar days. If, after 45 days, it is determined that the release of any recording would continue to substantially interfere with any active criminal or administrative investigation, disclosure may be further delayed up to one year with written notice to the requester of the specific basis for the further delay and an estimated date for disclosure.
 - b. The Department may or may not wish to include examples of circumstances which might trigger a reasonable expectation of privacy such as sexual assault victims, domestic violence victims, confidential informants, etc. If not set forth in policy, these examples should be addressed in training.

The analysis highlights the importance of providing deputies with a degree of discretion regarding their use of BWCs through its emphasis on the use of the word "should" (some discretion) vs "shall" (no discretion) in policing policy. In part, the analysis states:

While it might sometimes be necessary to mandate certain behavior, the unpredictable variables of law enforcement often box agencies into unrealistically mandated actions when appropriate exceptions may inevitably arise. In order to allow for such exceptions, it is recommended that limited discretion be permitted through the use of qualifying "should" language. Whether limited to this policy or on a broader scale, "should" is generally defined as conduct which is required unless the deputy is able to meet his/her burden of articulating reasonable justification for non-compliance. This permits the agency to enforce the policy while still allowing for inevitable exceptions.

The analysis also briefly examines the LAPD BWC policy and its potential for helping develop the LASD's BWC policy. It examines the importance of the activation/deactivation issue, and, in part, states:

While LAPD does a reasonable job of addressing BWC activation and deactivation, care should be exercised to allow for exceptions and discretion in both instances. For example, while the LAPD policy essentially requires the BWC to remain activated until an incident ends, consideration should be given to

situations in which tactical circumstances may warrant temporary de-activation for officer safety, confidentiality, etc. If, of course, such exceptions are provided, the involved deputy(ies) should be required to announce the de-activation with a brief explanation.

The analysis also examines the issue of whether deputies should be allowed to review BWC footage prior to writing their reports or providing statements. It recommends that deputies be allowed to review the footage and cites the LAPD policy of allowing its officers to do so as a "best practice." The analysis recommends this policy not only for critical incidents, but for all situations in which deputies provide a report or statement and BWC footage is available. In part, it states:

While deputies may attempt to quote a suspect or witness verbatim in a report, this should never be done without first confirming the exact language being quoted. Far too many deputies have been accused of perjury when their reports/statements fail to precisely conform to a recording. Simple solution: Take a few minutes to review all recordings before writing any report or providing a formal statement.

Although no deputy should attempt to conform his/her report or statement to what is depicted in a recording, it is essential that the deputy understand the "totality of the circumstances" (e.g. Graham v. Connor) before attempting to accurately recall an often stressful situation. This is far superior to allowing a deputy to "guess" what may have occurred, only later to have his/her credibility challenged when a recording suggests otherwise.

As the United States Supreme Court noted in Scott v. Harris, a video recording corroborating a deputy's version of an incident may serve to completely discredit claims of anyone to the contrary. With the increasing prevalence of BWC video, many state and federal courts are now dismissing lawsuits without the need for costly trials in light of the undisputed facts depicted in these recordings.

Additional aspects of this issue are discussed in the Deputy Review of BWC Footage section of this report.

Deputy Discretion to Record

Police officers require a significant degree of discretion to act within the parameters of the law, department policy, and community expectations. Officers encounter so many variables in carrying out their duties that it is impossible to create policy to address every unique situation.

To address this challenge, policing agencies create policy and training that establish the parameters for procedure and conduct. These must be clear and concise enough to facilitate

compliance and provide sufficient guidance to officers for them to appropriately adapt to each unique situation in their ever-changing environment.

This is the case with officers' discretion regarding the activation of BWCs. Competent BWC policy gives officers clear direction as to when they are required to activate the BWC and when they have discretion. Generally, officers are directed to activate their cameras at the beginning of all enforcement situations and can de-activate them either when the event is substantially over or not until it is completely over. Both of these options have benefits and challenges associated with them. While there is a fairly clear coherence about when to activate BWCs (e.g. at the beginning of calls of enforcement actions), there is debate regarding when officers should be instructed to deactivate the BWC.

A policy that allows officer to terminate recording when situations are substantially complete, for example, may result in occasions where important events are missed. Conversely, capturing the entirety of all enforcement actions, or calls-for-service, will result in a phenomenal amount of captured footage, much of it having no real consequence. For every minute of BWC footage recorded, there is potentially an equivalent real-time review by investigators or others. As such, this policy has substantial costs associated with it.

When formulating BWC policy, LASD will need to make allowances for inadvertent failure to activate and for accidental activation. When a police officer is focused on a high stress, lifethreatening incident, he or she might inadvertently forget to activate their BWC. Conversely, when BWCs are introduced, at least initially, there will be accidental activations. However, when a deputy demonstrates a pattern of failures to activate, or accidental activations, supervisory intervention is necessitated.

Eventually, technology will provide some assistance to these problems with BWC activations. Until then, policy, training and accountability measures will have to ensure BWCs are activated when appropriate. Examples of BWC system capabilities include, or will shortly include, the ability to automatically activate when:

- an officer's sidearm or electronic control device is drawn;
- gunshots are detected;
- designated calls-for-service are dispatched via the department's computer-aided dispatch system (CAD);
- remote intervention is directed by supervision;
- certain key words, with key inflections, are uttered (i.e. "put your hands up!"); and
- an officer is experiencing elevated biometric indications.

Regardless of the policy decision made about BWC activations, considerations about perceptions of transparency and accountability must be balanced with the affordability and practicality of data collection and storage.

Notification of Recording

It is commonly accepted that people behave better when they believe they are being watched. However, this only applies if people know they are being watched or recorded, and as a result, believe their behavior may be scrutinized. The most prevalent policing practice is to encourage officers to notify people when they are being recorded. However, there are situations when it is impractical, risky, or simply impossible to notify individuals when they are being recorded, and agency policy should take this into account.

Deputy Review of BWC Footage

There are few BWC issues as potentially contentious as the issue about whether police officers should be allowed to review their BWC footage prior to writing reports or providing statements. This is an extremely subjective issue. Where one stands on police reform, community-police relations, police use-of-force, and police legitimacy can affect how officer access to BWC footage before writing reports is viewed. Both the OIG and COC BWC reports recommend not allowing involved deputies to review BWC footage in critical incidents until they have written a preliminary report or given a statement.

Due to the lack of consistent research in this area and the controversy surrounding this aspect of BWC policy, the IACP does not take a definitive stance on this issue, but instead, recommends that the LASD consider input from all stakeholders in this area. It is the IACP team's understanding that the LASD's finalized BWC policy will allow deputies to review BWC footage prior to writing a report or providing a statement in the majority of cases.

Many of the stakeholders whom the IACP team interviewed, along with the documents the team reviewed, referenced the LAPD's BWC implementation and policies as examples of promising or best practices. To be clear, LAPD's policy mandates its officers <u>are required</u> to review BWC footage prior to making statements or writing reports (LAPD Special Order No. 12, 8-28-15). In the case of critical incidents like officer-involved-shootings, officers review BWC footage after gaining approval from designated investigators on the case.

Allowing Deputies to View Footage

The arguments for allowing police officers to review BWC footage generally emphasize the value of footage helping officers more clearly recall the incident, which in turn, leads to more accurate documentation of the incident. In addition, if a jury or administrative body detects a discrepancy between the officer's report and the BWC footage — that may be the result of a lack of recollection — inconsistencies might be perceived that could damage the case or unfairly imply the officer is being dishonest.

The IACP team believes strongly that if LASD deputies are not afforded an opportunity to review BWC footage, the long-standing practice of deputies providing voluntary statements to criminal

investigators, after they have been involved in a critical incident like a deputy-involved shooting will cease in many instances. The deputies' unions have expressed the belief that not allowing deputies to review the footage puts them unreasonably at-risk of criminal prosecutions if their recollection of events differs from what appears to be depicted in the BWC footage. An end to voluntary statements will create significant challenges for investigators and prosecutors alike. There will likely be damage to the public's trust and confidence in the department. And the costs of civil litigation may increase.

Not Allowing Deputies to View Footage

Among the key points of the opposition to officers viewing BWC footage prior to providing a statement are that viewing the footage (see OIG and COC BWC reports for additional discussion of this issue):

- does not improve the officer's recollection of the incident;
- may contaminate the officer's memory;
- may result in the loss of important observations made by the officer that are not captured on the BWC;
- provides the means for the officer's report to conform to what the footage shows; and,
- may facilitate an officer's justification for misconduct captured by the BWC.

Release of BWC Footage to the Public

The transparency of BWC programs can manifest in several ways. One option to promote transparency is to release all BWC footage a law enforcement agency collects. At LASD, however, current technological constraints necessitate huge investments in personnel to ensure proper redaction of sensitive identifying information. The state of BWC footage redaction today is extremely labor intensive, requiring staff to go "frame-by-frame" to ensure required privacy and confidentiality are maintained.

If the LASD were to release all of its BWC footage, the personnel requirements would increase exponentially from what is currently being proposed. All released footage must first be reviewed and aspects of it redacted if necessary. For all of the LASD BWC footage that will be captured to be reviewed and redacted, the County could be required to add in excess of 100 new employees to the department. As it is, once the impact of California's recently enacted police transparency laws is realized, LASD may be required to add some additional employees. LAPD, for instance, is adding 40 new employees over the next two fiscal years just to address the added workload as the result of the new California laws. It is IACP's understanding that LASD is already adding staff to its "Discovery Unit" in the Risk Management Bureau that may be sufficient to cover the added burden of recently enacted legislation.

In addition, it is the IACP team's understanding that LASD, like LAPD and most other California policing agencies using BWCs, will consider BWC footage investigative material and therefore

excluded from release pursuant to the California Public Record Act (PRA) except as now required by SB1421 and AB748. Policymakers must balance the need for transparency of the LASD BWC program with the affordability and practicality of releasing BWC footage; protecting the privacy of victims, witnesses, and other recorded individuals; and building and maintaining the trust of the community. Compliance with the newly enacted state law and the balance between transparency and affordability/practicality should be achieved by adoption of the aforementioned recommended conditions for release of BWC footage.

In its BWC report, the COC recommended the release of BWC footage in critical incidents within 30 days of the incident. Current state law (AB748 effective 7-1-19) outlines the release requirements for this footage. While the time requirements may not be the 30 days recommended by the COC, the timely release required by the law is consistent with the spirit of the COC recommendations. Time will tell if current law if effective at achieving its intended transparency and accountable goals.

NOTE: Many of the stakeholders the IACP team interviewed and the documents the team reviewed made reference to LAPD's BWC implementation and policies as examples of promising practice. To be clear, under its current policy, the LAPD considers its BWC footage investigative material and not subject to release under California law — with the exceptions pursuant to discovery and under the new guidelines of recently enacted SB1421 and AB748 legislation.

Facial Detection vs Facial Recognition

In the discussion of BWCs, it is important to distinguish between facial *detection* and facial *recognition*. Facial detection is the process by which a form of artificial intelligence is used to detect if human faces are present in an image or video. This is not facial recognition. Facial recognition uses biometric technology to try and identify whose face it is that has been detected. The confusion surrounding the use of these terms is understandable as facial recognition can be broadly considered a subset of facial detection (in order for an algorithm to "identify/recognize" an individual via his or her face it must first "detect" his or her face in the image). It is crucial that the differences between these two concepts be acknowledged because of the useful and appropriate impact facial *detection* has on the BWC footage redaction/public release process.

A primary focus of many BWC companies is on automating their redaction process through the detection of faces (not identification of individuals), license plates, and mobile data computer screens. This has the potential for dramatically reducing the workload of BWC program personnel (by perhaps as much as 80%). It will be important as LA County moves forward with the LASD BWC program that automated redaction through facial detection is emphasized as a purchasing requirement.

Body worn camera technology that employs some form of facial recognition capability represents clear privacy concerns. Studies have shown significant challenges with current facial recognition technology in terms of accuracy and bias. In its report on the previous LASD BWC program, the COC commented on this and recommended against the use of facial recognition in the LASD BWCs. As this technology advances to a point where it may be offered by the BWC vendor the County selects, further consideration about the appropriate use of facial recognition by LASD should be conducted. If the LASD considers facial recognition in its BWC sometime in the future, it will be important for it to consult with the COC and obtain input for the community about its sentiment regarding the use of the technology.

LASD IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Comparison of the Previous and Current BWC Plans

One of the central questions about the LASD BWC Program is the inevitable comparison between the one submitted to the County under the previous LASD administration and the staffing and budgetary requirements tentatively proposed by the current LASD administration. The significant difference between the two plans turns on three key policy decisions that have driven the planning for the current approach:

- 1. The deployment of BWC personnel in a centralized model;
- 2. A policy decision to allow investigators the discretion to decide what BWC footage they review that is connected to the cases they are assigned; and,
- 3. A policy decision to release only the BWC footage that is required by law.

The current plan, as understood through discussions with LASD staff and review of relevant documents, places the staff responsible for coordinating the department's BWC policy and practice in just two locations: at yet-to-be-determined sites in the LA Basin and in the Antelope Valley (the latter is due to the significant distance from the department's main facilities). This has the advantages of consistency in application of policy and practice, requiring fewer personnel and is significantly less expensive than deploying personnel to each station. The previous plan had BWC staff at each patrol station.

In addition, the current plan gives investigators the discretion in deciding what BWC footage they must review. This reflects the most prevalent, and fiscally responsible, practice in policing agencies using BWCs. The previous plan mandated investigators review a portion of <u>all BWC</u> footage associated with the cases they were assigned. This would have resulted in a substantial addition to their workload and required either the addition of more investigators to handle the same number of cases or a reduction in the cases they could be assigned.

And finally, the current plan incorporates a policy of only releasing the BWC footage that is required under law and in response to PRA requests. There may also be occasions where the department determines it is in the public interest to release footage to quell rumors or a lack of clarity about a controversial or newsworthy incident. This practice also reflects the most prevalent practice in policing.

The basic differences between the two plans are illustrated by the following chart.

Current Plan

Previous Plan

Centralized	De-centralized		
Redaction done in just two locations (sites in the LA Basin and Antelope Valley)	BWC personnel assigned to each of the department's stations		
Policy/practices coordinated via central unit	Policy/practices coordinated at each station		
Requires 33 new positions	Required 243 new positions		
Investigators' Discretion When to View	No Investigator Discretion When to View		
Investigators have the discretion as to what footage they need to review based on case specifics	Investigators would have been required to view a portion of all footage for each case they were assigned		
Plan does not envision the requirement for any additional investigators	Required 140 more investigators, or substantial reduction in investigative case loads		
Restricted Release of Footage	Broad Release of Footage		
Only public release per legal PRA requirements	Plan put LASD on a path for release of most video		
Significantly less footage to redact, thereby requiring fewer positions	Massive amount of video required significant personnel to redact		

Current LASD BWC Implementation Plan

Since the beginning of this project, the IACP team has been in discussions with key LASD staff relative to the appropriate staffing levels to implement the BWC program. The IACP team has been consistently impressed with the LASD staff's interest in controlling the costs of the program wherever possible.

Staffing & Budget

The IACP team has expressed concern that the number of personnel originally envisioned in this latest BWC Plan (24) was at the lower range of staffing requirements and thereby more susceptible to unexpected events or factors. This concern notwithstanding, the IACP team is confident the key LASD BWC planning staff is extremely knowledgeable about the LASD organizational culture, its capabilities, and limitations. They have studied BWCs for several years, with an eye toward eventual implementation and have an excellent grasp on what is needed to successfully implement the program. What is unclear is the legislative, judicial, technological, and societal uncertainties that may affect the department's use of BWCs. It is in this area of uncertainty that the IACP team struggled with the proposed addition of 24 new employees in the BWC Unit.

As a result of repeated reviews of the department's staffing needs and several attempts to forecast the number of critical incidents the department might experience, the number of related Public Record Act requests (PRAs), and the overall anticipated impact of recently enacted state legislation (SB1421 and AB748), the number of anticipated fulltime personnel has

been increased to 33. The total startup funds needed has been determined to be \$20,221,762. The on-going cost is estimated to be \$14,169,223 (this has not been adjusted for future increases in salary and benefit costs). The FY2019-20 amount might be reduced due to previous FY 2018-19 investments in technology infrastructure upgrades in five stations.

As a result of interviews and the review of pertinent documents, the IACP team understands the budget will be allocated in the following broad categories:

Category	One-time Start-up	On-going
Services and Supplies	\$12,767,262	\$8,428,223
Capital Assets/Equipment	\$7,139,500	\$0
Personnel	\$315,000	\$5,741,000
Totals	\$20,221,762	\$14,169,223

Note: these figures have not yet been memorialized in a final LASD BWC Program plan

The IACP team agrees with the proposed staffing model and the projected first year program cost as long as an adequate contingency fund is maintained to address unforeseen circumstances. The factors affecting a project as significant as this are numerous. The factors most likely to necessitate accessing a contingency fund are:

- unforeseen facility infrastructure challenges;
- the number of critical incidents subject to recently enacted legislation (deputy-involved shootings, serious use-of-force);
- the number of PRA requests related to critical incidents and the amount of BWC-related footage; and,
- new, unanticipated legislation or court decisions.

Organizational Structure & Responsibilities

The anticipated LASD BWC Plan, as understood through discussions with LASD staff and the review of relevant documents, incorporates the addition of 13 sworn and 20 civilian employees. These new positions will comprise the "Body Camera Unit." This unit will be under the command of a lieutenant and will be part of a of yet-to-be-determined existing Bureau. LASD Bureaus are commanded by a Captain and part of a larger Division commanded by a Chief.

The IACP team believes that the most appropriate organizational assignment for the BWC Unit is within the Detective Division (two of the Unit's Deputies are intended to be assigned to the Fraud and Cyber Crime Bureau within the Detective Division). Clearly, the BWC Unit will have a strong emphasis on technology – but only as a means for collecting and preserving what will be considered evidence (BWC footage) in administrative, civil, or criminal proceedings. These

actions incorporate multiple investigative concepts and practices and are directly connected to the public's trust and confidence in the department.

In a deputy-involved shooting (DIS), for instance, BWC footage captured by a deputy's BWC will be considered evidence in any criminal action arising from the incident. It should be collected and maintained as any other form of evidence is collected in criminal investigations. And now that AB748 requires BWC video in DIS's where a deputy shoots at a person to be released, the public's interest, understanding and judgement about DIS investigations and the veracity of BWC footage will certainly be elevated. It simply makes sense that the time-tested investigative methods and organizational structure used by the department in serious criminal investigations be applied to BWC footage in critical incident investigations.

Positioning the BWC Unit as an evidence collection entity should enhance the public's trust and confidence in the department. Accordingly, the most appropriate assignment for this unit would be in the Division charged with the department's primary investigative responsibilities (the Detective Division). The IACP team finds any other assignment of the BWC Unit to be potentially problematic and worrisome.

The following are examples of the anticipated duties of the BWC Unit:

- managing the deployment of the BWCs;
- overall management and system maintenance of the BWC Program;
- conducting department-wide training in the policy and practice of the LASD BWC program;
- conducting audits for policy compliance;
- evaluating the performance of the BWCs;
- monitoring the BWC Program's progress toward achieving organizational goals;
- recording relevant BWC statistics;
- redacting BWC footage in response to PRAs or other appropriate uses;
- assisting in the production of community briefings relating to critical incidents in which BWC footage is important;
- conducting forensic examinations and analysis of BWC footage;
- responding to critical incidents to collect BWC evidence;
- conducting public education in BWCs; and,
- researching advances in BWC technologies and uses.

The BWC Unit will be divided into four sections that can be thought of as "command," "operations," "administration," and "technical support. Two additional members of the BWC Unit - Deputy Investigators referred to as Bonus II Deputies – will be assigned to the existing

Fraud and Cyber Crime Bureau within the Detective Division to assist with BWC forensics and investigations. The proposed staffing of the BWC unit is as follows:

Command

(1) Lieutenant acting as Unit Commander and Project Manager

Operations

- (4) Sergeants, one each for the North, South, East, and Central Patrol Divisions (the North sergeant will be stationed in the Antelope Valley)
- (1) Operations Assistant III (OAIII) to supervise the Video Forensic Technician OAII's in Headquarters, serve as budget and grant manager
- (1) Operations Assistant III to supervise the Video Forensic Technician OAII's assigned to the Antelope Valley
- (12) Video Forensic Technician Operations Assistant II's (OAII) to conduct compliance audits, footage review, and redaction (two will be stationed in the Antelope Valley)

Administration

- (1) Sergeant serving as Assistant Project Manager and supervisor for BWC issues for the Court Services Division (CSD)
- (1) Sergeant overseeing BWC issues for the Specialized Operations Division (SOD) transit deputies - and the County-Wide Services Division (CWS) parks, hospitals, other county facilities
- (4) Deputy Generalists for operations support and training
- (1) Senior Typist Clerk (STC)
- (2) Law Enforcement Technicians (LET) for maintenance, equipment deliveries, etc.

Technical Support

- (1) Principle Information Systems Analyst (PISA)
- (1) Senior Information Systems Analyst (SISA)
- (1) Network Security Analyst

Criminal Investigation and Technical Analysis (assigned to Fraud and Cyber Crimes Bureau)

(2) Deputy Investigators (Bonus II Deputies) to assist with BWC footage collection and forensic analysis in DIS's or other critical incidents with criminal implications.

The BWC Unit will be centralized in two locations – at yet-to-be-determined sites in the LA Basin and the Antelope Valley. It is important that adequate funds are made available to lease space if existing space in another secure LASD facility is not available.

A final issue in the department's implementation plan is overtime for the BWC Unit. The finalized LASD BWC Program plan will include a budgetary request for overtime. This is an important part of the implementation strategy. The overtime will allow the Unit personnel to:

- respond after hours and on weekends to critical incidents such as deputy-involved shootings to collect and conduct preliminary forensic analysis of BWC footage from involved deputies;
- assist the Discovery Unit in meeting legislative time requirements for PRAs;
- conduct BWC program public education and training session; and,
- attend to a multitude of miscellaneous time sensitive duties that will inevitably arise in the first year or two of the BWC implementation.

Factors Affecting Implementation

Implementing a project of the size and scope as the LASD BWC program is, in many ways, an exercise in systems thinking and organizational multi-tasking. When there is a significant action in one part of the organization, there will be an inevitable reaction in other parts. This is the case with the BWC program. There are multiple components of the program that have an interconnected relationship. For example, the cameras cannot be used at the station level until aged technology infrastructure is upgraded and available bandwidth increased. And certain policy and training decisions cannot be made until a procurement model is determined and a BWC vendor selected with the ability to supply almost 5,300 BWCs to the department.

The swift implementation of the LASD BWC program is contingent upon a variety of factors, but the key ones are staffing availability for the BWC Unit and the procurement of the BWCs. Reassigning staff to the BWC Unit and backfilling the vacancies created by the transfers speeds the Unit's ability to engage in its tasks and responsibilities. Waiting until the backfill positions are filled will, in all likelihood, delay the BWC implementation. Of course, this model is not without consequences to other parts of the department. If the decision is made to quickly re-assign personnel to the BWC Unit, it will be the responsibility of the department's leaders to manage and mitigate the organizational impact of re-assigning personnel to the BWC Unit.

There are multiple, complicated issues involved in the procurement decision of the magnitude of this program. Clearly, the quickest way to operationalize the BWCs in the LASD is through a "sole source" or "bid waiver" process (such as the one utilized by Ventura County when purchasing BWCs for the Ventura County Sheriff). However, such a process may not be appropriate in LA County. The IACP team does not make a recommendation in this area. It is addressed here simply as a means of demonstrating the most significant factors affecting a timely implementation of BWCs in the LASD.

LASD's BWC Training Plan

The LASD BWC planning staff has put a great deal of thought into training the department in preparation for the implementation of BWCs. They have interviewed other agencies, researched best practices, and consulted internally with appropriate training experts and stakeholders. They are in the process of documenting the departmental training plan and

curriculum, but it has not yet been finalized. The IACP team's conclusions are based on its understanding of the training plan as described by the BWC planning staff.

The first phase of the department's training for BWCs will focus on the patrol personnel and station detectives who will eventually wear the cameras. Each patrol deputy and sergeant will receive eight hours of instruction. This will be accomplished by offering at least two training opportunities for each station on an overtime basis. Given the department's current staffing levels and service demands, this is the only realistic way to train the patrol personnel. It is anticipated that the department can effectively train one station per week. The training will be done just prior to the deployment of the cameras at each station.

The patrol-focused training will be comprised of three components:

- Classroom instruction on the operation of the cameras and the digital management system used to download and store the camera footage;
- 2. A two-hour block on BWC policy (to include SB1421 and AB748); and,
- 3. Several hours of reality-based training where the deputies will go through simulations of situations in which they will be required to activate or not activate the cameras.

In addition, each deputy will be required to sign a document acknowledging their training and understanding of it.

There will also be appropriate training for non-station investigators and non-patrol supervisors sometime in the future. This training is intended to provide them with knowledge about the operation of the BWC system and the capabilities and limitations of the cameras, the digital management system used to store the footage, department policy, and pertinent state law regarding BWCs.

As a result of discussions with LASD staff, the IACP team believes the department's training plan and curriculum will be adequate to meet the needs of the department and follow best practices. The necessary components are going to be included, and the overtime training plan is reasonable. In addition, the IACP team believes the training plan will meet the training recommendation as outlined in the COC BWC report.

The Impact of Future PRAs and the Need for a BWC Contingency Fund

One of the current challenges in determining personnel needs for the BWC program is the uncertainty surrounding PRAs pursuant to SB1421 and AB748. Forecasting future personnel needs by reviewing the LASD's limited experience with SB1421-related PRAs is extremely speculative but represents the best available data (AB748 is effective 7-1-19 and deals with BWC footage that the department does not yet have).

In 2018, the LASD processed 767 PRAs. This represents a monthly average of approximately 64 PRAs. Through the end of April 2019, the department has processed 1,020 PRAs. This

represents a monthly average of 255 PRAs and is a 298% increase over last year. In 2018, only 17 of the PRAs would have been classified as SB1421-related. Through the end of April 2019, the department has processed 243 SB1421-related PRAs. The following chart illustrates these numbers.

	2018	JAN-APR 2019
PRA Totals	767	1020
Monthly Ave.	64	255
SB1421-related*	n/a	243
SB1421 Mo. Ave.*	n/a	20.25

*SB1421 was signed by the Governor on 9-30-18 and became effective 1-1-19. AB748 was signed by the Governor on 9-30-18 and will become effective 7-1-19

Some of the 2019 PRA requests relate to older incidents because these are now releasable. This has created a backlog of PRA requests for records about deputy-involved shootings (DISs). Once this backlog is cleared, it is possible that the number of SB1421-related PRAs will level out.

In addition to the requirements for records under SB1421, AB748 mandates that the LASD will be required to comply with requests for BWC footage and audio recordings that it does not currently release. This will necessitate the review and redaction of BWC footage in DIS's (and other agencies' officer-involved-shootings that the LASD investigates on the behalf of those agencies) and incidents involving deputies' use-of-force (UoF) that result in death or great bodily injury. For just the DIS/OIS cases in 2018, there were 40 shootings that would have fallen under the purview of AB748 and therefore subject to release. There were many other cases of use-of-force that would have fallen under AB748. The numbers for 2019 YTD are on-pace to meet 2018's totals.

The LASD is in the process of reviewing and modifying its data collection systems within the framework established by SB1421 and AB748. Prior to the passage of this legislation, there was no requirement for the LASD to collect data in a manner to facilitate SB1421/AB748 year-to-year comparisons or the forecasting of future impacts. Therefore, it was not feasible to complete an in-depth impact analysis by this report's deadline. However, it is reasonable to assume, that with the public access to records and BWC footage made possible through SB1421 and AB748, there will be an increase in PRAs for records. The LASD has not previously used BWCs, nor been required to release other video footage or audio recordings it considered investigative material. It is reasonable to conclude that the new legislative mandates and the implementation of BWCs will add significantly to the workload of the department. The extent of the impact should be discernable within the first 12-18 months of the BWC implementation.

The purpose of a contingency fund is to provide resources to the department to address the technological, organizational, societal, and legal uncertainties whose impact is either underestimated or unforeseen. Any technology/societal/legal project of the size and scope as the LASD BWC project will almost certainly experience some unexpected challenges. The

IACP PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

planning and research of the LASD staff, the COC, the OIG, and the CEO ensures that the uncertainties will be kept to a minimum. This fact notwithstanding, the IACP team feels strongly that the County, and all pertinent stakeholders in the BWC issue, will be well-served by the creation of a BWC contingency fund as part of the BWC implementation. The previous discussion of PRAs is an example of the (legislative) uncertainty, and potential impact, surrounding the implementation of this project.

Implementation Milestones

It is the IACP team's belief that the LASD BWC planning staff has mapped-out all key steps and milestones using project management software. Milestones and project management software are important tools to ensure large projects are completed on-time and on-budget.

The IACP team agrees with the milestones it believes have been identified by the LASD planning staff. These include:

- 1. Finalize project plan and budget
- 2. Finalize BWC policy
- 3. Receive BOS approval
- 4. Finalize procurement methodology
- 5. Acquire BWCs and necessary equipment and services
- 6. Begin infrastructure upgrades in all LASD facilities
- 7. Train new BWC Unit personnel
- 8. Begin training all patrol and station investigative personnel (1-2 per week)
- 9. Rollout BWCs (one station per week, starting with the 5 identified 1st phase stations)
- 10. Monitor initial rollout sites
- 11. Continue rollout
- 12. Complete implementation
- 13. Evaluate implementation and address any issues in equipment, training, or policy

It was not possible at the time of this report's submission to determine exact dates or offer a more granulated perspective on the project management of the BWC Program because the planning and key decisions have not been finalized or made.

FINDINGS

As the LASD BWC Program plan is understood through interviews and the review of pertinent documents, IACP makes the following key findings:

- The LASD BWC plan has been thoroughly researched by LASD staff. They have engaged
 in high level planning for the eventual implementation of BWCs. This has included a
 deep understanding of BWC-related literature, attendance at multiple BWC conferences
 and workshops, interviews with many practitioners, and numerous discussions with
 various stakeholders.
- 2. The LASD BWC Program plan, with 33 new employees, is adequately staffed and more financially realistic, \$20,221,762 one-time startup costs and \$14,169,223 ongoing costs, than the department's previously submitted proposal. However, it is predicated on several assumptions whose realization, or lack thereof, likely will impact LASD operations, and ultimately, the cost to the County. These assumptions include centralizing the staff of the Body Worn Camera Unit, releasing only BWC footage that is required by state law (SB1421 and AB748); using a cloud-based (versus on-premises) storage solution; responding to a reasonable number of public record requests; and, the issuance of smartphones to deputies. Furthermore, while this current plan appears adequate, there is a need for a reserve contingency fund of at least \$2-3 million to address unanticipated factors that may impact the assumptions upon which the final plan will be based.
- 3. All stakeholder groups contacted by IACP are interested in LASD equipping its deputies with BWCs and have concerns about the impact of the cameras. Broadly, these concerns relate to trust, confidence, transparency, accountability, activation, potential abuse of the system, ease of use, storage of footage, release of footage, cost, adequate staffing and resources, system efficiency, system effectiveness, and the success of the program. LASD labor unions share several concerns about future LASD BWC policy and have valuable input that will benefit the policy development process. These concerns include BWC activation, microphone muting, workload impacts, and footage review. In addition, they expressed concern that the department might unintentionally allow some supervisors to use BWC footage to unfairly target individual deputies for minor policy violations.
- 4. There is a recognition that the County's justice components represent an ecosystem in terms of technological, budgetary, procedural, and policy interconnectedness that will be significantly affected by the introduction of more than 5,300 additional BWCs to be used by the LASD alone, and perhaps another thousand used by other county policing agencies. Implementing BWCs within the LASD will have significant impacts within the

organization and in other parts of the County's justice system. e.g. District Attorney, Public Defender, and Alternate Public Defender.

None of the County justice departments currently have sufficient staff and technical resources to successfully implement the envisioned BWC program. If the impacts on the affected County departments are not addressed with additional personnel and resources, several of them will risk being unable to fulfill basic aspects of their ethical and statutory obligations. This is especially true for the Public Defender and Alternate Public Defender

- 5. Many of the stakeholders whom the IACP team interviewed made reference to LAPD's BWC implementation and policies as examples of promising practice. It is noteworthy that LAPD currently considers its BWC footage investigative material and not subject to release under California law with the exceptions of pursuant to discovery and under the new guidelines of recently enacted California law SB1421 and AB748. In addition, the LAPD policy requires officers to review BWC footage prior to writing their reports (see Appendix VI for copies of the pertinent LAPD policies).
- 6. A literature review regarding the policy issue of allowing peace officers to review BWC footage prior to writing their reports and/or providing statements reveals that this issue varies across jurisdictions with leadership sentiments and community expectations influencing this policy decision. As a result, the IACP does not take a definitive stance on this issue, but instead, recommends that the LASD consider input from all stakeholders in this area. The reports by the OIG and COC provide input on this issue.
- 7. There is a longstanding, cultural practice of deputies providing voluntary statements after critical incidents. When drafting its BWC policy, the LASD should consider the potential impact on these voluntary statements if deputies are not allowed, in many circumstances, to view their BWC footage prior to writing their reports and/or providing statements to investigators.
- 8. It is anticipated that LASD BWC policies, as determined through interviews, will follow state law.
- County regulations that impact the retention of future LASD BWC footage need to be reexamined with privacy concerns and financial costs associated with lengthy retention in mind.
- 10. There is a wide diversity of thought with some overlap –among stakeholders regarding the definition of success for the LASD BWC program. The OIG and COC reports provide insight into their perspectives on the purpose of BWCs and what variables of program success they consider important.
- 11. More deliberation needs to be conducted regarding the nature and scope of an evaluation of the LASD BWC program.

IACP PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

- 12. There is not a LA County-wide set of BWC standards regarding the use of BWCs by other policing agencies. Currently, County justice entities receive BWC footage in a variety of formats (i.e. thumb drives, DVD's, email, hand delivery). This increases the County's cost for using BWC footage. The entire county could benefit from a uniform set of policies and practices regarding the police use of BWCs. All LA County police agencies file their respective criminal cases with the DA. Accordingly, the DA is the organization best positioned to organize and lead the county-wide development of these standards.
- 13. Hacking and manipulations of digital footage is increasing at an exponential rate in both scope and sophistication. The County justice agencies are not adequately resourced to keep abreast in these rapidly changing areas. Eventually, there will be serious consequences if the County's collective expertise in this area is not increased.

RECOMMENDATIONS

As the LASD BWC Program plan is understood through interviews and the review of pertinent documents, IACP makes the following key recommendations.

1. The anticipated LASD BWC Plan should be considered adequate with a funding level of \$20,221,762 startup and \$14,169,223 ongoing (not adjusted for future increases in salary and benefit costs). This represents approximately 33 new full-time employees, overtime, training costs, adequate technology upgrades, and requisite hardware purchases. An adequate financial reserve (\$2-3 million) should be considered essential in FY2019-20 to address unforeseeable legislative, judicial, operational, and societal impacts. A similar reserve will be important in each subsequent fiscal year until it is clear the program has stabilized and the state legislative intention in this area of policing is clear.

A significant amount of research and planning has been done by LASD and County staff relative to the efficacy of the BWC concept and implementing a BWC program at LASD. And the department has completed its pilot program to acquire real-life experience with using BWCs in the organization. In addition, both the OIG and COC have conducted research regarding the efficacy and value of the BWC program. Both entities are supportive of the LASD equipping its deputies with BWCs.

The IACP team finds no substantive flaws with LASD research efforts, planning/pilot process, or proposal for staffing its BWC program. The staff involved in this project are extremely knowledgeable about BWC technology, policy, and practice and conversant about where BWC technology and the industry are headed. Finally, they are experts in LASD. Based on decades of experience, they have intimate knowledge of the organization's functions, responsibilities, culture, and operational realities.

The LASD BWC plan, as understood through interviews and document reviews, clearly employs a minimal staffing strategy. The IACP team finds no substantive flaws with LASD staff's methodology regarding the calculation of time commitment and personnel requirements. However, the BWC staff's diligence in its attempt to minimize personnel costs also causes the IACP team to recommend the creation of a contingency fund.

Policymakers should be clear that LASD's personnel planning is predicated on certain assumptions, almost all of which relate to the understanding of the review/audit, redaction and release parameters of the department's eventually-adopted BWC policy. If the assumptions on which staff based their plans change, there could be inadequate personnel to carry out the department's BWC responsibilities without adversely affecting its ability to maintain its current level of service. This could also adversely affect the ability to audit BWC footage for compliance and training. With sufficient

personnel, the BWC program can also assume an inward-looking posture to advance training, policy, and cultural change.

The IACP team finds no flaws with LASD's proposal to create a new unit to implement and manage its BWC program. By assigning personnel in a centralized fashion the department is more likely to achieve organizational coherence of policy and practice, and accountability should be enhanced on an organization-wide basis.

The IACP team has heard repeatedly from stakeholder groups that it is time to implement the program. IACP agrees. If the political interest still exits to implement BWCs in LASD, then the amount LASD is requesting to implement the program should be allocated as soon as possible. This will facilitate a timely implementation of the program during FY2019-20.

The substantial LASD research and its BWC pilot program notwithstanding, unforeseen issues will inevitably arise during the early stages of the program implementation. Not the least among these is the impact of recently enacted state legislation that directly addresses policing and BWCs (e.g. SB1421, AB748). Accordingly, IACP recommends the County allocate and hold in reserve \$2-3 million that can be used to address unforeseen issues relative to legislation, judicial decisions, personnel, equipment, and technology. This will ensure the success of the program and give the County the means to be good stewards of the public's investment in the use of BWCs by the LASD.

2. The staffing and adequate resourcing of the other County entities affected by the LASD BWC Program should be considered essential to the success of the program. This will ensure that the impacts of the BWC program are mitigated and its benefits are optimized County-wide. This should include personnel, technology, infrastructure, and equipment, including the unique requirements some of the justice agencies have to retain evidence. e.g. BWC footage would have to be retained for the life of the defendant/client.

The other County departments affected by the LASD BWC program should be adequately staffed and resourced to mitigate the impact of the LASD BWC program. IACP estimates that when LASD completes its BWC implementation, the amount of BWC footage the DA, PD, and APD now receive from the LAPD and other BWC-enabled police agencies in LA County will essentially double. As other LA County police departments implement BWCs, this problem will be exacerbated.

While the IACP team did not conduct a comprehensive analysis of the impact BWCs have had on the DA, PD, and APD, it became apparent during its interviews with staff from those offices that they are barely managing the impacts of the BWC footage they are currently receiving. Adding LASD's footage to the system, without an adequate infusion of staff and resources, will in all likelihood, severely damage the ability of those

offices to fulfill their justice mission and the County's moral and legal responsibilities to the fair and equitable administration of justice.

3. LASD should form an internal users' group representing affected department personnel, and an external advisory committee representing affected County departments and oversight bodies, to adjust policy and practice as operational experience is gained from the use of BWCs.

The actual users of any technology like BWCs develop tremendous knowledge about how well the implemented solution is working. The deputies who will be using the department's BWCs will possess information vital to the efficient and effective operation of the overall program. The degree to which the deputies accept the technology will be a function of how much they trust the program and its technology. In turn, this trust is a function of how much input and involvement they believe they, or at least representatives of their peer group, have had in the deployment and on-going operation and evolution of the program. The extent to which the other affected County departments support the program will be a function of their opportunity to provide meaningful input into those aspects of the program that affect them.

Accordingly, the IACP team feels that a users' working group consisting of affected LASD personnel and an advisory committee made up of representatives from those County departments, offices, and commissions (e.g. DA, PD, APD, OIG, COC) affected by BWCs would greatly benefit the County and its BWC experience.

4. Planning should begin as soon as possible for an evaluation(s) of the BWC program. As part of this planning process, an agreement should be reached among the key stakeholders regarding what metrics that will be used to measure program performance. The evaluation(s) will be driven by how stakeholders define the program's success. The sample *Indicators of Success* included in this report's Appendix I can serve as a starting point for planning and discussions.

There is a wide diversity of thought – with some overlap – among stakeholders regarding the definition of success for the LASD BWC program. An example of BWC metrics, and their data indicators, are included in the Appendix I of this report (*Sample Indicators of Success*). Examples of some indicators of success as articulated to the IACP team include, but are not limited to:

- an increase in the public's trust and confidence in LASD;
- an increase in trust and confidence in LASD by its workforce;
- BWC footage is made available in a timely manner to relevant stakeholders;
- the BWC program is transparent;
- the BWC program helps LASD hold itself more accountable;

- a noticeable reduction in complaints against deputies and their use-of-force;
- a reduction in civil claims, lawsuits, and settlement costs;
- exoneration of deputies in complaints more often, and with more certainty;
- a positive impact on the prosecution of criminal cases in which BWC footage is available;
- the BWC program is cost-effective; and,
- the BWC program works operationally and does not add an unreasonable amount of effort to deputies' current workload.

A competent evaluation of the BWC program will determine what metrics are most important in the determination of the program's success. This is where key stakeholder input is crucial and why it will be important that entities like the OIG, COC, DA, PD and APD are included in the process. Once a common definition of success is determined, a scientifically rigorous methodology can be determined, and the evaluation conducted.

Evaluations of a program like this can vary in complexity and cost. The more rigorous the evaluation, the more expensive. Fortunately, there are several universities with researchers in the greater Los Angeles area that have the capability to conduct these evaluations. The IACP team encourages the County/LASD to contact these universities and gauge interest in participating in the program. In addition, there are existing data sets that provide low-cost access to indictors that the program is effective along stated dimensions.

The IACP team recommends that the County, not the LASD, contract for an evaluation(s). This is not recommended because the team believes LASD personnel will exert undue influence on the evaluator(s). In fact, the team feels quite the opposite. It is solely to maintain as much objectivity in the evaluation(s) as possible. If the LASD is not controlling the purse strings of an evaluation of its BWC program, it will be much easier for the public to accept the findings as scientifically objective and valid.

A note of caution is appropriate in this discussion of evaluations. Policymakers and community members must remember that correlation does not infer causation. Care must be exercised in concluding that certain BWC program observations (positive or negative) are the result of the program. They could be the result of confounding effects - factors or influences outside of the program that affect the perceived outcomes of the program. The total cost of the County's LASD-related settlements could increase after BWCs are introduced, for instance, not because they don't reduce the number of lawsuits but because one or two abnormally large settlements were paid that skewed the bottom-line amount.

Utilizing the services of competent researchers or research organizations will, in all likelihood, avoid the most common evaluation-related errors. In turn, this will provide both policymakers and the public with the information they need to determine if the LASD BWC program is effective. Additional discussion is provided in the Program Evaluation section of this report.

 Appropriate BWC training should be developed and conducted for all affected personnel in the LASD, DA, PD, APD, and any other County department offices, commissions, or advisory bodies affected by the implementation of BWCs.

In addition, some form of public education about the BWC program should be developed to facilitate the public's understanding of the purpose of the program, how BWCs are used, what their limitations are, and their value in advancing transparency, accountability, and the administration of justice.

It is vitally important that all affected personnel in LASD, DA, PD, APD, and any other County departments affected by the implementation of BWCs by LASD receive adequate training in those aspects of BWCs that affect them.

LASD and the County should also offer orientation training in the BWC program to other entities like the OIG, the COC and appropriate community advisory groups. This helps ensure a comprehensive organizational alignment of understanding about what the BWC Program is, what it does, and the limitations of the technologies.

Failing to appropriately train all County personnel or volunteers impacted by the BWC program may lead to decreased efficiency and effectiveness or even an increase in County liability and reputational risk.

BWCs used by law enforcement organizations have taken a prominent place in the public dialogue relating to the public's trust and confidence in policing. However, many people simply do not understand how BWCs work, how they are used, what their value is, and what their limitations are. A very common misunderstanding is that if a BWC footage exists in a controversial incident, it will demonstrate the wrongfulness, or rightfulness, of the officers' actions. However, BWC footage is frequently hard to understand, may not capture important actions, and sometimes, generates more questions than answers.

Accordingly, IACP recommends that a public education course, like "BWCs 101," or some other public education mechanism be developed to help the public understand what BWCs are, the rationale for their use, their value and limitations, and what efforts will be taken to measure the effectiveness of the program. This may be accomplished through the development of public presentations, focused media/social media campaigns, or the production of a short training video that can be placed on LASD or LA

County websites. This recommendation is consistent with the recommendations made in the COC BWC report.

An additional BWC public awareness/training step the LASD should consider is the production of community critical incident briefings. Deputy-involved shootings or incidents of use-of-force resulting in serious bodily injury or death are of acute public interest and how the department responds to this interest is directly connected to community trust and confidence in the LASD. There are emerging models for conducting these briefings but there is insufficient experience to label them prevalent or best practices. However, their promising nature dictates the LASD at least consider producing them.

One thing seems to be clear about these briefings; they must be done in a timely manner. Waiting months after a critical incidence to release detailed information (and the BWC footage) seems to diminish the value to the community and its sense of trust and confidence in the police. In an information vacuum, people will typically fill the void with their own narrative based on their experiences, those of their friends and acquaintances or what they consume on social media. Once that mental model of the incident is formed, it is very hard for police agencies to change it. Timely release of BWC footage is an important recommendation of the COC in its BWC report.

6. LASD should take proactive steps through appropriate department messaging, clear policy development, leadership accountability, and program oversight to ensure that the department does not unintentionally allow some supervisors to use BWC footage to target employees for minor policy violations. The LASD should address when supervisors will be allowed to view BWC footage and any related limitations.³

BWC programs have *external effects* involving their impact on the public's trust and confidence in the department, and, *internal effects* resulting from the workforce perception of how the organization uses the technology in terms of accountability and discipline. The workforce's sense of trust and confidence in the organization — sometimes referred to as organizational legitimacy — is as real as the community's sense of police legitimacy regarding the department.

An issue LASD labor representatives expressed to the IACP team was their interest in the department not allowing supervisors to use the BWC footage to seek possible policy violations and target certain employees. Their belief is that "if you watch anybody with a body camera in their workplace long enough, you will eventually catch them violating, even unintentionally, some policy, somewhere" (this is a paraphrased quote). Overall,

³ For additional discussion, see the IACP Policy Center documents on Body-Worn Cameras.

the labor representatives were supportive of the BWC program. However, they did not want the department to allow supervisors to use the BWCs to target certain employees for personal reasons and believed that supervisors should be held accountable in this area.

This is another area where a BWC Users Group would be beneficial to the department. The group can provide valuable insight into the operational aspects of the program and help inform policy development that facilitates the cultural acceptances and sustainable success of the program. If labor representatives are included in the group, early indications that the BWCs are being misused may be articulated, and the issue addressed before it becomes problematic.

Labor representatives indicated to the IACP team that they were supportive of the BWCs being used for training purposes. If, as expected, periodic compliance audits are conducted that reveal episodic, minor policy or procedural violations, supervisors can provide deputies with corrective, non-punitive direction. It is important in these cases that disciplinary actions not follow these audits unless intentional and/or egregious policy violations or criminal acts are detected.

All of these issues can be addressed during the department's policy development process which should include input from the relevant labor organizations and legal advisors.

 A reasonable degree of flexibility regarding new BWC-related positions should be incorporated into the BWC implementation to allow for unforeseen developments, new understanding of operational responsibilities, technical requirements, and legislative impacts.

As indicated in this report, there are multiple uncertainties that may affect the BWC program. One of those is the number and type of employee the BWC Unit will need to carry-out its responsibilities. For the first year of operation, the County can facilitate the success of the BWC program by allowing a reasonable degree of flexibility in the number and types of personnel the Unit leadership believes is necessary to make the program effective.

The LASD planning staff has proposed an organizational structure for the BWC Unit that makes sense and will probably not need to be substantively changed. But it may need slight modifications as operational realities become apparent or other factors change. This recommendation does not call for a carte blanche approach to personnel issues within the Unit, rather, a reasonable, flexible approach to staffing the unit its first year makes eminent sense.

 The LASD BWC policy and LA County policy should, to the extent possible, follow the promising practices, lessons learned, legal analysis and recommendations in this report and those made by the OIG and COC.

The promising practices, lessons learned, and the legal analysis found in this report, represent the best available information as compiled by the IACP and LASD BWC Project staff. They also represent the experience of several police departments that have implemented BWCs and have extensive experience in this area.

Considering diverse perspectives on an issue as important as BWCs will undoubtedly result in better policy decisions. Accordingly, the IACP recommends that the work of the OIG and COC on the BWC issue be considered as the LASD BWC policy is finalized. The material presented by the OIG and COC BWC reports represents significant effort to examine the topic of BWCs and present the information from a perspective different from that of the IACP team. Their recommendations, while similar in many ways, also come from a very different perspective — both important to the formation of BWC policy. The COC report also reflects the best effort to determine what the people of LA County think about the LASD's use of BWCs. This community input is invaluable to the policy formation process.

IACP recommends that the LASD and the County use the practices, lessons learned, and recommendations presented in this report as a roadmap to success for this program.

As the LASD BWC policy develops, staff should ensure that it addresses the following issues (which reflect prevalent BWC practices and the recommendations provided by the OIG and COC in their BWC reports):

- the purpose for which BWCs are being implemented;
- organizational responsibilities and procedures for operating the BWC program;
- when BWCs should be activated (e.g. at the outset of all enforcement activities) and when employees are allowed discretion to activate/deactivate their cameras;
- where BWCs should be restricted or prohibited;
- under what circumstances the BWCs may be deactivated and what documentation of the deactivation must be completed;
- guidelines for recording victims, witnesses and informants;
- community member notification of recording/consent to record:
- deputy review of BWC footage;
- supervisory review of BWC footage when allowed and mandated;
- recording of interviews;

- guidelines for who can view footage;
- guidelines for acceptable organizational uses of BWC footage (e.g. training, disciplinary proceedings, etc.)
- prohibitions against modifying footage;
- prohibitions against the use of personal body cameras;
- requirements for audits of BWC usage and policy compliance;
- guidelines for producing public BWC reports;
- · release of BWC footage to the public; and,
- retention of footage.

As BWC technology advances, and state law evolves, the LASD BWC policy should be updated and discussions with the COC should be held. Involving the COC – as the public's "representative" in LASD policing matters – is crucial to building public trust and confidence in the LASD that its BWC policies are up-to-date and reflect the public's input and understanding of the technology and how it is being used. This will be extremely important as artificial intelligence (and facial recognition) becomes increasingly a part of BWC systems.

- The County should purchase the most secure BWC system it can reasonably afford.
 This system should utilize "cloud-based" storage versus "on-premises" storage of BWC footage.
 - When the County authorizes the purchase of the LASD BWC system, it should ensure that it is highly secure. It should also consider whether it has the long-term capability to stay abreast of advances in very large digital storage systems and maintain its own onpremises solution that will be immune from local natural disasters or local facility issues. When "the cloud" is referenced in the context of computers and digital storage, this usually reflects facilities that are specially designed to house "server farms" with multiple layers of redundancy. This is because the companies that store incredibly large amounts of extremely valuable and sensitive data for all facets of our society understand the criticality of securing the data.
- 10. To reduce the financial impact of using BWCs and increase deputy effectiveness in the field, LASD should issue deputies smartphones to facilitate the metadata tagging of BWC footage from the field. Strong consideration should be given to following emerging national promising practices and policy development regarding policing's use of mobile devices and allow the deputies to utilize all capabilities of the phones (i.e. photography, video, audio recording, access to the Internet, internally developed LASD apps, phone calls, texting) consistent with agency policy.

The issuance of smartphones and other mobile devices to police officers by their employing agency is rapidly becoming a prevalent practice in policing. These devices enable users in the field to capture photographs and video in unstable or deteriorating crime scenes; make audio recordings of critical statements; utilize the built-in flashlight, compass, and GPS functions; and access crucial criminal justice system databases and online sources for critical information, such as location data, hazardous material placards, and rapidly-changing weather conditions.⁴

The deployment of department-issued smartphones provides an employer-controlled device that replaces the personal smartphones that essentially every police officer in the country now carries if they are not issued one by their employer. Mobile device management software enables issuing agencies to control what apps are on their devices and provides a requisite level of accountability in terms of how the devices are used by employees. Issuing these devices to employees means that they are owned by the employer – not the employee – and makes the retrieval of pertinent information necessary to hold the employee accountable much easier if there is a suspicion of inappropriate employee behavior.

Daily, deputies are required to phone their fellow deputies or supervisors multiple times to relay sensitive or confidential information. In agencies that have issued their officers smartphones, their experience is that officers also use almost all of the other capabilities of the devices many times a day. There is no reason to assume that LASD experience will be any different. The IACP team believes that if LASD deputies are issued smartphones, their efficiency, effectiveness, and digital accountability will increase significantly. A competent cost-benefit analysis would most likely reveal that the devices pay for themselves across multiple organizationally important metrics.

Finally, stories were relayed to the IACP team of LASD deputies unable to access the cellular system during the recent "Woolsey Fire" which devasted portions of northwest LA County and southwest Ventura County. They tried using their personal smartphones, but the publicly accessible cellular system was overloaded at times, and they were unable to make critical calls. The *FirstNet* public safety radio and cell system – which gives public safety frequency priority – can be accessed with department-issued devices to eliminate this critical problem in the future.

11. There should be a recognition among the significant stakeholders that the LASD BWC Program represents a new dimension to the existing County justice ecosystem with multiple cross-department connections and implications.

⁴ See the IACP Policy Center documents on Mobile Communication Devices available at https://www.theiacp.org/resources/policy-center-resource/mobile-communication-devices.

This consulting experience has highlighted two critical realities that all of the stakeholders in this issue should recognize: 1) there is a definite LA County justice ecosystem with multiple interrelated parts that rely on each other for the fair and equitable administration of justice, and 2) the LASD BWC program represents a new dimension to that ecosystem which will have rippling effects across multiple County agencies.

BWC footage captured by LASD in criminal cases will need to be forwarded to the DA's Office. In cases where criminal charges are filed, the footage must be made available to the PD or APD or private defense counsel. BWC footage carries retention timeframes that may be as short as two years for routine, non-serious-crime footage and as long as the life of the defendant in some instances of defendants represented by the PD or APD.

Viewing the County justice system as a system, in that an action in one part frequently creates a reaction in another part of the system that needs to be addressed, will ensure that initiatives like the LASD BWC program do not adversely impact other County entities. Those other entities need adequate resources to address these impacts. Without them, the County's justice system, and its obligation to fair and equitable justice, is very likely to degrade over time.

12. Measures of transparency and accountability should be identified and agreed upon as soon as possible. The finalized LASD BWC policy should be available on its website, and reports on the progress of the BWC program should be make publicly available. This is consistent with the recommendations set forth by the COC BWC report.

The IACP team repeatedly heard from internal and external stakeholders that transparency and accountability are significant concerns about the BWC program. How this is achieved, and to what degree these values are realized, will require balancing multiple, and sometimes, competing interests.

At a minimum, LASD can make its BWC-related policies and procedures available for public examination on its website. Recently enacted state law (SB1421, AB748) will compel the release of certain types of BWC footage. This will almost certainly increase police transparency and accountability. An adequately constructed footage distribution system will ensure that all interested parties in criminal actions are given appropriate access to relevant, discoverable material to ensure a fair and equitable system of justice.

The dissemination of BWC footage can be an arduous, expensive task. Ensuring that appropriate redaction is accomplished is not inexpensive. LAPD, for instance, currently employs two civilian reviewers of BWC footage in each of its 27 city-wide divisions — and that is before the impact of the recently pass legislation is considered. It is adding an additional 40 positions to this classification over the next two fiscal years to meet what it perceives as the demands of the legislation.

One reason LAPD's personnel requirement is higher than that of the LASD's proposed BWC program may be the result of LAPD's organizational interest in using BWC technology to verify policy compliance. In addition, the cultural differences between police and sheriff departments that relate to staffing philosophies almost certainly has an effect on the variance in BWC staffing decisions. Police departments almost always have a higher staffing bias than do sheriff's departments. This difference is historical and cultural in nature. Neither is better than the other – they are just different, and in many ways, reflect the differences between city and county governments and how their leaders see their responsibilities and available resources.

The "BWC Scorecard" in Appendix II of this report is illustrative of the kinds of transparency and accountability measures that can be implemented in a BWC program.

Appropriate policymakers ultimately must determine what is reasonable and able to be accomplished relative to program transparency and accountability given personnel, fiscal, and legal constraints.

13. County regulations impacting the retention of future LASD BWC footage should be reexamined with privacy concerns and financial costs associated with lengthy digital retention in mind.

There are financial, legal, and privacy concerns involved in the retention of BWC footage. The County must follow the legal requirements for footage retention. While the cost of digital storage continues to drop, the amount of data the LASD BWC program will produce will be prodigious. Costs associated with the storage of the data should be considered after legal requirements are met.

14. The DA's Office, as the organization best positioned to lead the county-wide development of standards for the police use of BWCs, should try and create a county-wide working group to create standards for use of BWCs in criminal cases. Such standards should include, but not be limited to, use, technical specifications, security, and storage. The DA's Office should be adequately staffed with sufficient additional personnel to accomplish this.

The DA's Office is where the majority of criminal cases are filed by LA County law enforcement agencies. As such, the IACP team believes the DA's Office is best positioned to serve as a champion for the county-wide policing organizations to adopt a common standard relative to BWCs. Such standards should include, but not be limited to, use, technical specifications, security, and storage. This will increase the efficiency and effectiveness of the BWC systems employed in LA County and can serve as an example for other jurisdictions.

The County should ensure that the DA's Office is adequately staffed with sufficient additional personnel to accomplish this goal, but consideration should be given to the possible impact on the DA's operations.

15. If the County issues a request for proposal (RFP) for the LASD BWC Program, it should be written in such a way as to allow other LA County police agencies to take advantage of and utilize on the County process. This will facilitate a county-wide common BWC standard.

The IACP has not been charged with opining about the options of an RFP vs utilizing another entity's RFP for the acquisition of the LASD BWCs. However, if the County employs its own RFP, then it should be developed in such a way as to make it easy for other cities in LA County to join the County process. This should result in savings to the taxpayer, and importantly, help ensure some degree of uniformity and efficiencies among the BWC systems employed throughout LA County. Given the current state of BWC system technology, if there are multiple types of BWC systems developed by multiple vendors, used throughout LA County, the complications and attendant costs to the County criminal justice system components will be substantial.

Creating a county-wide standard for BWC systems that results in relative uniformity will ensure the technology is employed seamlessly, and that the involved entities remain good stewards of the taxpayer dollar.

16. The County's purchase of a BWC system should ensure seamless sharing of digital files/footage pursuant to evidentiary discovery and include licensing to make certain that the Offices of the Public Defender and Alternate Public Defender have the same, yet independent, access to BWC footage currently afforded the DA's Office.

As part of its BWC purchase, the LAPD ensured that the DA's Office had system access to its BWC footage. This did not extend to the offices of the Public Defender or Alternate Public Defender. If LASD implements its BWC program at the scale envisioned, there will be a substantial impact on the other County criminal justice components. By providing adequate personnel, resources, and seamless access to the acquired system, the County's obligation to provide for a fair and just criminal justice system will be met.

Doubling the amount of BWC footage when LASD's program goes on-line will have significant impacts on all three county criminal justice legal offices (DA, PD, and APD), and they will require additional personnel and resources to stay abreast of their legal obligations that are impacted by BWC programs. They also must have access to the BWC system which will make both technological and operational sense.

The current method of hand carrying or emailing individual BWC files from LAPD and other LA County agencies is overly burdensome and inefficient. Doubling that impact

will likely have exponentially impactful, and substantially negative effects, on those departments.

The most effective solution to this dilemma is to provide the Public Defender and Alternate Public Defender with appropriate, similar access and resources currently in place with the DA's Office. This should be done as a function of the County's BWC purchasing process and will ultimately lower County costs over time and directly addresses the legitimacy of the County's justice system.

17. LASD should continue to access the LAPD's BWC experience in technology acquisition, policy development and implementation, and sustainability strategies to leverage the County's investment in its BWC program.

One of the challenges of being an early adopter of innovative technology and practice is that organizations incur greater effort and cost than those that follow and take advantage of the lessons previously learned by the early adopters. Such is the case with LAPD and LASD. LASD is in the enviable position of being able to learn from LAPD's BWC experience, thereby reducing its staff commitment and implementation costs. This statement should in no way be construed to minimize the work of LASD staff in preparing the organization for implementing BWCs.

However, given LAPD's experience with BWCs within LA County, and its proximity to LASD, LASD should continue to pay close attention to the on-going lessons learned at LAPD and find ways to collaborate with LAPD personnel on the evolution of BWCs in LA County. The IACP team encourages the two departments to continue their collaborative BWC relationship. In addition, the LASD should strengthen its connections to the policing agencies the IACP team contacted for this report and whose input helped create the list of "lessons learned" as documented elsewhere in this report. They can, for example, create a "community of interest" aimed at increasing their collective knowledge of BWCs. This would benefit not only the agencies but the millions of people they collectively serve.

18. LASD should incorporate as much of this report's legal analysis as possible in its development of its BWC policy.

As part of this consulting process, the IACP employed the services of one of California's leading police policy experts where his practice is focused on defending public policing entities in civil litigation. Accordingly, he is an expert at balancing a public entity's desire for transparency and accountability and protecting taxpayer interests in police-related lawsuits. IACP recommends LASD follow his BWC-related recommendations as articulated in this report.

19. LASD policy should prohibit the use of personally owned BWCs by on-duty personnel. This is consistent with the recommendation made by the COC in its BWC report.

Personal BWCs are not built to the same standards as those sold to law enforcement. They are subject to failure and video corruption issues. Personal BWCs video, introduced as evidence in a criminal trial, may be subject to legitimate claims that it is not a reliable representation of a recorded incident. Due to a whole host of technical issues, they are considered unreliable image capturing technologies from an evidentiary perspective. This can cause serious credibility problems for LASD if deputies used them in the performance of their official duties.

In addition, the department does not have the same control over personal BWCs as with department-owned and controlled BWCs. It is difficult to keep personal BWC footage from being distributed in an inappropriate manner if the department does not have proprietary rights. Every agency whose policies the IACP team reviewed, and interviewed, prohibits the use of personal BWCs by their officers.

20. In the future, LASD and the County should consider implementing police vehicle dash cameras to augment the capabilities of the BWC program.

Every day in America, the police make tens of thousands of traffic and pedestrian enforcement stops. The majority of these interactions occur in close proximity to the officers' patrol cars. Imaging systems for field police officers are best employed in a holistic manner and capture as much of police-public enforcement interactions as possible. The most comprehensive systems employ both in-car cameras and BWCs. The most effective of these systems are integrated to ensure that footage of interactions is captured from different perspectives and can be blended into a single viewing experience. This enhances the clarity and understanding of the events captured on video.

In-car cameras provide valuable footage of an incident involving the police and a community member they have stopped. This frequently compliments footabe from a BWC. BWCs can be dislodged from an officer's body during a struggle, for example, or the camera view blocked by the officer's arm. This does not generally happen to in-car cameras. And because so many officer-public confrontations during enforcement stops occur in front of the police car, the in-car footage is frequently invaluable to the determination of what occurred.

LASD does not currently deploy in-car camera systems in its patrol cars. It is recommended that the department consider doing so sometime in the future. In addition, serious consideration during a future in-car camera acquisition process should be given to the technical specification so that the BWCs and in-car cameras can be integrated.

LASD has almost 3,000 cars which would need in-car cameras. There are attendant costs for each car that is equipped with cameras – both in terms of technology and personnel.

IACP PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Due to the significant workload and costs associated with adding cameras to police cars, it is recommended LASD in-car cameras not be implemented until: 1) the BWC program has been well established; and, 2) in-car technology advances to such a point that capabilities such as 360° image capture are possible.

Finally, it is recommended that if cameras are eventually added to LASD cars, they be considered an augmenting technology to the BWCs, not their replacement. While in-car cameras may be very stable, they are fixed, and unlike BWCs, cannot capture images when deputies are away from their cars. An effective, comprehensive imaging system for police officers entails *both* BWCs and in-car cameras.

PROGRAM EVALUATION

Given the substantial cost and widespread community interest in law enforcement BWCs, it is important to determine if they are effective in achieving desired outcomes. Simply put, do they work? This is a critical and complicated question. In answering this question, government must balance practical and fiscal realities.

The gold standard for scientific evaluations are randomized controlled trials (RCTs). This rigorous methodology is used in a wide breadth of scientific disciplines and is the preferred method of determining whether an intervention like BWCs has an impact on public safety, the administration of justice, and the public's sense of trust and confidence in the police.

While RCTs may be the preferred evaluation methodology, there are significant costs associated with them. A comprehensive, rigorous RCT of the LASD's BWC Program could easily cost as much as \$1 million. To determine the various methodologies available to evaluate the program, and the exact cost associated with each one, the County should begin its outreach as soon as possible with regional universities, research entities, or individual researchers.

In addition to determining effectiveness, the County should consider a cost-benefit analysis to ascertain whether the program offsets the substantial cost associated with BWC program. This can be done in conjunction with, or separate from, a program evaluation. Serious thought should be given, and guidance from experts should be sought about the type of data that will need to be captured and the systems that need to be established to facilitate data collection.

The following are examples of the kinds of metrics, evaluations, analyses the County should consider as it contemplates funding the LASD BWC program. Determining the exact metrics to be used, and what needs to be accomplished to capture the appropriate data, should be among the first responsibilities with which a BWC working group and an advisory committee should be charged.

BWC-related metrics

The following categories of metrics are examples of important indicators regarding the ongoing organizational processes involved in implementing a BWC program. They do not necessarily indicate program effectiveness. e.g. The achievement of desired outcomes. There is a distinct difference between correlation and causation, which can only be determined after a rigorous evaluation. However, these indicators are crucial in the determination of organizational impacts, efficiency, and cost.

It is important to capture baseline readings to ensure that a before/after comparison can be created, and an on-going identification of organizational and fiscal impacts can be determined. Some of these suggested metrics are already in place, and some will need to be developed as soon as possible. Some are currently automated, and some will need to be captured manually.

IACP PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

In whatever state they exist, the importance of developing an adequate set of metrics cannot be overstated. The following are intended to be illustrative and are not a comprehensive list of potential metrics.

Organizational Impacts

- operational impacts tied to BWCs
- workload impacts tied to BWCs
- budget
- BWC-related deputy court time
- number of internal complaints or documented concerns
- incidence of use-of-force
- civil claims and lawsuits where BWCs were employed
- time to settle claims and lawsuits where BWCs were employed
- cost of claims and lawsuits where BWCs were employed

Program Metrics

- number of incidents captured on BWCs
- number of videos processed for release
- amount of time spent on redaction efforts
- time to settle criminal cases
- improved resolution of criminal cases
- number of requests for BWC footage

Community metrics

- number of complaints
- content analysis of media articles
- content analysis of social media posts
- · community input at meetings
- community input to BOS
- number of BWC policy website hits

Operation and Policy BWC Scorecard

Enhancing community trust and confidence in the police, increasing organizational transparency and accountability both externally and internally, and competent operational

IACP PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

practices are all key goals in police BWC programs. A "BWC scorecard" is one way to gauge a program's developmental progress and alignment with program goals and promising practices.

A sample BWC scorecard is included in Appendix II of this report. This tool blends both policy and operational aspects of the LASD BWC program. It incorporates elements of the BWC scorecards developed by the IACP team, The Leadership Conference on Civil and Human Rights, Upturn (an organization that encourages equity and justice in the design, governance, and use of digital technology), and the research organization CNA (under a contract with the US DOJ Bureau of Justice Assistance).

FUTURE CONCERNS

Sustainability

The County and LASD should begin the process of creating the organizational, community, and fiscal infrastructure that facilitates long-term stainability of the BWC program. For example, a diverse working group, focusing on advances in technology, government, and society can help County, public safety, and community leaders better understand what policy guidelines need to be established for emerging, disruptive technologies like artificial intelligence or facial recognition. It can also increase the likelihood the that County will be able to forecast and avoid the unintended consequences of employing technology that is advancing much faster than community members and governmental or legislative bodies can appreciate.

Artificial Intelligence, Facial Recognition, and Predictive Analytics

There is a growing awareness of the presence, value, and risks in the rapidly advancing field of artificial intelligence (AI). From health, to transportation, to the environment, AI is yielding significant benefits in ways heretofore impossible to achieve. However, commentators with foresight, technology ethicists, and even those scientists and entrepreneurs responsible for advancing AI are all warning of the unintended consequences of this exponential, disruptive technology.

The County should establish an AI working group to help policymakers better comprehend the implications of AI technology that is rapidly outpacing legislative and policymaking understanding and action. This could be accomplished with one or more of the universities in the region. This group could help the County stay abreast of developments in AI and related issues and the implications for all County operations — especially those in the criminal justice arena.

Policing has already been influenced by AI. Predictive analytics software applications, for example, rely heavily on AI. Unintentional bias in software development can affect the manner in which police officers are deployed and ultimately how government polices communities. If the algorithms of predictive software are biased toward already vulnerable communities, police officers directing more of their attention to them than normal – because the software directed their attention there – will exacerbate the already tense relationship that exists between those communities and the police.

Facial recognition (FR) is another example of a rapidly advancing technology – and one that has direct application in BWCs. While this technology has public safety benefits, it also has significant implications for privacy and civil liberties. This technology is potentially very powerful, and without close monitoring, could exceed the parameters of privacy expectations.

In policing, the articulated benefits of FR generally fall into three categories: apprehending wanted individuals, officer safety, and protecting vulnerable people. For instance, through the use of FR tied to a BWC, a deputy may be able to identify a wanted individual who has provided a false name or identify individuals with disabilities, impairments, or injuries that preclude them from identifying themselves to others.

In the near future, BWC vendors will most likely be using facial *detection* (not recognition) to automate the very labor-intensive and costly process of redacting BWC video prior to its release. Currently, it takes a human being a significant amount of time to view BWC footage in its entirety, in real-time, and redact it appropriately (e.g. blurring faces of victims, juveniles, others not involved). This high cost is one of the reasons policing organizations have such opposition to releasing BWC footage to the public. If this process could be automated, and therefore become much cheaper, it is possible many police organizations would release much more of their BWC footage, thereby becoming more transparent.

Any consideration of FR must balance the benefits and costs of employing the technology. Policymakers must consider not only the value and risks of FR, but also how to create an oversight mechanism that facilitates increased public safety while not compromising privacy and personal freedoms. This is where the OIG and the COC can be extremely beneficial to the LASD. The OIG can provide an objective perspective on the policy issues regarding FR. The COC can provide invaluable input regarding public sentiment about FR and help the LASD negotiate the many privacy and civil liberties concerns associated with the technology. As BWC technology continues to evolve the LASD will be well-served by involving the COC in the discussion of its uses, limitations and community expectations.

As BWCs become increasingly ingrained in the culture and landscape of policing, expertise in forensic imaging will become more important. Police agencies will be required to prove their BWC footage has not been altered. This will necessitate that they develop in-house expertise on imaging systems and the forensic attributes of digital footage.

Al-powered "Deepfake" technology is used to digitally swap faces in video footage. One high-tech company heavily invested in Al has developed technology that is capable of creating Al-generated images of human faces which can be incorporated into video. These images are almost impossible to distinguish from real human faces.

The implications for image-generation technology are immense. There are instances in which hackers have targeted law enforcement organizations with a variety of motivations. Agencies should accept the reality that hackers will attempt to access to their BWC footage, and with the requisite skillset, can cause incalculable damage by altering this footage.

This discussion also serves to underscore the importance of buying the most secure BWC system that the County can afford. The security of LASD's future BWC footage is directly

connected to the trust and credibility the public will place in the program. A compromised BWC system could cause irreparable damage to the County and LASD.

Other Related Technologies

The trade show floor of any large policing conference provides a tangible sense of the role technology will play in the future of policing. Many of the advancing technologies to which policing is being exposed can be integrated with BWCs. This will present an on-going challenge to policymakers and policing leaders alike. They will be offered the opportunity to utilize technology to increase police effectiveness. But they will also have to confront very real challenges to individual privacy. Balancing these interests will require new types of thinking, the sharing of information about the advantages and disadvantages of the technology, and the co-production of public safety/privacy decisions between government and community members.

The technological glue that binds many of these technologies to BWCs is AI. It is becoming increasingly pervasive in the technology the police use today or will very soon. Facial recognition, voice recognition, biometric analytics, license plate reader technology, computer aided dispatch/record management systems, and even drones have direct or potential connections to BWCs.

The argument for using these technologies is that they can make officers' work safer and more effective. Wanted individuals can be apprehended faster, so the public is safer. And as the cost of policing continues to escalate, these advances have the potential for helping control the cost of public safety. These are legitimate public interests that should not be ignored. However, many of them come with potential personal and societal costs. Many people consider facial recognition, for instance, to be a tremendous intrusion into individual privacy. And there is an argument to be made that, if a criminal justice system is currently bias against certain groups, these technologies simply make the biased system more efficient and effective in perpetuating the bias and further victimize vulnerable populations or communities.

Theoretically, technologies are neither good nor bad. They either work or they don't. It is the manner in which they are used that produced the benefit or harm. And it is people — legislators, policymakers, police leaders, and practitioners that make the decisions about how technology is used in policing. It is up to these same people, working in conjunction with the people they are paid to serve and protect, that will establish the guardrails that constrain the use of advanced technology, thereby maximizing benefit and minimizing harm.

It is beyond the scope of this report to examine the advancing technologies that will inevitably be linked to BWCs. However, in the very near future, governments like LA County will need to establish mechanisms for ensuring the police and other parts of the criminal justice system have access to the advancing technologies they need to do a better job. At the same time, these mechanisms must also ensure that whilst trying to do good, government (and especially the police) do not harm the very people they are trying to protect.

CONCLUSION

Adequate personnel and resources, shared stakeholder knowledge, collaboration, transparency, and accountability all are critical pieces of an effective BWC program. Fortunately, LASD and the County have the ability to ensure that the LASD program under consideration is implemented and operated in a manner that balances a multitude of interests and leverages the taxpayer investment in public safety.

Policing does not exist in a vacuum. It is connected to other parts of the criminal justice system, to local government, and to communities. When something as potentially impactful as BWCs is introduced to a policing agency, it will affect other parts of the justice system, government, and communities. As such, significant consideration must be given to ensuring that, in trying to do good and reform one part of the ecosystem, unintentional harm is not done to its other parts. This is why, in the face of technological advances that are increasing at an exponential rate, constant monitoring of the impact – both positive and negative – that the LASD BWC program will produce is important. This monitoring should begin at the outset of the program and continue as it advances and evolves.

As with all technology, BWCs have the potential for creating great benefit or causing great harm. Therefore, people, such as policing leaders, policymakers, legislators, and community members, not machines, should determine how this technology is used to improve public safety. It is with their collective wisdom, collaboration, and balanced interests that communities will become safer and the police more trustworthy, credible, and legitimate in the eyes of the people they are sworn to protect.

APPENDIX I: SAMPLE INDICATORS OF SUCCESS

Sample Indicators of Success Body Worn Camera Implementation Project Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department

Stakeholder Sentiment and Quantifiable Outcomes Regarding the Implementation of Body Worn Cameras (BWC's)

Sentiment/Outcome	Metrics	How Measured
The BWC Program has increased trust and confidence in the LASD	Public opinion about: trust and confidence in the LASD overall	Focus Groups, Interviews, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Deputies treatment of people (greater respect and dignity)	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Public opinion re: confidence in the BWC program, its predictability and reliability	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Stakeholder input about the BWC program	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Number of formal complaints against deputies	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Resolution of complaints, claims and lawsuits against LASD personnel	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Incidence of deputy use-of-force	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Resolution of use-of-force investigations involving LASD personnel	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Quality of deputy training and operations	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Clear and comprehensive LASD policies re: BWC's (use, prohibited use, de-activation, footage review, storage, etc.)	LASD data, LASD policies, Focu Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Policy compliance by deputies	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Deputies' discretion re: activating BWC's	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Outcomes in criminal prosecution	DA/Court data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation

IACP PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Sentiment/Outcome	Metrics	How Measured
"The LASD is transparent in its use of BWC's"	Public accessibility of LASD BWC policy	Website, Focus Groups, Interviews, Surveys, Audits Evaluation
	Individual awareness of deputies recording	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Complainants access to BWC footage	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Public accessibility of BWC audits	LASD website, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
"The LASD is accountable in its use of BWC's"	BWC program management	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Familiarity with current technological advances	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Familiarity with current legislation and regulation	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Organizational accountability	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Compliance with policy, LA County regulations and state law	Legal Analysis, LASD data, LASI policies, Focus Groups, Surveys Audits, Evaluation
	Deputy accountability	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	BWC Program audits	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	OIG and COC consultation about BWC Program	OIG/COC data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation

IACP PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Sentiment/Outcome	Metrics	How Measured
"The LASD reasonably protects individual privacy in its use of BWC's	Public opinion re: BWC program and individual privacy	Focus Groups, Interviews, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	LASD policy re: privacy	Legal Analysis, LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Individual notification of BWC usage	LASD policy, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Deactivation of BWC's upon reasonable request	Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	Footage retention	Legal Analysis, LASD policy, Audits, Evaluation
"The LASD BWC program is a reasonable expenditure of taxpayer resources"	Public opinion re: reasonableness of BWC expenditures	LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
	BWC program cost-effectiveness	Financial Analysis, LASD data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits Evaluation
	Cost reductions (Use of Force investigations., complaints, claims, lawsuits, prosecutions)	Financial Analysis, Legal Analysis, LASD data, DA/Court data, Focus Groups, Surveys, Audits, Evaluation
*	BWC-related budget expenditures	Financial Analysis, LASD budge Audits, Evaluation

APPENDIX II: BWC SCORECARD

Sample LASD Body Worn Camera Planning/Policy Scorecard

Policy Issue	Yes	No	Under Consideration
Planning			
Planning team included diverse interests within the department			
Planning team included community input			
Planning team reviewed "best practices"			
Planning team examined lessons learned from other agencies			
There is a organization-wide training plan			
There a plan for using BWC footage for training purposes			
There is a training plan for other affected County departments			
Department has planned for the creation of a Users Working Group			
Policy			
Policy was created after research into best practices, and lessons learned			
Policy was created with community and oversight input			
LASD BWC policy is publicly accessible			
Policy directs who wears BWC's			
Policy directs placement of BWC's			
Policy limits deputy discretion when to activate BWC's			
Policy directs deputies as to discontinued use of BWC (requires documentation)			
Policy allows deputy review prior to statement, with exceptions			
Policy mandates documentation of BWC footage			
Policy encourages deputies to notify persons of BWC usage			
Policy allows for discretionary deactivation upon citizen request			
Policy prohibits misuse of BWC footage			
Policy prohibits supervisory misuse of BWC footage			
Policy addresses wearing BWC's during off-duty assignments			
Policy prohibits personal BWC's			
Policy addresses public release of BWC footage			
Complainants have access to BWC footage			
Footage retained only as long as legally required or as an evidentiary necessity			
Policy mandates regular audits			
Policy mandates random supervisory review			
Policy includes annual security certification			
Policy complies with relevant state law			
Policy addresses retention of BWC footage			
Policy contains a statement about the importance of citizen privacy			

APPENDIX III: LEGAL ANALYSIS

LAW OFFICES FERGUSON, PRAET & SHERMAN

A Professional Corporation 1631 East 18th Street Santa Ana, California 92705-7101 714.953.5300 telephone 714.953.1143 facsimile

March 20, 2019

IACP - LASD Independent Body Worn Camera Project By: Bruce D. Praet, Attorney at Law

While the primary focus of this aspect of the project will be the impact of California statutory provisions on Body Worn Camera (BWC) video, other policy considerations will be addressed based upon current litigation trends and risk management.

California Statutory Provisions

As of 2019, the California Legislature enacted several "transparency" statutes which now regulate the disclosure requirements for BWC videos. Effective January 1, 2019, SB1421 amended *Penal Code § 832.7* to remove previous confidentiality protections for four identified types of peace officer personnel records (e.g. sustained allegations of dishonesty, sexual battery, officer-involved shootings and uses of force involving great bodily injury). Effective July 1, 2019, AB 748 amends *Government Code § 6254(f)(4)* as part of the California Public Records Act (PRA) to provide specific guidelines for the disclosure of audio/video recordings of all "critical incidents" (as defined by statute and below). Although these legislative amendments contain several ambiguous and potentially conflicting provisions which will inevitably be subject to ongoing judicial interpretations, the following language is recommended for inclusion in any BWC policy (subject to LASD-specific adjustments) with advisory comments in *italics* 1 :

¹NOTE: California has not yet mandated specific retention periods for BWC video, but has set forth recommended guidelines in *Penal Code § 832.18* establishing a minimum two (2) year retention for all BWC video involving (1) use of force/OIS, (2) detentions/arrests, and (3) formal complaints. While it is recommended that these identified categories be minimally retained for the recommended two (2) year period (i.e. the statute of limitations for any resulting civil action), 832.18 further recommends that all other BWC recordings be minimally retained for six (6) months. In any case resulting in criminal, civil or administrative proceedings, the associated BWC recordings should minimally be retained for the duration of the related proceedings (including any appeals). These statutory guidelines are not yet mandated and must be considered in conjunction with County retention schedules, storage costs, logistics and other factors.

Legal Aspects - Bruce D. Praet March 20, 2019 Page 2

- A. Notwithstanding any other statutory or policy provision, the Department shall retain the sole discretion to publicly release any portion of Body Worn Camera (BWC) recordings upon the recommendation of (insert Command Staff member) in consultation with (insert appropriate designated investigative staff) under any of the following conditions:
- 1. It is determined that the release of any portion of such BWC recordings may assist with the furtherance of an ongoing investigation,
- 2. It is determined that the release of any portion of such BWC recordings may serve to dispel erroneous or inaccurate information in the public domain or may otherwise serve to educate the public without interfering with any ongoing investigation,
- 3. Nothing in this section shall be considered a waiver of any statutory provisions or otherwise require the public release of any portion of any BWC recording or other materials not released under such terms.

[EDITOR NOTE: The above section A is recommended to permit the agency to exercise its discretion in releasing BWC recordings and other materials in the interest of transparency and/or when such early releases may serve to dispel rumors and/or educate the public. Agencies such as LAPD have recently experienced tremendous success with these early releases and it is anticipated that LASD will have similar production capabilities. While examples of LAPD productions of "Critical Incident Reviews" may be found on the internet, it is recommended that such productions be condensed to less than five minutes as the desired impact of many of the 10-15 minute LAPD productions seems to be diminished by excessive length. If LASD elects to engage in such a recommended practice, these productions can serve to provide the public with a more accurate account of sometimes controversial or misunderstood critical incidents by putting the situation into the proper context (e.g. often including brief segments of underlying 911 calls, suspect background and officer perspective). Such carefully edited and controlled early releases may also serve to minimize any biased perceptions reflected in any subsequently edited versions of BWC recordings obtained under the PRA.]

- B. In response to any written request under the Public Records Act [PRA], BWC video and audio recordings of any critical incident (defined below) shall be subject to release within ten (10) days unless any of the following conditions apply:
- 1. If the facts and circumstances depicted in any recording would substantially interfere with any active criminal or administrative investigation, disclosure may be delayed for up to forty-five calendar days. If such delay is asserted, the Department shall provide the requester with a written response specifying the basis for the delay and an estimated date for disclosure.

Legal Aspects - Bruce D. Praet March 20, 2019 Page 3

- 2. If, after forty-five days, it is determined that the release of any recording would continue to substantially interfere with any active criminal or administrative investigation, disclosure may be further delayed up to one year with written notice to the requester of the specific basis for the further delay and an estimated date for disclosure.
- 3. Any delay beyond one year must be supported by clear and convincing evidence that disclosure would substantially interfere with an active investigation. The requester shall promptly be provided with a written response setting forth the specific basis for the determination that the interest in preventing interference with an active investigation outweighs the public's interest in disclosure and an estimated date for release. Such delays shall be reassessed every thirty days with ongoing written notice to the requester.
- 4. If, at any time, it is determined by the facts and circumstances depicted in any recording that the public's interest in withholding such recording outweighs the public's interest in disclosure due to a violation of a reasonable expectation of privacy of any subject depicted in the recording, the requester shall be promptly provided with written notice of the specific basis for non-disclosure.

[EDITOR NOTE: The Department may or may not wish to include examples of circumstances which might trigger a reasonable expectation of privacy such a sexual assault victims, domestic violence victims, confidential informants, etc. If not set forth in policy, these examples should be addressed in training.]

- a. If non-disclosure is based on a reasonable expectation of privacy, the Department may use reduction technology to blur or distort images or audio to obscure those specific portions of the recording that protect that privacy interest.
- b. If the reasonable expectation of privacy of any individual cannot be adequately protected through redaction, the recording (redacted or unredacted) shall nonetheless be disclosed (subject to any applicable delays), upon written request, to the following:
- 1. The subject of the recording whose privacy is to be protected or his or her authorized representative,
 - 2. The parent or legal guardian of any minor whose privacy is to be protected.
- 3. The executor, administrator, heir, beneficiary, designated family member, authorized legal representative or guardian of the estate of any deceased person whose privacy is to be protected.

Legal Aspects - Bruce D. Praet March 20, 2019 Page 4

- C. For purposes of this policy, video and audio recordings of any critical incident shall include any of the following:
 - 1. Any incident involving the discharge of a firearm at a person by a deputy.
- 2. Any incident involving a strike with an impact weapon or projectile to the head or neck of a person by a deputy or (correctional deputy).
- 3. Any incident in which the use of force by a deputy (or correctional deputy) against a person results in death or serious bodily injury, including, but not limited to loss of consciousness, concussion, bone fracture, protracted loss or impairment of function of any bodily member or organ, a wound requiring extensive suturing, and serious disfigurement.
 - 4. The death of any arrestee or detainee in custody.

Other Points for Consideration

- 1. <u>Adoption of LAPD Policy</u> while LASD may elect to use LAPD's policy as a foundation for developing its own BWC policy, it will obviously require modification to fit the structure of LASD (e.g. "deputy" vs. "officer", agency structural and command differences).
- A. One of the unfortunate pitfalls of large agency policies is that they often become overly complicated and voluminous. Thus, it is recommended that LASD strive to develop a policy which is concise, easy to follow and containing as few conflicts/cross-references as possible.
- B. It is also noted that the LAPD policy contains several mandatory provisions set forth with "shall" (e.g. LAPD section IV). While it might sometimes be necessary to mandate certain behavior, the unpredictable variables of law enforcement often box agencies into unrealistically mandated actions when appropriate exceptions may inevitably arise. In order to allow for such exceptions, it is recommended that limited discretion be permitted through the use of qualifying "should" language. Whether limited to this policy or on a broader scale, "should" is generally defined as conduct which is required unless the deputy is able to meet his/her burden of articulating reasonable justification for noncompliance. This permits the agency to enforce the policy while still allowing for inevitable exceptions.

Legal Aspects - Bruce D. Praet March 20, 2019 Page 5

- C. While LAPD does a reasonable job of addressing BWC activation and deactivation, care should be exercised to allow for exceptions and discretion in both instances. For example, while the LAPD policy essentially requires the BWC to remain activated until an incident ends, consideration should be given to situations in which tactical circumstances may warrant temporary deactivation for officer safety, confidentiality, etc. If, of course, such exceptions are provided, the involved deput(ies) should be required to announce the de-activation with a brief explanation.
- 2. Equipment Mounting depending on the manufacturer and equipment configuration, placement of the camera continues to be subject to debate. Although many agencies have opted to mount the camera toward the center of the officer's chest, many officer- involved shootings and Taser deployments are unfortunately blocked when the officer instinctively assumes a so-called "Weaver stance" (i.e. the camera captures the butt of the officer's weapon and hands, but fails to capture critical actions of the suspect). Of course, alternate camera locations carry other issues such as the potential for eyeglass mounts to dislodge and no one has yet to come up with the perfect camera placement.
- 3. <u>Deputy Review of BWC Recordings</u> although some critics oppose allowing deputies to review BWC and other recordings prior to completing reports or providing statements, experience dictates that LAPD's allowance for such review is the best practice.
- A. This is true not only in critical incidents, but in virtually every situation in which a deputy provides a report or statement. While deputies may attempt to quote a suspect or witness verbatim in a report, this should never be done without first confirming the exact language being quoted. Far too many deputies have been accused of perjury when their reports/statements fail to precisely conform to a recording. Simple solution: Take a few minutes to review all recordings before writing any report or providing a formal statement.
- B. Although no deputy should attempt to conform his/her report or statement to what is depicted in a recording, it is essential that the deputy understand the "totality of the circumstances" (e.g. *Graham v. Connor*) before attempting to accurately recall an often stressful situation. This is far superior to allowing a deputy to "guess" what may have occurred, only later to have his/her credibility challenged when a recording suggests otherwise.
- C. As the United States Supreme Court noted in *Scott v. Harris*, a video recording corroborating a deputy's version of an incident may serve to completely discredit claims of anyone to the contrary. With the increasing prevalence of BWC video, many state and federal courts are now dismissing lawsuits without the need for costly trials in light of the undisputed facts depicted in these recordings.

Legal Aspects - Bruce D. Praet March 20, 2019 Page 6

While it is hoped that this analysis of California's statutory provisions and other issues is sufficient to guide the development of LASD's BWC policy, please do not hesitate to call or request further guidance on these issues.

Respectfully Submitted:

By: /s/ Bruce D. Praet

Bruce D. Praet, Attorney at Law

APPENDIX IV: SB1421



Senate Bill No. 1421

CHAPTER 988

An act to amend Sections 832.7 and 832.8 of the Penal Code, relating to peace officer records.

[Approved by Governor September 30, 2018. Filed with Secretary of State September 30, 2018.]

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1421. Skinner. Peace officers: release of records.

The California Public Records Act requires a state or local agency, as defined, to make public records available for inspection, subject to certain exceptions. Existing law requires any peace officer or custodial officer personnel records, as defined, and any records maintained by any state or local agency relating to complaints against peace officers and custodial officers, or any information obtained from these records, to be confidential and prohibits the disclosure of those records in any criminal or civil proceeding, except by discovery. Existing law describes exceptions to this requirement for investigations or proceedings concerning the conduct of peace officers or custodial officers, and for an agency or department that employs those officers, conducted by a grand jury, a district attorney's office, or the Attorney General's office.

This bill would require, notwithstanding any other law, certain peace officer or custodial officer personnel records and records relating to specified incidents, complaints, and investigations involving peace officers and custodial officers to be made available for public inspection pursuant to the California Public Records Act. The bill would define the scope of disclosable records. The bill would require records disclosed pursuant to this provision to be redacted only to remove personal data or information, such as a home address, telephone number, or identities of family members, other than the names and work-related information of peace officers and custodial officers, to preserve the anonymity of complainants and witnesses, or to protect confidential medical, financial, or other information in which disclosure would cause an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy that clearly outweighs the strong public interest in records about misconduct by peace officers and custodial officers, or where there is a specific, particularized reason to believe that disclosure would pose a significant danger to the physical safety of the peace officer, custodial officer, or others. Additionally the bill would authorize redaction where, on the facts of the particular case, the public interest served by nondisclosure clearly outweighs the public interest served by disclosure. The bill would allow the delay of disclosure, as specified, for records relating to an open investigation or court proceeding, subject to certain limitations.

Ch. 988 —2—

The California Constitution requires local agencies, for the purpose of ensuring public access to the meetings of public bodies and the writings of public officials and agencies, to comply with a statutory enactment that amends or enacts laws relating to public records or open meetings and contains findings demonstrating that the enactment furthers the constitutional requirements relating to this purpose.

This bill would make legislative findings to that effect.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for

a specified reason.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:

(a) Peace officers help to provide one of our state's most fundamental government services. To empower peace officers to fulfill their mission, the people of California vest them with extraordinary authority — the powers to detain, search, arrest, and use deadly force. Our society depends on peace officers' faithful exercise of that authority. Misuse of that authority can lead to grave constitutional violations, harms to liberty and the inherent sanctity of human life, as well as significant public unrest.

(b) The public has a right to know all about serious police misconduct, as well as about officer-involved shootings and other serious uses of force. Concealing crucial public safety matters such as officer violations of civilians' rights, or inquiries into deadly use of force incidents, undercuts the public's faith in the legitimacy of law enforcement, makes it harder for tens of thousands of hardworking peace officers to do their jobs, and

endangers public safety.

SEC. 2. Section 832.7 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

832.7. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), the personnel records of peace officers and custodial officers and records maintained by any state or local agency pursuant to Section 832.5. or information obtained from these records, are confidential and shall not be disclosed in any criminal or civil proceeding except by discovery pursuant to Sections 1043 and 1046 of the Evidence Code. This section shall not apply to investigations or proceedings concerning the conduct of peace officers or custodial officers, or an agency or department that employs those officers, conducted by a grand jury, a district attorney's office, or the Attorney General's office.

(b) (1) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), subdivision (f) of Section 6254 of the Government Code, or any other law, the following peace officer or custodial officer personnel records and records maintained by any state or local agency shall not be confidential and shall be made available for public inspection pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5

-3-

Ch. 988

(commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code):

(A) A record relating to the report, investigation, or findings of any of the following:

 An incident involving the discharge of a firearm at a person by a peace officer or custodial officer.

(ii) An incident in which the use of force by a peace officer or custodial officer against a person resulted in death, or in great bodily injury.

(B) (i) Any record relating to an incident in which a sustained finding was made by any law enforcement agency or oversight agency that a peace officer or custodial officer engaged in sexual assault involving a member of the public.

(ii) As used in this subparagraph, "sexual assault" means the commission or attempted initiation of a sexual act with a member of the public by means of force, threat, coercion, extortion, offer of leniency or other official favor, or under the color of authority. For purposes of this definition, the propositioning for or commission of any sexual act while on duty is considered a sexual assault.

(iii) As used in this subparagraph, "member of the public" means any person not employed by the officer's employing agency and includes any participant in a cadet, explorer, or other youth program affiliated with the agency.

(C) Any record relating to an incident in which a sustained finding was made by any law enforcement agency or oversight agency of dishonesty by a peace officer or custodial officer directly relating to the reporting investigation, or prosecution of a crime, or directly relating to the reporting of, or investigation of misconduct by, another peace officer or custodial officer, including, but not limited to, any sustained finding of perjury, false statements, filing false reports, destruction, falsifying, or concealing of evidence.

(2) Records that shall be released pursuant to this subdivision include all investigative reports; photographic, audio, and video evidence: transcripts or recordings of interviews; autopsy reports; all materials compiled and presented for review to the district attorney or to any person or body charged with determining whether to file criminal charges against an officer in connection with an incident, or whether the officer's action was consistent with law and agency policy for purposes of discipline or administrative action, or what discipline to impose or corrective action to take; documents setting forth findings or recommended findings; and copies of disciplinary records relating to the incident, including any letters of intent to impose discipline, any documents reflecting modifications of discipline due to the Skelly or grievance process, and letters indicating final imposition of discipline or other documentation reflecting implementation of corrective action.

(3) A record from a separate and prior investigation or assessment of a separate incident shall not be released unless it is independently subject to disclosure pursuant to this subdivision.

Ch. 988 —4—

(4) If an investigation or incident involves multiple officers, information about allegations of misconduct by, or the analysis or disposition of an investigation of, an officer shall not be released pursuant to subparagraph (B) or (C) of paragraph (1), unless it relates to a sustained finding against that officer. However, factual information about that action of an officer during an incident, or the statements of an officer about an incident, shall be released if they are relevant to a sustained finding against another officer that is subject to release pursuant to subparagraph (B) or (C) of paragraph (1).

(5) An agency shall redact a record disclosed pursuant to this section

only for any of the following purposes:

(A) To remove personal data or information, such as a home address, telephone number, or identities of family members, other than the names and work-related information of peace and custodial officers.

(B) To preserve the anonymity of complainants and witnesses.

(C) To protect confidential medical, financial, or other information of which disclosure is specifically prohibited by federal law or would cause an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy that clearly outweighs the strong public interest in records about misconduct and serious use of force by peace officers and custodial officers.

(D) Where there is a specific, articulable, and particularized reason to believe that disclosure of the record would pose a significant danger to the physical safety of the peace officer, custodial officer, or another person.

(6) Notwithstanding paragraph (5), an agency may redact a record disclosed pursuant to this section, including personal identifying information, where, on the facts of the particular case, the public interest served by not disclosing the information clearly outweighs the public interest served by disclosure of the information.

(7) An agency may withhold a record of an incident described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) that is the subject of an active criminal or administrative investigation, in accordance with any of the following:

- (A) (i) During an active criminal investigation, disclosure may be delayed for up to 60 days from the date the use of force occurred or until the district attorney determines whether to file criminal charges related to the use of force, whichever occurs sooner. If an agency delays disclosure pursuant to this clause, the agency shall provide, in writing, the specific basis for the agency's determination that the interest in delaying disclosure clearly outweighs the public interest in disclosure. This writing shall include the estimated date for disclosure of the withheld information.
- (ii) After 60 days from the use of force, the agency may continue to delay the disclosure of records or information if the disclosure could reasonably be expected to interfere with a criminal enforcement proceeding against an officer who used the force. If an agency delays disclosure pursuant to this clause, the agency shall, at 180-day intervals as necessary, provide, in writing, the specific basis for the agency's determination that disclosure could reasonably be expected to interfere with a criminal enforcement proceeding. The writing shall include the estimated date for the disclosure

of the withheld information. Information withheld by the agency shall be disclosed when the specific basis for withholding is resolved, when the investigation or proceeding is no longer active, or by no later than 18 months after the date of the incident, whichever occurs sooner.

- (iii) After 60 days from the use of force, the agency may continue to delay the disclosure of records or information if the disclosure could reasonably be expected to interfere with a criminal enforcement proceeding against someone other than the officer who used the force. If an agency delays disclosure under this clause, the agency shall, at 180-day intervals. provide, in writing, the specific basis why disclosure could reasonably be expected to interfere with a criminal enforcement proceeding, and shall provide an estimated date for the disclosure of the withheld information. Information withheld by the agency shall be disclosed when the specific basis for withholding is resolved, when the investigation or proceeding is no longer active, or by no later than 18 months after the date of the incident, whichever occurs sooner, unless extraordinary circumstances warrant continued delay due to the ongoing criminal investigation or proceeding. In that case, the agency must show by clear and convincing evidence that the interest in preventing prejudice to the active and ongoing criminal investigation or proceeding outweighs the public interest in prompt disclosure of records about use of serious force by peace officers and custodial officers. The agency shall release all information subject to disclosure that does not cause substantial prejudice, including any documents that have otherwise become available.
- (iv) In an action to compel disclosure brought pursuant to Section 6258 of the Government Code, an agency may justify delay by filing an application to seal the basis for withholding, in accordance with Rule 2.550 of the California Rules of Court, or any successor rule thereto, if disclosure of the written basis itself would impact a privilege or compromise a pending investigation.
- (B) If criminal charges are filed related to the incident in which force was used, the agency may delay the disclosure of records or information until a verdict on those charges is returned at trial or, if a plea of guilty or no contest is entered, the time to withdraw the plea pursuant to Section 1018.
- (C) During an administrative investigation into an incident described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), the agency may delay the disclosure of records or information until the investigating agency determines whether the use of force violated a law or agency policy, but no longer than 180 days after the date of the employing agency's discovery of the use of force, or allegation of use of force, by a person authorized to initiate an investigation, or 30 days after the close of any criminal investigation related to the peace officer or custodial officer's use of force, whichever is later.
- (8) A record of a civilian complaint, or the investigations, findings, or dispositions of that complaint, shall not be released pursuant to this section if the complaint is frivolous, as defined in Section 128.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure, or if the complaint is unfounded.

Ch. 988 — 6 —

(c) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) and (b), a department or agency shall release to the complaining party a copy of his or her own statements

at the time the complaint is filed.

(d) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) and (b), a department or agency that employs peace or custodial officers may disseminate data regarding the number, type, or disposition of complaints (sustained, not sustained, exonerated, or unfounded) made against its officers if that information is

in a form which does not identify the individuals involved.

(e) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) and (b), a department or agency that employs peace or custodial officers may release factual information concerning a disciplinary investigation if the officer who is the subject of the disciplinary investigation, or the officer's agent or representative, publicly makes a statement he or she knows to be false concerning the investigation or the imposition of disciplinary action. Information may not be disclosed by the peace or custodial officer's employer unless the false statement was published by an established medium of communication, such as television, radio, or a newspaper. Disclosure of factual information by the employing agency pursuant to this subdivision is limited to facts contained in the officer's personnel file concerning the disciplinary investigation or imposition of disciplinary action that specifically refute the false statements made public by the peace or custodial officer or his or her agent or representative.

(f) (1) The department or agency shall provide written notification to the complaining party of the disposition of the complaint within 30 days of

the disposition.

(2) The notification described in this subdivision shall not be conclusive or binding or admissible as evidence in any separate or subsequent action or proceeding brought before an arbitrator, court, or judge of this state or the United States.

(g) This section does not affect the discovery or disclosure of information contained in a peace or custodial officer's personnel file pursuant to Section

1043 of the Evidence Code.

- (h) This section does not supersede or affect the criminal discovery process outlined in Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 1054) of Title 6 of Part 2, or the admissibility of personnel records pursuant to subdivision (a), which codifies the court decision in Pitchess v. Superior Court (1974) 11 Cal.3d 531.
- (i) Nothing in this chapter is intended to limit the public's right of access as provided for in Long Beach Police Officers Association v. City of Long Beach (2014) 59 Cal.4th 59.

SEC. 3. Section 832.8 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

832.8. As used in Section 832.7, the following words or phrases have

the following meanings:

(a) "Personnel records" means any file maintained under that individual's name by his or her employing agency and containing records relating to any of the following:

(1) Personal data, including marital status, family members, educational and employment history, home addresses, or similar information.

(2) Medical history.

(3) Election of employee benefits.

(4) Employee advancement, appraisal, or discipline.

(5) Complaints, or investigations of complaints, concerning an event or transaction in which he or she participated, or which he or she perceived, and pertaining to the manner in which he or she performed his or her duties.

(6) Any other information the disclosure of which would constitute an

unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

(b) "Sustained" means a final determination by an investigating agency, commission, board, hearing officer, or arbitrator, as applicable, following an investigation and opportunity for an administrative appeal pursuant to Sections 3304 and 3304.5 of the Government Code, that the actions of the peace officer or custodial officer were found to violate law or department policy.

(c) "Unfounded" means that an investigation clearly establishes that the

allegation is not true.

SEC. 4. The Legislature finds and declares that Section 2 of this act, which amends Section 832.7 of the Penal Code, furthers, within the meaning of paragraph (7) of subdivision (b) of Section 3 of Article I of the California Constitution, the purposes of that constitutional section as it relates to the right of public access to the meetings of local public bodies or the writings of local public officials and local agencies. Pursuant to paragraph (7) of subdivision (b) of Section 3 of Article I of the California Constitution, the Legislature makes the following findings:

The public has a strong, compelling interest in law enforcement transparency because it is essential to having a just and democratic society.

SEC. 5. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district under this act would result from a legislative mandate that is within the scope of paragraph (7) of subdivision (b) of Section 3 of Article I of the California Constitution.

APPENDIX V: AB748



Assembly Bill No. 748

CHAPTER 960

An act to amend Section 6254 of the Government Code, relating to peace officers.

[Approved by Governor September 30, 2018. Filed with Secretary of State September 30, 2018.]

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 748, Ting. Peace officers: video and audio recordings: disclosure. Existing law, the California Public Records Act, requires that public records, as defined, be available to the public for inspection and made promptly available to any person. Existing law makes records of investigations conducted by any state or local police agency exempt from these requirements. Existing law requires specified information regarding the investigation of crimes to be disclosed to the public unless disclosure would endanger the safety of a person involved in an investigation or would endanger the successful completion of the investigation.

This bill would, notwithstanding the above provisions, commencing July 1, 2019, allow a video or audio recording that relates to a critical incident. as defined, to be withheld for 45 calendar days if disclosure would substantially interfere with an active investigation, subject to extensions. as specified. The bill would allow the recording to be withheld if the public interest in withholding video or audio recording clearly outweighs the public interest in disclosure because the release of the recording would, based on the facts and circumstances depicted in the recording, violate the reasonable expectation of privacy of a subject depicted in the recording, in which case the bill would allow the recording to be redacted to protect that interest. If the agency demonstrates that the reasonable expectation of privacy of a subject depicted in the recording cannot adequately be protected through redaction, the bill would require that the recording be promptly disclosed to a subject of the recording, his or her parent, guardian, or representative, as applicable, or his or her heir, beneficiary, immediate family member, or authorized legal representative, if deceased.

By requiring local agencies to make these recordings available, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Ch. 960 — 2 —

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 6254 of the Government Code, as amended by Section 1 of Chapter 560 of the Statutes of 2017, is amended to read:

6254. Except as provided in Sections 6254.7 and 6254.13, this chapter

does not require the disclosure of any of the following records:

(a) Preliminary drafts, notes, or interagency or intra-agency memoranda that are not retained by the public agency in the ordinary course of business, if the public interest in withholding those records clearly outweighs the public interest in disclosure.

(b) Records pertaining to pending litigation to which the public agency is a party, or to claims made pursuant to Division 3.6 (commencing with Section 810), until the pending litigation or claim has been finally

adjudicated or otherwise settled.

(c) Personnel, medical, or similar files, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

(d) Records contained in or related to any of the following:

(1) Applications filed with any state agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of the issuance of securities or of financial institutions, including, but not limited to, banks, savings and loan associations, industrial loan companies, credit unions, and insurance companies.

(2) Examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf

of, or for the use of, any state agency referred to in paragraph (1).

(3) Preliminary drafts, notes, or interagency or intra-agency communications prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of, any state agency referred to in paragraph (1).

(4) Information received in confidence by any state agency referred to

in paragraph (1).

(e) Geological and geophysical data, plant production data, and similar information relating to utility systems development, or market or crop

reports, that are obtained in confidence from any person.

(f) Records of complaints to, or investigations conducted by, or records of intelligence information or security procedures of, the office of the Attorney General and the Department of Justice, the Office of Emergency Services and any state or local police agency, or any investigatory or security files compiled by any other state or local police agency, or any investigatory or security files compiled by any other state or local agency for correctional. law enforcement, or licensing purposes. However, state and local law enforcement agencies shall disclose the names and addresses of persons involved in, or witnesses other than confidential informants to, the incident, the description of any property involved, the date, time, and location of the incident, all diagrams, statements of the parties involved in the incident, the statements of all witnesses, other than confidential informants, to the victims of an incident, or an authorized representative thereof, an insurance carrier against which a claim has been or might be made, and any person suffering bodily injury or property damage or loss, as the result of the incident caused by arson, burglary, fire, explosion, larceny, robbery, carjacking, vandalism,

vehicle theft, or a crime as defined by subdivision (b) of Section 13951. unless the disclosure would endanger the safety of a witness or other person involved in the investigation, or unless disclosure would endanger the successful completion of the investigation or a related investigation. However, this subdivision does not require the disclosure of that portion of those investigative files that reflects the analysis or conclusions of the investigating officer.

Customer lists provided to a state or local police agency by an alarm or security company at the request of the agency shall be construed to be

records subject to this subdivision.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, state and local law enforcement agencies shall make public the following information, except to the extent that disclosure of a particular item of information would endanger the safety of a person involved in an investigation or would endanger the successful completion of the investigation or a related investigation:

(1) The full name and occupation of every individual arrested by the agency, the individual's physical description including date of birth, color of eyes and hair, sex. height and weight, the time and date of arrest, the time and date of booking, the location of the arrest, the factual circumstances surrounding the arrest, the amount of bail set, the time and manner of release or the location where the individual is currently being held, and all charges the individual is being held upon, including any outstanding warrants from

other jurisdictions and parole or probation holds.

(2) (A) Subject to the restrictions imposed by Section 841.5 of the Penal Code, the time, substance, and location of all complaints or requests for assistance received by the agency and the time and nature of the response thereto, including, to the extent the information regarding crimes alleged or committed or any other incident investigated is recorded, the time, date, and location of occurrence, the time and date of the report, the name and age of the victim, the factual circumstances surrounding the crime or incident, and a general description of any injuries, property, or weapons involved. The name of a victim of any crime defined by Section 220, 261, 261.5, 262. 264. 264.1, 265, 266, 266a, 266b, 266c, 266e, 266f, 266j, 267. 269, 273a, 273d, 273.5, 285, 286, 288, 288a, 288.2, 288.3, 288.4, 288.5, 288.7, 289, 422.6, 422.7, 422.75. 646.9, or 647.6 of the Penal Code may be withheld at the victim's request, or at the request of the victim's parent or guardian if the victim is a minor. When a person is the victim of more than one crime, information disclosing that the person is a victim of a crime defined in any of the sections of the Penal Code set forth in this subdivision may be deleted at the request of the victim, or the victim's parent or guardian if the victim is a minor, in making the report of the crime, or of any crime or incident accompanying the crime, available to the public in compliance with the requirements of this paragraph.

(B) Subject to the restrictions imposed by Section 841.5 of the Penal Code, the names and images of a victim of human trafficking, as defined in Section 236.1 of the Penal Code, and of that victim's immediate family. Ch. 960 —4-

other than a family member who is charged with a criminal offense arising from the same incident, may be withheld at the victim's request until the investigation or any subsequent prosecution is complete. For purposes of this subdivision, "immediate family" shall have the same meaning as that provided in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of Section 422.4 of the Penal Code

(3) Subject to the restrictions of Section 841.5 of the Penal Code and this subdivision, the current address of every individual arrested by the agency and the current address of the victim of a crime, if the requester declares under penalty of perjury that the request is made for a scholarly, journalistic. political, or governmental purpose, or that the request is made for investigation purposes by a licensed private investigator as described in Chapter 11.3 (commencing with Section 7512) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code. However, the address of the victim of any crime defined by Section 220, 236.1, 261, 261.5, 262, 264, 264.1, 265, 266, 266a, 266b, 266c, 266e, 266f, 266j, 267, 269, 273a, 273d, 273.5, 285, 286, 288, 288a, 288.2, 288.3, 288.4, 288.5, 288.7, 289, 422.6, 422.7, 422.75, 646.9, or 647.6 of the Penal Code shall remain confidential. Address information obtained pursuant to this paragraph shall not be used directly or indirectly, or furnished to another, to sell a product or service to any individual or group of individuals, and the requester shall execute a declaration to that effect under penalty of perjury. This paragraph shall not be construed to prohibit or limit a scholarly, journalistic, political, or government use of address information obtained pursuant to this paragraph.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, commencing July 1, 2019, a video or audio recording that relates to a critical incident, as defined in subparagraph (C), may be withheld only as follows:

- (A) (i) During an active criminal or administrative investigation, disclosure of a recording related to a critical incident may be delayed for no longer than 45 calendar days after the date the agency knew or reasonably should have known about the incident, if, based on the facts and circumstances depicted in the recording, disclosure would substantially interfere with the investigation, such as by endangering the safety of a witness or a confidential source. If an agency delays disclosure pursuant to this paragraph, the agency shall provide in writing to the requester the specific basis for the agency's determination that disclosure would substantially interfere with the investigation and the estimated date for disclosure.
- (ii) After 45 days from the date the agency knew or reasonably should have known about the incident, and up to one year from that date, the agency may continue to delay disclosure of a recording if the agency demonstrates that disclosure would substantially interfere with the investigation. After one year from the date the agency knew or reasonably should have known about the incident, the agency may continue to delay disclosure of a recording only if the agency demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that disclosure would substantially interfere with the investigation. If an agency delays disclosure pursuant to this clause, the agency shall promptly

provide in writing to the requester the specific basis for the agency's determination that the interest in preventing interference with an active investigation outweighs the public interest in disclosure and provide the estimated date for the disclosure. The agency shall reassess withholding and notify the requester every 30 days. A recording withheld by the agency shall be disclosed promptly when the specific basis for withholding is resolved.

(B) (i) If the agency demonstrates, on the facts of the particular case, that the public interest in withholding a video or audio recording clearly outweighs the public interest in disclosure because the release of the recording would, based on the facts and circumstances depicted in the recording, violate the reasonable expectation of privacy of a subject depicted in the recording, the agency shall provide in writing to the requester the specific basis for the expectation of privacy and the public interest served by withholding the recording and may use redaction technology, including blurring or distorting images or audio, to obscure those specific portions of the recording that protect that interest. However, the redaction shall not interfere with the viewer's ability to fully, completely, and accurately comprehend the events captured in the recording and the recording shall not otherwise be edited or altered.

(ii) Except as provided in clause (iii), if the agency demonstrates that the reasonable expectation of privacy of a subject depicted in the recording cannot adequately be protected through redaction as described in clause (i) and that interest outweighs the public interest in disclosure, the agency may withhold the recording from the public, except that the recording, either redacted as provided in clause (i) or unredacted, shall be disclosed promptly, upon request, to any of the following:

(I) The subject of the recording whose privacy is to be protected, or his or her authorized representative.

(II) If the subject is a minor, the parent or legal guardian of the subject whose privacy is to be protected.

(III) If the subject whose privacy is to be protected is deceased, an heir, beneficiary, designated immediate family member, or authorized legal representative of the deceased subject whose privacy is to be protected.

(iii) If disclosure pursuant to clause (ii) would substantially interfere with an active criminal or administrative investigation, the agency shall provide in writing to the requester the specific basis for the agency's determination that disclosure would substantially interfere with the investigation, and provide the video or audio recording. Thereafter, the recording may be withheld by the agency for 45 calendar days, subject to extensions as set forth in clause (ii) of subparagraph (A).

(C) For purposes of this paragraph, a video or audio recording relates to a critical incident if it depicts any of the following incidents:

(i) An incident involving the discharge of a firearm at a person by a peace officer or custodial officer.

(ii) An incident in which the use of force by a peace officer or custodial officer against a person resulted in death or in great bodily injury.

Ch. 960 — 6 —

(D) An agency may provide greater public access to video or audio recordings than the minimum standards set forth in this paragraph.

(E) This paragraph does not alter, limit, or negate any other rights, remedies, or obligations with respect to public records regarding an incident other than a critical incident as described in subparagraph (C).

(F) For purposes of this paragraph, a peace officer does not include any peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation.

(g) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a licensing examination, examination for employment, or academic examination, except as provided for in Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 99150) of Part 65 of Division 14 of Title 3 of the Education Code.

(h) The contents of real estate appraisals or engineering or feasibility estimates and evaluations made for or by the state or local agency relative to the acquisition of property, or to prospective public supply and construction contracts, until all of the property has been acquired or all of the contract agreement obtained. However, the law of eminent domain shall not be affected by this provision.

(i) Information required from any taxpayer in connection with the collection of local taxes that is received in confidence and the disclosure of the information to other persons would result in unfair competitive

disadvantage to the person supplying the information.

(j) Library circulation records kept for the purpose of identifying the borrower of items available in libraries, and library and museum materials made or acquired and presented solely for reference or exhibition purposes. The exemption in this subdivision shall not apply to records of fines imposed on the borrowers.

(k) Records, the disclosure of which is exempted or prohibited pursuant to federal or state law, including, but not limited to, provisions of the

Evidence Code relating to privilege.

(1) Correspondence of and to the Governor or employees of the Governor's office or in the custody of or maintained by the Governor's Legal Affairs Secretary. However, public records shall not be transferred to the custody of the Governor's Legal Affairs Secretary to evade the disclosure provisions of this chapter.

(m) In the custody of or maintained by the Legislative Counsel, except those records in the public database maintained by the Legislative Counsel

that are described in Section 10248.

(n) Statements of personal worth or personal financial data required by a licensing agency and filed by an applicant with the licensing agency to establish his or her personal qualification for the license, certificate, or

permit applied for.

(o) Financial data contained in applications for financing under Division 27 (commencing with Section 44500) of the Health and Safety Code, if an authorized officer of the California Pollution Control Financing Authority determines that disclosure of the financial data would be competitively injurious to the applicant and the data is required in order to obtain

guarantees from the United States Small Business Administration. The California Pollution Control Financing Authority shall adopt rules for review of individual requests for confidentiality under this section and for making available to the public those portions of an application that are subject to disclosure under this chapter.

(p) (1) Records of state agencies related to activities governed by Chapter 10.3 (commencing with Section 3512), Chapter 10.5 (commencing with Section 3525), and Chapter 12 (commencing with Section 3560) of Division 4, that reveal a state agency's deliberative processes, impressions, evaluations, opinions, recommendations, meeting minutes, research, work products, theories, or strategy, or that provide instruction, advice, or training to employees who do not have full collective bargaining and representation rights under these chapters. This paragraph shall not be construed to limit the disclosure duties of a state agency with respect to any other records relating to the activities governed by the employee relations acts referred to in this paragraph.

(2) Records of local agencies related to activities governed by Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 3500) of Division 4, that reveal a local agency's deliberative processes, impressions, evaluations, opinions, recommendations, meeting minutes, research, work products, theories, or strategy, or that provide instruction, advice, or training to employees who do not have full collective bargaining and representation rights under that chapter. This paragraph shall not be construed to limit the disclosure duties of a local agency with respect to any other records relating to the activities governed by the employee relations act referred to in this paragraph.

(q) (1) Records of state agencies related to activities governed by Article 2.6 (commencing with Section 14081). Article 2.8 (commencing with Section 14087.5), and Article 2.91 (commencing with Section 14089) of Chapter 7 of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, that reveal the special negotiator's deliberative processes, discussions, communications, or any other portion of the negotiations with providers of health care services, impressions, opinions, recommendations, meeting minutes, research, work product, theories, or strategy, or that provide instruction, advice, or training to employees.

(2) Except for the portion of a contract containing the rates of payment, contracts for inpatient services entered into pursuant to these articles, on or after April 1, 1984, shall be open to inspection one year after they are fully executed. If a contract for inpatient services that is entered into prior to April 1, 1984, is amended on or after April 1, 1984, the amendment, except for any portion containing the rates of payment, shall be open to inspection one year after it is fully executed. If the California Medical Assistance Commission enters into contracts with health care providers for other than inpatient hospital services, those contracts shall be open to inspection one year after they are fully executed.

(3) Three years after a contract or amendment is open to inspection under this subdivision, the portion of the contract or amendment containing the rates of payment shall be open to inspection. Ch. 960 — 8 —

(4) Notwithstanding any other law, the entire contract or amendment shall be open to inspection by the Joint Legislative Audit Committee and the Legislative Analyst's Office. The committee and that office shall maintain the confidentiality of the contracts and amendments until the time a contract or amendment is fully open to inspection by the public.

(r) Records of Native American graves, cemeteries, and sacred places and records of Native American places, features, and objects described in Sections 5097.9 and 5097.993 of the Public Resources Code maintained by, or in the possession of, the Native American Heritage Commission.

another state agency, or a local agency.

(s) A final accreditation report of the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals that has been transmitted to the State Department of Health Care Services pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 1282 of the Health and

Safety Code.

(t) Records of a local hospital district, formed pursuant to Division 23 (commencing with Section 32000) of the Health and Safety Code, or the records of a municipal hospital, formed pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 37600) or Article 8 (commencing with Section 37650) of Chapter 5 of Part 2 of Division 3 of Title 4 of this code, that relate to any contract with an insurer or nonprofit hospital service plan for impatient or outpatient services for alternative rates pursuant to Section 10133 of the Insurance Code. However, the record shall be open to inspection within one year after the contract is fully executed.

(u) (1) Information contained in applications for licenses to carry firearms issued pursuant to Section 26150, 26155, 26170, or 26215 of the Penal Code by the sheriff of a county or the chief or other head of a municipal police department that indicates when or where the applicant is vulnerable to attack or that concerns the applicant's medical or psychological history or that of

members of his or her family.

(2) The home address and telephone number of prosecutors, public defenders, peace officers, judges, court commissioners, and magistrates that are set forth in applications for licenses to carry firearms issued pursuant to Section 26150, 26155, 26170, or 26215 of the Penal Code by the sheriff of a county or the chief or other head of a municipal police department.

(3) The home address and telephone number of prosecutors, public defenders, peace officers, judges, court commissioners, and magistrates that are set forth in licenses to carry firearms issued pursuant to Section 26150, 26155, 26170, or 26215 of the Penal Code by the sheriff of a county or the

chief or other head of a municipal police department.

(v) (1) Records of the Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board and the State Department of Health Care Services related to activities governed by former Part 6.3 (commencing with Section 12695), former Part 6.5 (commencing with Section 12700), Part 6.6 (commencing with Section 12739.5), or Part 6.7 (commencing with Section 12739.70) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code, or Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 15810) or Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 15870) of Part 3.3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, and that reveal any of the following:

(A) The deliberative processes, discussions, communications, or any other portion of the negotiations with entities contracting or seeking to contract with the board or the department, entities with which the board or the department is considering a contract, or entities with which the board or department is considering or enters into any other arrangement under which the board or the department provides, receives, or arranges services or reimbursement.

(B) The impressions, opinions, recommendations, meeting minutes, research, work product, theories, or strategy of the board or its staff or the department or its staff, or records that provide instructions, advice, or training

to their employees.

(2) (A) Except for the portion of a contract that contains the rates of payment, contracts entered into pursuant to former Part 6.3 (commencing with Section 12695), former Part 6.5 (commencing with Section 12700), Part 6.6 (commencing with Section 12739.5), or Part 6.7 (commencing with Section 12739.70) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code, or Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 15810) or Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 15870) of Part 3.3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, on or after July 1, 1991, shall be open to inspection one year after their effective dates.

(B) If a contract that is entered into prior to July 1, 1991, is amended on or after July 1, 1991, the amendment, except for any portion containing the rates of payment, shall be open to inspection one year after the effective date of the amendment.

(3) Three years after a contract or amendment is open to inspection pursuant to this subdivision, the portion of the contract or amendment

containing the rates of payment shall be open to inspection.

(4) Notwithstanding any other law, the entire contract or amendments to a contract shall be open to inspection by the Joint Legislative Audit Committee. The committee shall maintain the confidentiality of the contracts and amendments thereto, until the contracts or amendments to the contracts

are open to inspection pursuant to paragraph (3).

(w) (1) Records of the Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board related to activities governed by Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 10700) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Insurance Code, and that reveal the deliberative processes, discussions, communications, or any other portion of the negotiations with health plans, or the impressions, opinions, recommendations, meeting minutes, research, work product, theories, or strategy of the board or its staff, or records that provide instructions, advice, or training to employees.

(2) Except for the portion of a contract that contains the rates of payment, contracts for health coverage entered into pursuant to Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 10700) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Insurance Code, on or after January 1, 1993, shall be open to inspection one year after

they have been fully executed.

(3) Notwithstanding any other law, the entire contract or amendments to a contract shall be open to inspection by the Joint Legislative Audit

Ch. 960 — 10 —

Committee. The committee shall maintain the confidentiality of the contracts and amendments thereto, until the contracts or amendments to the contracts are open to inspection pursuant to paragraph (2).

(x) Financial data contained in applications for registration, or registration renewal, as a service contractor filed with the Director of Consumer Affairs pursuant to Chapter 20 (commencing with Section 9800) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code, for the purpose of establishing the service contractor's net worth, or financial data regarding the funded accounts held in escrow for service contracts held in force in this state by a service contractor.

(y) (1) Records of the Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board and the State Department of Health Care Services related to activities governed by Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693) or former Part 6.4 (commencing with Section 12699.50) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code or Sections 14005.26 and 14005.27 of, or Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 15850) of Part 3.3 of Division 9 of, the Welfare and Institutions Code, if the records reveal any of the following:

(A) The deliberative processes, discussions, communications, or any other portion of the negotiations with entities contracting or seeking to contract with the board or the department, entities with which the board or department is considering a contract, or entities with which the board or department is considering or enters into any other arrangement under which the board or department provides, receives, or arranges services or reimbursement.

(B) The impressions, opinions, recommendations, meeting minutes, research, work product, theories, or strategy of the board or its staff, or the department or its staff, or records that provide instructions, advice, or training to employees.

(2) (A) Except for the portion of a contract that contains the rates of payment, contracts entered into pursuant to Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693) or former Part 6.4 (commencing with Section 12699.50) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code, on or after January 1, 1998, or Sections 14005.26 and 14005.27 of, or Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 15850) of Part 3.3 of Division 9 of, the Welfare and Institutions Code shall be open to inspection one year after their effective dates.

(B) If a contract entered into pursuant to Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693) or former Part 6.4 (commencing with Section 12699.50) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code or Sections 14005.26 and 14005.27 of, or Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 15850) of Part 3.3 of Division 9 of, the Welfare and Institutions Code, is amended, the amendment shall be open to inspection one year after the effective date of the amendment.

(3) Three years after a contract or amendment is open to inspection pursuant to this subdivision, the portion of the contract or amendment containing the rates of payment shall be open to inspection.

(4) Notwithstanding any other law, the entire contract or amendments to a contract shall be open to inspection by the Joint Legislative Audit Committee. The committee shall maintain the confidentiality of the contracts

and amendments thereto until the contract or amendments to a contract are

open to inspection pursuant to paragraph (2) or (3).

- (5) The exemption from disclosure provided pursuant to this subdivision for the contracts, deliberative processes, discussions, communications, negotiations, impressions, opinions, recommendations, meeting minutes, research, work product, theories, or strategy of the board or its staff, or the department or its staff, shall also apply to the contracts, deliberative processes, discussions, communications, negotiations, impressions, opinions, recommendations, meeting minutes, research, work product, theories, or strategy of applicants pursuant to Part 6.4 (commencing with Section 12699.50) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code or Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 15850) of Part 3.3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- (z) Records obtained pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (f) of Section 2891.1 of the Public Utilities Code.
- (aa) A document prepared by or for a state or local agency that assesses its vulnerability to terrorist attack or other criminal acts intended to disrupt the public agency's operations and that is for distribution or consideration in a closed session.
- (ab) Critical infrastructure information, as defined in Section 131(3) of Title 6 of the United States Code, that is voluntarily submitted to the Office of Emergency Services for use by that office, including the identity of the person who or entity that voluntarily submitted the information. As used in this subdivision, "voluntarily submitted" means submitted in the absence of the office exercising any legal authority to compel access to or submission of critical infrastructure information. This subdivision shall not affect the status of information in the possession of any other state or local governmental agency.
- (ac) All information provided to the Secretary of State by a person for the purpose of registration in the Advance Health Care Directive Registry, except that those records shall be released at the request of a health care provider, a public guardian, or the registrant's legal representative.
 - (ad) The following records of the State Compensation Insurance Fund:
- (1) Records related to claims pursuant to Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 3200) of Division 4 of the Labor Code, to the extent that confidential medical information or other individually identifiable information would be disclosed.
- (2) Records related to the discussions, communications, or any other portion of the negotiations with entities contracting or seeking to contract with the fund, and any related deliberations.
- (3) Records related to the impressions, opinions, recommendations, meeting minutes of meetings or sessions that are lawfully closed to the public, research, work product, theories, or strategy of the fund or its staff, on the development of rates, contracting strategy, underwriting, or competitive strategy pursuant to the powers granted to the fund in Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 11770) of Part 3 of Division 2 of the Insurance Code.

-12-Ch. 960

(4) Records obtained to provide workers' compensation insurance under Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 11770) of Part 3 of Division 2 of the Insurance Code, including, but not limited to, any medical claims information, policyholder information provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be interpreted to prevent an insurance agent or broker from obtaining proprietary information or other information authorized by law to be obtained by the agent or broker, and information on rates, pricing, and claims handling received from brokers.

(5) (A) Records that are trade secrets pursuant to Section 6276.44, or Article 11 (commencing with Section 1060) of Chapter 4 of Division 8 of the Evidence Code, including, without limitation, instructions, advice, or training provided by the State Compensation Insurance Fund to its board members, officers, and employees regarding the fund's special investigation unit, internal audit unit, and informational security, marketing, rating, pricing. underwriting, claims handling, audits, and collections.

(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), the portions of records containing trade secrets shall be available for review by the Joint Legislative Audit Committee, California State Auditor's Office, Division of Workers' Compensation, and the Department of Insurance to ensure compliance with

(6) (A) Internal audits containing proprietary information and the

following records that are related to an internal audit:

(i) Personal papers and correspondence of any person providing assistance to the fund when that person has requested in writing that his or her papers and correspondence be kept private and confidential. Those papers and correspondence shall become public records if the written request is withdrawn, or upon order of the fund.

(ii) Papers, correspondence, memoranda, or any substantive information pertaining to any audit not completed or an internal audit that contains

proprietary information.

(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), the portions of records containing proprietary information, or any information specified in subparagraph (A) shall be available for review by the Joint Legislative Audit Committee, California State Auditor's Office, Division of Workers' Compensation, and the Department of Insurance to ensure compliance with applicable law.

(7) (A) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), contracts entered into pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 11770) of Part 3 of Division 2 of the Insurance Code shall be open to inspection one year after

the contract has been fully executed.

(B) If a contract entered into pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 11770) of Part 3 of Division 2 of the Insurance Code is amended. the amendment shall be open to inspection one year after the amendment has been fully executed.

(C) Three years after a contract or amendment is open to inspection pursuant to this subdivision, the portion of the contract or amendment containing the rates of payment shall be open to inspection.

-13-

Ch. 960

(D) Notwithstanding any other law, the entire contract or amendments to a contract shall be open to inspection by the Joint Legislative Audit Committee. The committee shall maintain the confidentiality of the contracts and amendments thereto until the contract or amendments to a contract are open to inspection pursuant to this paragraph.

(E) This paragraph is not intended to apply to documents related to contracts with public entities that are not otherwise expressly confidential

as to that public entity.

(F) For purposes of this paragraph, "fully executed" means the point in time when all of the necessary parties to the contract have signed the contract.

This section does not prevent any agency from opening its records concerning the administration of the agency to public inspection, unless disclosure is otherwise prohibited by law.

This section does not prevent any health facility from disclosing to a certified bargaining agent relevant financing information pursuant to Section

8 of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. Sec. 158).

SEC. 2. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district under this act would result from a legislative mandate that is within the scope of paragraph (7) of subdivision (b) of Section 3 of Article I of the California Constitution.

APPENDIX VI: LAPD BWC POLICY DOCUMENTS

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF POLICE

SPECIAL ORDER NO. 12

April 28, 2015

APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF POLICE COMMISSIONERS ON APRIL 28, 2015

SUBJECT: BODY WORN VIDEO PROCEDURES - ESTABLISHED

PURPOSE: The purpose of this Order is to inform Department personnel of the

responsibilities and procedures for the use and deployment of Body Worn

Video (BWV).

PROCEDURE: Department Manual Section 3/579.15, Body Worn Video Procedures, has been established.

I. OBJECTIVES OF BODY WORN VIDEO. The following provisions are intended to provide LAPD Officers with instructions on when and how to use BWV to ensure reliable recording of enforcement and investigative contacts with the public. "Officers," as referenced below, include all sworn personnel. The Department has adopted the use of BWV by uniformed personnel to:

- · Collect evidence for use in criminal investigations and prosecutions;
- Deter criminal activity and uncooperative behavior during police-public interactions;
- · Assist officers with completing reports and providing testimony in court;
- · Promote accountability;
- Assist in resolving complaints against officers including false allegations by members of the public; and,
- Provide additional information for officer evaluation, training, and continuous improvement.

Body Worn Video provides additional information regarding an investigative or enforcement contact with a member of the public. Body Worn Video recordings, however, provide a limited perspective of the encounter and must be considered with all other available evidence, such as witness statements, officer interviews, forensic analyses and documentary evidence, when evaluating the appropriateness of an officer's actions.

II. BODY WORN VIDEO EQUIPMENT. Body Worn Video equipment generally consists of a body-mounted camera with a built-in microphone and a handheld viewing device. The BWV camera is worn on the outside of an officer's uniform, facing forward to make video and audio recordings. The BWV video and audio recordings are stored digitally on the BWV camera and can be viewed on a handheld viewing device or an authorized computer. An officer cannot modify, alter, or delete video or audio once recorded by the BWV camera.

SPECIAL ORDER NO. 12

-2-

April 28, 2015

- III. WHEN ACTIVATION OF BODY WORN VIDEO EQUIPMENT IS REQUIRED. Officers shall activate their BWV devices prior to initiating any investigative or enforcement activity involving a member of the public, including all:
 - · Vehicle stops;
 - · Pedestrian stops (including officer-initiated consensual encounters);
 - Calls for service:
 - Code 3 responses (including vehicle pursuits) regardless of whether the vehicle is equipped with In-Car Video equipment;
 - Foot pursuits;
 - · Searches;
 - · Arrests:
 - · Uses of force;
 - In-custody transports;
 - · Witness and victim interviews (except as specified below);
 - Crowd management and control involving enforcement or investigative contacts; and,
 - Other investigative or enforcement activities where, in the officer's judgment, a video recording would assist in the investigation or prosecution of a crime or when a recording of an encounter would assist in documenting the incident for later investigation or review.
- IV. INABILITY TO ACTIVATE PRIOR TO INITIATING ENFORCEMENT OR INVESTIGATIVE ACTIVITY. If an officer is unable to activate his or her BWV prior to initiating any of these enforcement or investigative activities, the officer shall activate the device as soon as it is practical and safe to do so. As in all enforcement and investigative activities including vehicle and pedestrian stops, the safety of the officers and members of the public are the highest priorities.
- V. RECORDING OF THE ENTIRE CONTACT. The BWV shall continue recording until the investigative or enforcement activity involving a member of the public has ended. If enforcement or investigative activity with a member of the public resumes, the officer shall activate the BWV device and continue recording.
- VI. DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED FOR FAILING TO ACTIVATE BODY WORN VIDEO OR RECORDING THE DURATION OF THE CONTACT. If an officer is unable or fails to activate the BWV prior to initiating an enforcement or investigative contact, fails to record the entire contact, or interrupts the recording for any reason, the officer shall set forth the reasons why a recording was not made, was delayed, was interrupted, or was terminated in the comments field of the incident in the Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) System, Daily Field Activity Report (DFAR), Form 15.52.00, Traffic Daily Field Activity Report, Form 15.52.01, Sergeant's Daily Report, Form 15.48.00, Metropolitan Division Officer's Log, Form 15.52.04 or Gang Enforcement Detail Supervisor's Daily Report Form, 15.49.00.

SPECIAL ORDER NO. 12

-3-

April 28, 2015

Exceptions: Officers are not required to activate and record investigative or enforcement encounters with the public when:

- A witness or victim refuses to provide a statement if recorded and the encounter is non-confrontational;
- In the officer's judgment, a recording would interfere with his or her ability to conduct an investigation, or may be inappropriate, because of the victim or witness's physical condition, emotional state, age, or other sensitive circumstances (e.g., a victim of rape, incest, or other form of sexual assault);
- Situations where recording would risk the safety of a confidential informant, citizen informant, or undercover officer; or
- In patient-care areas of a hospital, rape treatment center, or other healthcare facility unless an enforcement action is taken in these areas.
- VII. CONFIDENTIAL NATURE OF RECORDINGS. Body Worn Video use is limited to enforcement and investigative activities involving members of the public. The BWV recordings will capture video and audio evidence for use in criminal investigations, administrative reviews, and other proceedings protected by confidentiality laws and Department policy. Officers shall comply with all applicable laws and policies regarding confidential information including Department Manual Section 3/405, Confidential Nature of Department Records, Reports, and Information. Unauthorized use or release of BWV recordings may compromise ongoing criminal and administrative investigations or violate the privacy rights of those recorded. Therefore, any unauthorized use or release of BWV or other violation of confidentiality laws and Department policies are considered serious misconduct and subject to disciplinary action.
- VIII. PROHIBITION AGAINST MODIFICATION OF RECORDINGS. Officers shall not copy, edit, alter, erase, or otherwise modify in any manner BWV recordings except as authorized by law or Department policy. Any violation of this provision is considered serious misconduct and subject to disciplinary action.
- IX. NOTICE TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC OF RECORDING. Officers are encouraged to inform individuals that they are being recorded when feasible. Officers, however, are not required to obtain consent from members of the public when the officer is lawfully in the area where the recording takes place. For example, an officer who lawfully enters a business or residence shall record any enforcement or investigative activity, as set forth above, and is not required to obtain consent from members of the public who may also be present. In addition, officers are not required to play back BWV recordings to allow members of the public to review the video footage.
- X. PROHIBITION AGAINST RECORDING PERSONNEL IN NON-ENFORCEMENT OR INVESTIGATIVE SITUATIONS. Body Worn Video equipment shall only be used in conjunction with official law enforcement and investigative activities involving members of the public. Body Worn Video

SPECIAL ORDER NO. 12

-4

April 28, 2015

shall not be used to record Department personnel during briefings, meetings, roll calls or while in private spaces such as locker rooms or restrooms.

- XI. DEPARTMENT-ISSUED EQUIPMENT ONLY. Officers assigned BWV equipment shall not use any other non-Department issued video or audio equipment, such as personally owned video or audio recorders, to record enforcement or investigative activities involving members of the public unless expressly authorized by a supervisor. Uniformed supervisory personnel, however, may use digital recording devices other than a BWV to record interviews when conducting use of force or personnel complaint investigations. Nothing in this provision precludes personnel from utilizing authorized still photography equipment.
- XII. PROPERTY OF THE DEPARTMENT. Body Worn Video equipment and all data, images, video, and metadata captured, recorded, or otherwise produced is the sole property of the Department and any unauthorized release is strictly prohibited.
- XIII. TRAINING REQUIRED. Officers who are assigned a BWV must complete Department-approved training in the proper use and maintenance of the devices before deploying to the field.
- XIV. INSPECTION AND TESTING OF EQUIPMENT. The BWV equipment is the responsibility of the assigned officer and will be used with reasonable care to ensure proper functioning and reliability. At the start of a field assignment, officers shall inspect and test their BWV and make sure it is undamaged and operating properly. Officers shall document the results of their inspection in the comments field of "Status Change SW" entry within CAD, in the comments field of the DFAR or Traffic DFAR, the Sergeant's Daily Report, Gang Enforcement Detail Supervisor's Daily Report, or Metropolitan Division Officer's Log.
- XV. DAMAGED, MALFUNCTIONING OR INOPERABLE EQUIPMENT. If an officer's BWV malfunctions or is damaged, the officer shall notify an on-duty supervisor (who shall notify the watch commander) and complete an Employee's Report, Form 15.07.00. The officer is required to provide the malfunctioning or damaged equipment to the kit room officer and obtain a functional BWV before deploying to the field.
- XVI. IDENTIFYING RECORDINGS. For each incident recorded on a BWV, officers shall identify the event type and other information using the BWV equipment and software that best describes the content of the video (i.e. arrest, traffic stop, report). Body Wom Video recordings, however, are not a replacement for written reports or other required documentation such as a CAD summary or DFAR.
- XVII. STORAGE OF RECORDINGS. At the end of each shift, officers shall upload all BWV recordings to secure storage by docking the device at the station.
- XVIII. VIEWING OF BODY WORN VIDEO RECORDINGS BY OFFICERS. The accuracy of police reports, officer statements, and other official documentation is essential for the proper administration of justice and complying with the

-5-

April 28, 2015

Department's obligation to maintain full and complete records of enforcement and investigative activities. Investigators, supervisors, prosecutors, and other officials rely on complete and accurate records to perform their essential duties and responsibilities. Officers are therefore required to review BWV recordings on their assigned device or authorized computer prior to documenting an incident, arrest, search, interview, use of force, or other enforcement or investigative activity to ensure that their reports, statements, and documentation are accurate and complete.

- XIX. PROCEDURE FOR REVIEWING BODY WORN VIDEO RECORDINGS IN CATEGORICAL USE OF FORCE INCIDENTS. If an officer is involved in a Categorical Use of Force (CUOF), such as an officer-involved shooting, an officer shall not review his or her BWV until authorized by the assigned Force Investigation Division (FID) investigator. Once authorized, the officer shall review his or her BWV recording, and any other relevant BWV footage as deemed necessary and appropriate by the assigned FID supervisor, prior to being interviewed by investigators. An officer may have an employee representative present during the review of the BWV recordings without the FID investigator or supervisor present. The separating and monitoring of officers involved in a CUOF shall be maintained during the review of BWV recordings and a review shall not occur jointly among involved employees.
- XX. DOCUMENTATION OF RECORDINGS. Officers are required to document any portion of an incident captured on the BWV system under the heading "Photos, Recordings, Video, DICV, BWV and Digital Imaging" on all administrative and investigative reports (e.g., "The suspect's spontaneous statements and actions were recorded via BWV"). If an employee is unable to review the BWV recording before submitting a report, the officer must document in this section the circumstances that prevented his or her review. If any portion of an incident resulting in an arrest was captured by BWV equipment, officers shall identify the existence of a BWV recording on all necessary forms including the City Attorney's Disclosure Statement.
- XXI. SUPERVISOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES. Supervisors assigned to any unit with BWV-equipped officers shall:
 - Ensure that officers assigned BWV equipment have completed
 Department-required training and are familiar with applicable policies and procedures;
 - Conduct periodic inspections of officers assigned BWV equipment and ensure that the BWV cameras are properly affixed to the officers' uniforms and fully operable;
 - · Ensure officers upload all BWV recordings at the end of their shifts; and,
 - Review relevant BWV recordings prior to submitting any administrative reports (e.g. non-categorical use of force investigations, pursuits, officer-involved traffic collisions).

After conducting an inspection of an officer's assigned BWV equipment, the supervisor shall document the inspection in his or her Sergeant's Daily Report. If

-6-

April 28, 2015

any of the BWV equipment is found to be defective, the supervisor must ensure that the equipment is removed from service and immediately replaced. The supervisor must also complete an Employee's Report regarding the defective equipment and notify the system administrator at Information Technology Bureau via email at BWV@lapd.lacity.org. Watch commanders must document the supervisor's findings in their Watch Commander's Daily Report, Form 15.80.00, and take any appropriate action depending on the cause of the problem.

XXII. RECORDINGS IN NON-CATEGORICAL USE OF FORCE INCIDENTS
- SUPERVISOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES. Supervisors investigating
Non-Categorical Use of Force (NCUOF) incidents shall, when available, allow
involved officers to review their BWV recordings and, if deemed necessary, review
other BWV recordings to ensure complete and accurate reports and documentation
of the incident.

XXIII. RECORDINGS IN CATEGORICAL USE OF FORCE INCIDENTS
- SUPERVISOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES. Supervisors assigned to any unit with
BWV-equipped officers must take possession of an officer's BWV equipment when
the officer is involved in a Categorical Use of Force, ensure the recording has
stopped, power off the camera, and maintain custody until transferred to FID
personnel.

Note: Supervisors, however, shall not view the BWV recording without express authorization of FID.

Force Investigation Division investigators, upon arrival at the scene of a Categorical Use of Force incident, shall take possession of any involved officer's BWV camera and complete the upload process.

- XXIV. WATCH COMMANDER'S RESPONSIBILITIES. Watch commanders assigned to any unit with BWV-equipped officers shall:
 - Conduct roll call training on expectations, use, and maintenance of the BWV equipment and debrief BWV captured incidents of value;
 - · Review deviations from BWV policy and procedures and take appropriate action;
 - Ensure all BWV anomalies identified by the Area training coordinator have been addressed and any appropriate documentation is returned to the Area training coordinator for commanding officer review;
 - Review supervisor inspections regarding defective equipment, systems, and ensure necessary steps are taken to have them repaired;
 - Review Sergeant's Daily Reports to ensure inspections of sworn personnel
 assigned BWV units are being conducted and documented. If field inspections
 are not properly documented, the watch commander must take appropriate action
 to correct the deficiency and appropriately document the findings (i.e., Employee
 Comment Sheet, Form 01.77.00, Supervisor Action Item, Notice to Correct
 Deficiencies, Form Gen. 78, or a Complaint Form, Form 01.28.00) and the

-7-

April 28, 2015

corrective action taken. The corrective action must also be documented within the Learning Management System (LMS); and,

Log the appropriate disposition on the Video Evidence Control Log,
 Form 10.11.05, which must be maintained in the analyzed evidence locker at the concerned Area.

XXV. KIT ROOM OFFICER'S RESPONSIBILITIES. Officers assigned to the kit room shall:

- Conduct daily inspections of all BWV docking equipment to ensure they are active:
- Inspect any BWV devices returned to the kit room as inoperative;
- Assign spare units to sworn personnel who returned their primary unit to the kit room; and,

Note: If found to be defective, the kit room officer must declare the item inoperable and verify that an Employee's Report has been completed. If it is discovered that no documentation exists declaring the item inoperable, the kit room officer must complete an Employee's Report and submit the Employee's Report to the watch commander accompanied with the equipment log at the completion of the officer's shift.

 Provide a copy of the Employee's Report documenting the inoperable equipment to the Area training coordinator along, with any of the inoperable equipment.

XXVI. TRAINING COORDINATOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES. Area training coordinators shall:

- Verify officers have been trained on the use and deployment of BWV;
- Document all employees who have been trained on the use of BWV into the LMS
 including all traffic officers and reserve officers eligible for field duty;
- Ensure all employees transferring into the Area receive proper training on the use and deployment of BWV;
- Review all Employee's Reports documenting inoperable equipment and facilitate the equipment's repair;
- Deliver all inoperable equipment to the Information Technology Bureau (ITB), Tactical Technology Section; and,
- Notify the watch commander or specialized unit officer in charge (OIC) in the event that it appears that BWV equipment has been tampered with.

XXVII. COMMANDING OFFICER'S RESPONSIBILITIES. Area commanding officers (Areas with BWV) are responsible for ensuring compliance with BWV training, policies, and procedures by regularly monitoring and inspecting BWV equipment within their command. Area commanding officers are also responsible for supervising the proper maintenance and disposition of division records, ensuring adherence to record retention protocols and properly filing all BWV documents for future reference.

-8-

April 28, 2015

XXVIII. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY BUREAU, TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY SECTION, RESPONSIBILITIES. The OIC of ITB, Tactical Technology Section, is responsible for:

- Coordinating warranty service and maintenance through Department-approved vendor(s);
- Providing technical assistance and subject matter experts related to investigations;
 and.
- Coordinating the replacement of inoperable, malfunctioning or damaged equipment and/or systems.

AMENDMENT: This Order adds Section 3/579.15 to the Department Manual.

AUDIT RESPONSIBILITY: The Commanding Officer, Audit Division, shall review this directive and determine whether an audit or inspection shall be conducted in accordance with Department Manual Section 0/080.30.

CHARLIE BECK Chief of Police

DISTRIBUTION "D"



International Association of Chiefs of Police

44 Canal Center Plaza, Suite 200 Alexandria, VA 22314

> Direct: 703-836-6767 Main Line: 800-THE-IACP Fax: 703-836-4543

> > www.thelACP.org



County of Los Angeles CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICE

Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration 500 West Temple Street, Room 713, Los Angeles, California 90012 (213) 974-1101 http://ceo.lacounty.gov

August 30, 2019

Board of Supervisors HILDA L. SOLIS First District

MARK RIDLEY-THOMAS Second District

SHEILA KUEHL Third District

JANICE HAHN Fourth District

KATHRYN BARGER Fifth District

To:

Supervisor Janice Hahn, Chair

Supervisor Hilda L. Solis

Supervisor Mark Ridley-Thomas

Supervisor Sheila Kuehl Supervisor Kathryn Barger

From:

Sachi A. Hamai

Chief Executive Officer

CEO BUDGET ANALYSIS: SHERIFF'S BODY-WORN CAMERA PROPOSAL (ITEM NO. 2, AGENDA OF AUGUST 7, 2018)

On August 7, 2018, the Board of Supervisors (Board) directed the Chief Executive Office (CEO) in consultation with the Sheriff, County Counsel, Office of Inspector General (OIG), and the Sheriff's Civilian Oversight Commission (COC), to engage a consultant to review and assess previous County reports on body-worn cameras and evaluate the Sheriff's proposed policies, procedures, deployment plan, staffing and corresponding operational impact on the Sheriff's Department and the community. The CEO was also directed to provide a detailed cost analysis of the implementation and operation of a Sheriff's body-worn camera program.

The International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) submitted their independent analysis on June 12, 2019.

The Sheriff anticipates departmentwide full deployment of body-worn cameras in Fiscal Year (FY) 2021-22. Implementation would commence immediately with staffing the centralized body-worn camera unit and facility preparation. The actual deployment of devices to patrol operations is scheduled to take approximately 19 months; whereby, the budget and the device deployment start date are subject to the award of the body-worn camera device Request for Proposals (RFP) that is currently being developed. Board approval is required to fund the body-worn camera program.

Summary Budget Analysis

The CEO has completed its analysis of the Sheriff's proposed \$34.6 million implementation budget for the body-worn camera program, see Attachment I – CEO Budget Analysis. The budget is comprised of \$20.5 million in one-time costs related to training, equipment procurement, and technology infrastructure upgrades at the patrol stations. The \$14.1 million ongoing budget reflects funding 33.0 new full-time staff responsible for the body-worn camera program, corresponding lease space, a forensic video consulting service, and device and software subscription costs.

Based on prior body-worn camera program estimates, the Board set aside \$32.7 million in the Provisional Finance Uses (PFU) budget unit. In addition, \$2.1 million in funding was allocated to the Sheriff's Department in February 2019 as part of the CEO's FY 2018-19 mid-year budget adjustment (BA) for computer and technology infrastructure upgrades at five patrol stations that also aligns with the body-worn camera program.

BODY-WORN CAMERA PROGRAM BUDGET AND FUNDING

	One-Time	Ongoing	Total
SHERIFF PROPOSED BUDGET (as of 8/8/19)	\$20,477,000	\$14,167,000	\$34,644,000
BOARD FUNDING ALLOCATION			
Provisional Finance Uses account	\$19,703,000	\$13,000,000	\$32,703,000
FY 2018-19 Mid-Year BA	\$2,080,000		\$2,080,000
Total Current Funding	\$21,783,000	\$13,000,000	\$34,783,000

The Sheriff's body-worn camera implementation plan is phased in over three fiscal years. The Board has set aside funding for the one-time costs with a nominal allowance for contingencies. Actual ongoing costs are scheduled to incrementally increase with each fiscal year as body-worn camera operations expand departmentwide. Based upon the Sheriff's proposal, ongoing funds have been allocated for the first two fiscal years. An adjustment of the existing ongoing funding allocation may be needed in FY 2021-22, which will be the final year of implementation. Ongoing costs for the body-worn camera device and software subscription will be determined by the RFP and could have a significant impact on the overall budget. The CEO will monitor the body-worn camera budget during the implementation period and make budget adjustment recommendations, as needed.

Finally, IACP's report indicated that the Sheriff's proposed implementation and staffing proposal are reasonable. However, given the scope and complexity of the rollout, IACP recommended \$3.0 million in ongoing funds be set aside as a contingency reserve for unanticipated costs. Again, the CEO will be monitoring the body-worn camera program's budget and will apprise the Board should action be required.

Each Supervisor August 30, 2019 Page 3

Next Steps

We recommend the Board authorize the Sheriff to begin implementation of the body-worn camera program; whereupon, the Sheriff will provide the Board with quarterly implementation updates on procurement, operations, and budget.

The CEO will be monitoring the implementation of the body-worn camera program's budget. The CEO and the Sheriff will also establish fiscal controls, including payroll codes, project accounts, etc. to track program costs. In addition, a reimbursement process will be used to ensure funds are expended as directed by the Board. The Sheriff will provide the CEO with an expenditure report and, upon budgetary review, the CEO will submit recommendations for the Board's consideration to transfer funding from the PFU budget unit to the Sheriff operating budget. The Sheriff will be required to retain supporting expense documentation for potential review by the Auditor-Controller.

The CEO will also begin discussions with the District Attorney, Public Defender, and Alternate Public Defender to assess the operational, staffing, and fiscal impact the Sheriff's body-worn camera program will have on their respective operations.

Finally, the CEO will engage an independent consultant to evaluate the body-worn camera program. In addition to an operational and fiscal analysis, the consultant will evaluate the program's impact on public perception and community relations. The consultant's report will be completed within six months following full implementation of the Sheriff's body-worn camera program.

Should you have any questions, please contact Rene Phillips at (213) 974-1478 or at rphillips@ceo.lacounty.gov, or David Turla at (213) 974-1178 or at dturla@ceo.lacounty.gov.

SAH:FAD:MM:SW RP:DT:cc

Attachments

c: Executive Office, Board of Supervisors
County Counsel
District Attorney
Sheriff
Alternate Public Defender
Auditor-Controller
Civilian Oversight Commission
Internal Services
Office of Inspector General
Public Defender

ANALYSIS: SHERIFF'S BODY-WORN CAMERA PROPOSAL (AUGUST 20, 2019)

The Sheriff plans to fully implement the body-worn camera program by FY 2021-22. Implementation will commence with staffing and facility preparation. The actual deployment of body-worn camera devices to patrol operations is scheduled to take approximately 19-months. The program's budget and the device deployment start date are subject to the award of body-worn camera device RFP, which is currently being developed.

BODY-WORN CAMERA BUDGET & FUNDING

The Sheriff and CEO have finalized a body-worn camera budget of \$34.6 million with 33.0 new full-time staff to operationalize the program. The CEO's independent consultant, IACP, previously agreed that the Sheriff's staffing, budget, and implementation plan are reasonable.

Sheriff Body-Worn Camera Budget	One-Time Cost	Ongoing Cost	Total
Body-Worn Camera Device Procurement	\$520,000		\$520,000
Smart Phone Procurement	\$1,623,000		\$1,623,000
Computer Procurement	\$5,727,000		\$5,727,000
Facility Infrastructure and Network	\$7,348,000	\$374,000	\$7,722,000
Body-Worn Camera Central Operations (staff, lease space, forensic consultant, training, software)	\$1,809,000	\$6,684,000	\$8,493,000
Patrol Operations (training, body-worn camera and smart phone subscription)	\$3,450,000	\$7,109,000	\$10,559,000
TOTAL	\$20,477,000	\$14,167,000	\$34,644,000

Based on prior body-worn camera program estimates, the Board set aside \$32.70 million in the PFU budget unit. In addition, \$2.08 million was allocated to the Department in February 2019 as part of the CEO's FY 2018-19 mid-year budget adjustment for computer and technology infrastructure upgrades at five patrol stations, which aligns with the body-worn camera program budget.

Budget and Funding	One-Time	Ongoing	Total
SHERIFF PROPOSED BUDGET (as of 8/8/19)	\$20,477,000	\$14,167,000	\$34,644,000
BOARD FUNDING ALLOCATION			
Provisional Finance Uses account	\$19,703,000	\$13,000,000	\$32,703,000
FY 2018-19 Mid-Year BA	\$2,080,000		\$2,080,000
Total Current Funding	\$21,783,000	\$13,000,000	\$34,783,000

The Sheriff's body-worn camera implementation plan is phased over three fiscal years. The Board has set aside funding for the one-time costs with a nominal allowance for contingencies. Actual ongoing costs are scheduled to incrementally increase with each fiscal year as body-worn camera operations expand departmentwide. Ongoing funds have been allocated for the first two fiscal years. An adjustment of the existing ongoing funding allocation may be needed for FY 2021-22 which will be the final year of implementation. Ongoing cost for the body-worn camera device and software subscription costs will be determined by a RFP and could have a significant impact on the overall budget. The CEO will monitor the body-worn camera budget during the implementation period and make budget adjustment recommendations, as needed.

To facilitate budgetary oversight, the CEO and the Sheriff will establish fiscal controls, including payroll codes, project accounts, etc. to track program costs. The CEO will monitor the corresponding new positions in the County's payroll and personnel system. In addition, a reimbursement process will be used to ensure funds are expended as directed by the Board. The Sheriff will provide the CEO with an expenditure report and, upon review, the CEO will submit recommendations for the Board's consideration to transfer funding from the PFU budget unit to the Sheriff's operating budget. The Sheriff will be required to retain supporting expense documentation for potential review by the Auditor-Controller.

Finally, given the scope and complexity of the rollout, IACP recommended \$3.0 million in ongoing funds for a contingency reserve for unanticipated costs. Again, the CEO will be monitoring the body-worn camera program's budget and will apprise the Board should action be required.

IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

The Sheriff (Department), IACP, Internal Services Department (ISD), and CEO have collaborated to develop an Implementation Plan (Plan) that entails the significant undertaking to equip 5,248.0 deputies and security officers operating out of 58 patrol stations and sub-stations, 84 County facilities, and 9 community colleges. The Plan provides a model timetable, subject to adjustments, that details the tasks, milestones, and budget required to systematically operationalize the body-worn camera program, see Exhibit A.

The Plan is comprised of the following four categories:

1. <u>Equipment Procurement</u> (\$7.8 million one-time cost: body-worn cameras, smart phones, computers)

The Department and ISD are currently developing a body-worn camera RFP. The scope of the RFP will encompass procurement of the devices, a digital evidence management system (DEMS) that will serve as a cloud-based storage solution for original videos with functionality for the Sheriff, District Attorney, Public Defender, and Alternate Public Defender to access, edit, store/download their respective video copies, and training on the use of the devices and DEMS. As previously noted, the bids received in the RFP will

impact the budget if they exceed the Sheriff's projected device cost. In addition, the award date of the RFP will initiate Patrol Operation's 19-month deployment timetable.

The Department will be utilizing ISD's master services agreement to procure the smart phones that will be paired with each body-worn camera. As noted by IACP, smart phones allow deputies to insert metadata tags (case identifiers) and conduct preliminary footage review of routine calls in the field instead of having to always return to the patrol station. In addition to the practical application of smart phones as a telephone, recording device, and flashlight, the Department may later expand their utility as law enforcement applications are developed. The Department will coordinate the smart phone deployment with the body-worn camera device deployment schedule.

The Department will also procure computers through ISD to replace existing aged computers that do not have the specifications to view body-worn camera footage and software. Computers will be replaced at all the patrol stations, sub-stations, County facilities and community college offices, and those specialized units that review body-worn camera footage (e.g. Homicide, Major Crimes, Narcotics, etc.). As previously noted, the Department has already initiated the computer replacements and will take these computers into account within their overall computer refresh program.

2. Facility Infrastructure and Network (\$7.4 million one-time, \$0.4 million ongoing)

The Department and ISD have identified and assessed each of the affected facilities and estimated the technology infrastructure upgrades necessary to upload body-worn camera footage and enable the DEMS functionality. The facilities will be batched and infrastructure upgrades completed in advance of the Patrol Operations deployment schedule. The Department has already initiated infrastructure upgrades for a batch of seven patrol stations and sub-stations.

With each facility's technology infrastructure upgrade, the network bandwidth will be expanded to improve existing data transmission operations and accommodate the new body-worn camera throughput.

3. <u>Body-Worn Camera Central Operations</u> (\$1.8 million one-time, \$6.7 million ongoing)

Upon Board authorization to implement the Sheriff's body-worn camera program, the Department will begin recruitment for the body-worn camera unit (BWC Unit) from existing personnel. The BWC Unit will be within the Detective Division and comprised of 13.0 sworn and 20.0 professional staff, see Exhibit B. Sworn staff will be responsible for program oversight, training, responding to critical incidents to secure video evidence, conducting video forensics and digital evidence investigations, and approve footage for release per public records requests. Professional staff will be comprised of administrative and information technology personnel responsible for providing administrative support, quality assurance of video data entry/reporting policies, device inventory management, preparing footage for release per public records requests, and managing the technical interfaces between the DEMS and County systems. The BWC Unit will be responsible for the forensic and video software used within the unit and departmentwide.

A forensic video consultant will be retained to provide expertise during video forensic and digital evidence investigations. A consultant will also be utilized as an expert witness for court cases involved body-worn camera footage. The Department anticipates retaining the consultant until BWC Unit personnel have attained the necessary expertise.

4. Patrol Operations (\$3.5 million one-time, \$7.1 million ongoing)

Body-worn camera deployment will be systematic with patrol stations including their assigned deputies and security officers receiving an 8-hour training session on the use of the devices, protocols, data entry/reporting requirements, and simulation scenarios. Backfill overtime will be required to cover their shift during this training.

Century, Lakewood, Industry, West Hollywood, and Lancaster are scheduled to be the first batch of patrol stations outfitted with body-worn cameras. The Department will be evaluating implementation and incorporating lessons learned as they proceed with each successive batch of patrol stations. The Sheriff anticipates departmentwide deployment of body-worn cameras and smart phones by FY 2021-22.

PROGRAM EVALUATION

The BWC Unit will be providing the Department with internal program evaluation; however, the CEO will also engage an independent consultant to evaluate the body-worn camera program. In addition to an operational and fiscal analysis, the consultant will evaluate the program's impact on public perception and community relations. The consultant's report will be completed within six months following full implementation of the Sheriff's body-worn camera program.

Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department

Body-worn Camera Plan

2019



OFFICE OF THIS SHORIEF

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES HALLOF JUSTICE



ALEX VILLANUEVA, SHERIFF

July 15, 2019

Sachi A. Hamai, Chief Executive Officer County of Los Angeles 358 Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration Los Angeles, California 90012

Dear Ms. Hamai:

DEPLOYMENT PLAN TO IMPLEMENT BODY WORN CAMERAS

As part of my commitment to reform, rebuild and restore the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department (LASD), I created a new plan to implement the use of body worn cameras. This plan will ensure we perform our duties in a manner that provides equal protection of all persons in our communities.

Body worn cameras are long overdue for LASD. I have evaluated the years of work that LASD has completed in an attempt to implement body worn cameras, as well as this department's previous deployment proposal, other law enforcement agencies' programs and the reports from our Office of Inspector General and Civilian Oversight Commission. Because the benefits of body worn cameras should never be outweighed by the costs to implement, I have directed a reasoned approach to implementing body worn cameras. I believe this implementation plan and proposed program funding strikes a balance between costs and benefits for the members of our communities and our employees.

Body worn cameras will provide the ability to review interactions between law enforcement and our communities, and add a new means for achieving fair and impartial treatment of persons who become involved in the criminal justice system. Body worn cameras will also provide an increased opportunity to review our performance following critical incidents.

211 West Temple Street, Los Angeles, California 90012

A Tradition of Service

In January 2019, the Sheriff's Department began collaborating with members of your office and the independent contracted consultants from the International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) to complete an evaluation of the previous LASD body worn camera implementation plan, and our new proposal. This process was helpful in identifying additional recommendations to ensure success with this program. We have included many of the recommendations from the IACP and are in agreement with their report in nearly its entirety.

I believe my implementation plan and proposed budget is a fair and reasoned approach to implementing body worn cameras for the LASD. I am requesting full support for its funding from the Honorable Board of Supervisors and the timely award of a contract for body worn cameras.

Sincerely,

ALEX VILLANUEVA

SHERIFF

Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department

Body Worn Camera Plan



Presented by:

Sheriff Alex Villanueva

Table of Contents

Intr	oduction	4
Вас	kground	4
Imp	lementation Plan	7
1 - 1	Budget	8
A	nnual Costs	8
C	Dne-Time Costs	8
2 - 1	Procurement	9
F	Request for Proposals (RFP)	9
	Technology Requirements	. 10
3 - 1	nfrastructure	. 12
١	letwork Infrastructure	. 12
C	Computer Work Stations	. 12
F	Facility Infrastructure	. 13
4 -	Personnel	. 13
E	Body Worn Camera Unit (BWCU)	. 13
١	New Workloads	. 14
	Digital Evidence Management	. 15
\	/ideo Forensics	. 15
5	Specialized Detective Units	. 16
F	Professional Standards	. 16
1	nformation Technology Support	. 17
5 -	BWC Policy	. 17
L	ASD Department Policy	. 17
ŀ	Key Policy Issues	. 18
	Camera Activation and Deactivation	. 18
	Public Records Act (PRA) Requests	. 18
	Video Retention	. 18
	Audits	. 18
	Video Review	. 19
	Critical Incident Community Briefings	. 19
	Facial Recognition	. 19

County Department Policy	19
6 - Training	20
Backfill Overtime for BWC Training	20
7 - Messaging	20
Internal Messaging	21
External Messaging	21
8 - Performance Measures	21
9 - BWC Deployment	22
Works Cited	25
Appendix A – LASD Body Worn Camera Budget Summary	26
Appendix B – Research	27
Appendix C – Chart of Recommendations and Sample Score Chard	28
Appendix D – Deployment Schedule (Estimated)	33

Introduction

The purpose of Body Worn Camera Plan is to provide a reference document that includes the history of body worn camera testing and development by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department and to provide a revised implementation plan. Since a BWC program is not funded and the vendor selection has not been completed, the Department anticipates this plan may change as the program evolves through funding, procurement, implementation and sustainment.

Background

In 2010, the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department (LASD) recognized the developing technology of body worn cameras as a means for building trust and accountability. The LASD performed a Test and Evaluation (T&E) of body worn cameras in its Custody Division in 2011. The results of the Custody Division T&E proved body worn camera technology was still in its early development and stationary cameras would better serve the custody environment. In June of 2013, the LASD initiated a new study to explore the evolving technology for deployment in its patrol operations. After research of the limited amount of studies and other agencies utilizing body worn cameras at that time, the Department released a "Request for Information" (bid # RFI-IS-142001-1), for a no-cost T&E. The Department selected four different manufacturers' products to test between September 2014 and March 2015. The T&E intent was to test; body worn camera devices, digital evidence management systems (DEMS), cloud-based storage solutions and policy development. One patrol station from each of the four LASD Patrol Divisions participated in the T&E.

Following the T&E for patrol operations, the Department dedicated three full time personnel to form a body worn camera team. These members were loaned from other divisions to begin developing expertise, examining the workload impacts of body worn cameras and digital evidence, costs, infrastructure assessments, development of an implementation plan, and policy. During this time, public demand for increased transparency and implementation of body cameras for law enforcement officers soared across the nation. The LASD continued to perform research with a focus on workload impacts. Meanwhile, with the assistance of the Los Angeles County Police Chiefs Association, the body worn camera team organized monthly meetings for all Los Angeles County law enforcement agencies in order to share information about the development of body worn camera programs. Simultaneously, the Department applied for, and was awarded, a grant from the Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA) for implementing body worn cameras in the amount of \$999,600.

On July 12, 2016, the Board of Supervisors requested the Sheriff to report back with a body worn camera plan within 120 days. The Board's motion stated, "A plan to implement body-worn cameras in the shortest timeframe possible and in a manner that makes best use of partnerships with other agencies, including the Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office, the Los Angeles Police Department, the Office of Inspector General, the Public Defender, and the Alternate Public Defender."

The LASD organized a Countywide BWC Implementation Workgroup consisting of justice partners from the Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office (LADA), Public Defender (PD), Alternate Public Defender (APD), Probation, Office of Inspector General (OIG), Chief Executive Officer (CEO), CEO Chief Information Officer (CIO), Internal Services Department (ISD), Information Services Advisory Board (ISAB), County Counsel, Countywide Criminal Justice Coordination Committee (CCJCC), Superior Court and Los Angeles Police Department (LAPD). The workgroup was further divided into three separate subcommittees consisting of Fiscal, Technical, and Policy, which met regularly and reported progress to the Countywide BWC Implementation Workgroup.

The Department was provided an extension on the report due to the amount of research being performed by the collective County Departments. In June of 2017, the Department submitted a Body Worn Camera Implementation Plan. This plan requested approximately \$55 million dollars in annual funding and an additional 239 personnel. This cost was unmatched by any other law enforcement agency of equal size that had already implemented a BWC program. The request for additional personnel was largely due to two policy directions. The first policy direction was to require investigators to review body camera videos for all cases they were assigned to investigate. The second was to provide a system to release any body worn camera videos to the public upon request. Both of these policy directions were inconsistent with other law enforcement agencies in California. These directives created a need for additional investigators which other agencies did not mandate, and a need for additional personnel at each patrol assignment to fulfill public requests for video. This cost delayed funding for a BWC program and caused the Board of Supervisors to pass an additional motion directing the Sheriff to hire an outside consultant to evaluate the Body Worn Camera Implementation Plan. This delay caused the Department to not accept the awarded BJA grant funds because it could not meet the timeline for implementation.

After several months of negotiation, the CEO was given direction by the Board of Supervisors to hire a BWC consultant. While the CEO initiated hiring a consultant, Sheriff Villanueva was elected as the 33rd Sheriff of Los Angeles County.

During Sheriff Villanueva's campaign, he declared that the implementation of body worn cameras was long overdue and was needed as part of his commitment to restore public trust. Sheriff Villanueva convened a meeting with the BWC team on his third day in office. The BWC team provided Sheriff Villanueva with proposals to reduce the cost and implementation time for body worn cameras, while placing the LASD implementation plan and policies in line with other law enforcement agencies.

Sheriff Villanueva immediately initiated discussions with Chief Executive Office to expedite implementation of body worn cameras. A BWC consultant was hired by the CEO after these conversations and they began a review based on the previous LASD implementation plan. The LASD began working with the BWC consultant and CEO team members. These meetings encouraged the LASD to perform additional research into infrastructure costs and personnel needed for the implementation and use of body worn cameras. As the consultant continued their work, additional areas of the LASD

network infrastructure were re-evaluated. This provided Sheriff Villanueva an opportunity to reevaluate the previous study of the Department's needs.

Through this new collaborative process with the BWC consultant, the LASD is providing this implementation plan and funding request for a body worn camera program.

Implementation Plan

This plan's design and development relies on the following assumptions: (a) The proposed budget is fully funded; (b) the procurement of a BWC system meets the needs and goals of the LASD; and (c) the BWC Contract is executed in Q3 2019. The LASD will allow for changes in this plan as implementation occurs due to changes in technology or laws, or due to challenges in any number of areas. The LASD has identified the below areas necessary for project implementation.

- Budget
- Procurement
- Infrastructure
- Personnel
- Policy
- Training
- Messaging
- Performance Measures
- BWC Deployment

1 - Budget

Funding to procure, deploy and sustain a BWC program includes the ongoing costs of hardware, software, video storage, data plans, facility infrastructure, network infrastructure, personnel and training.

In order to create a comprehensive cost estimate, the Los Angeles Police Department's BWC agreement pricing was used in estimating LASD's costs for a total BWCS solution. Since the Los Angeles Police Department is in close proximity and similar in size to the LASD, it was determined to be the best cost model for comparison. The LASD realizes that over time, camera and storage costs will continue to decline. However, it will be the County's competitive bid process results that will determine actual costs.

The Los Angeles Police Department's BWC professional services agreement is a total solution and offers the LAPD: BWCs, docking cradles (with a backup supply for repair exchange-out), a DEMS with unlimited data storage in a secure cloud, BWC equipment refresh at 30 months, and all necessary technical support. More detailed information, and the Los Angeles Police Department BWC Agreement document link is available at: http://clkrep.lacity.org/onlinecontracts/2016/C-127706 c 6-24-16.pdf

LASD has collaborated with the CEO and the Board of Supervisors contracted BWC consultant in order to prepare an estimated budget. The LASD has submitted a BWC project budget. See Budget Summary Appendix A.

Below is a summary of the annual and one-time cost areas.

Annual Costs

- BWC subscription
- LTE/Cellular Service
- Personnel
- On-going Network Service
- Video Forensic Consultant Services
- Certification and Training
- Video and Analytic Software/Upgrades
- BWCU Overtime
- BWCU Operational Funds

One-Time Costs

- Computer Replacement
- Station Network Infrastructure (S&S)

- Overtime for Training, Facility and Technician
- · Smartphone purchases for patrol deputies and staff
- Station Power and Wiring Infrastructure Upgrades (Capital Assets)
- Vehicles (Capital Assets)
- Video Software
- Office Furniture
- Radio Equipment Sworn
- Body Worn Camera Mounting Accessories
- Unit Operation Funds (startup costs)
- Station Power and Wiring Infrastructure Upgrades (Capital Assets)

As noted earlier, the LASD applied for and was awarded a grant from the Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA) for implementing a BWC program. The LASD was unable to accept the funds since BWC's would not be implemented in the necessary time frame. Grant awards from the BJA are a prestigious achievement and at the same time, deny other law enforcement agencies those funds. Therefore, the LASD will only pursue additional funding through BJA offered grants once a BWC program is funded, since the one-time grant award amount is significantly less than the actual required funding.

2 - Procurement

The July 12, 2016, Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors motion stated, "This Board desires to support a plan to place cameras in the field as soon as feasibly possible." Procurement of BWC's, phones, DEMS software, storage, and all its peripherals is likely to be the most challenging component for expediting implementation of a BWC program. The LASD and Internal Services Division (ISD) are currently in the process of developing a Request for Proposal (RFP) for BWC's and a Digital Evidence Management System (DEMS) as a total solution. It is anticipated the purchase of devices can begin by Quarter 3 of 2019.

Request for Proposals (RFP)

The RFP is comprised of tasks, deliverables, goods, services and other work the Contractor will provide to the County of Los Angeles to deliver BWCs and a Digital Evidence Management System as a total Solution. This Solution acquisition will include hardware, software, maintenance and support, and professional services covering the following project phases:

- Implementation
- Mid-contract term equipment refresh
- Ongoing support and maintenance

During the term of the Contract, the Solution will be retained as a Solution as a Service (SaaS) procurement.

The primary County Departments under the RFP include the Sheriff's Department, District Attorney's Office, Public Defender and Alternate Public Defender offices.

Technology Requirements

LASD studied the information technology requirements of a BWC program and assessed our Department's infrastructure readiness. We led efforts for other County Departments to evaluate their needs and readiness in order to review BWC video files from LASD and all other police agencies within Los Angeles County. Those efforts resulted in technology requirements that are outlined below.

Body Worn Camera Devices

LASD recognizes BWC technology is rapidly evolving. Any procured device will be required to meet minimum standards for simplicity, durability and efficiency. Years of study and research have been conducted to form the requirements that include, but are not limited to:

- An internal battery that lasts for the duration of a deputy's tour-of-duty, approximately 12 hours;
- A camera unit that has pre-buffering functionality, where 60 seconds of video is captured prior to the deputy activating the start button;
- A multi-port docking cradle that downloads video files directly from the camera unit while charging, synchronizing and updating firmware;

Digital Evidence Management and Storage

A secure DEMS web application will be used to manage digital evidence including, at a minimum, body worn camera videos, photographs, and audio files. The requirements of the DEMS application include, but are not limited to:

- A DEMS that is able to collect, categorize, store and track LASD BWC video files and other digital evidence;
- A DEMS that has redundancy across two data centers, disaster recovery provisions, file storage scalability that include declining storage costs over time as technology improves, and meets the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Criminal Justice Information System (FBI-CJIS) requirements;
- An Interface with LASD's Active Directory, Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) and/or Records Management System (RMS), and a County Digital Evidence Management System (DEMS) under ISAB's jurisdiction, which has not been developed;

Data Security

The security of the Department's digital evidence is paramount and the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Criminal Justice Information Services Division (CJIS) standard will be followed. The Department will also request vendors comply with Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP) guidelines, which outline ongoing security and monitoring for government cloud solutions. LASD will restrict access of BWC video to only those who have a need and right to access it. Mandatory security protocols for the vendor will be specified as part of the Department's procurement process. LASD will consider only BWCs with secure internal memory storage and data encrypted during transit. The original BWC video recording shall remain unaltered, where any and all modifications occur on a copy of the original. A robust DEMS audit trail shall capture personnel who viewed, changed or updated a video file. LASD will require vendor's immediate notification of any data breach it finds. Only vendor staff with cleared background checks will have access to the data when completing a remediation plan. In the BWC Workgroup committee, CEO and LASD Risk Management personnel recommended the County consider increasing liability insurance to guard against data security breaches.

Smart Devices & Mobile Device Management (MDM)

Cellular devices are required to attach metadata to BWC videos including, but not limited to: geographic location, date and time, and user information. The smart phones will provide personnel the ability to review video files in the field for the purposes of investigations, report writing and follow up to previous enforcement related activities. Should the smart devices not be provided, personnel will be forced to spend more time inside the patrol station or the Department will experience an increase in overtime for personnel reviewing videos.

The MDM security software will allow for the management and monitoring of each cellular device to ensure its confidentiality, integrity, and availability. Thus, LASD will procure a cellular device and MDM software for all BWC-assigned personnel.

The devices will have law enforcement grade Priority. Priority guarantees first responders' traffic will take precedence over any commercial traffic. This will ensure continuous, unobstructed communication for LASD personnel during critical incidents, such as the recent Woolsey fire. The Priority will allow deputies to better communicate with each other, command posts, and other agencies without subjecting their personal devices to discovery motions.

3 - Infrastructure

A BWC program will require extensive network, computer and electrical resources to ensure videos can be accessed, viewed, edited, and transmitted without buffering or degradation of video quality. The addition of docking stations for charging and uploading of BWC videos will require facility changes at each location to support the added electrical lines, electrical outlets, network cables, network ports, and docking stations at each LASD station or bureau.

Network Infrastructure

An evaluation of the Department's data network infrastructure has determined that upgrades at all Sheriff's patrol stations will be necessary. This will require new routers, switches and increased bandwidth necessary for an acceptable level of system performance with the DEMS.

In 2009, when the Board of Supervisors voted to eliminate the Los Angeles County Office of Public Safety (Los Angeles County Police) the LASD absorbed the County Police Department's 84 work locations and the existing network at those sites. The LASD installed a firewall system to allow for secure internet transmission, but not remote management or regulation of the bandwidth (Quality-of-Service or QOS). Each of these locations will require upgrading the network by adding remotely managed routers and switches, at a minimum.

The Avalon Sheriff's Station (Catalina Island) presently utilizes T1 lines, at 1.44 MB/s. This is insufficient for video upload or streaming needed for BWC use. A microwave connection to the Sheriff's Communications Center for secure broadband data will be necessary.

ISD conducted a preliminary analysis and provided the CEO with an estimated budget for similar requirements at all other County facilities. As network traffic increases with more agencies implementing BWC programs, ISD will continue to monitor and reevaluate network needs.

Computer Work Stations

LASD will need to upgrade desktop computing capability to accommodate BWC functionality at every facility which creates or reviews BWC videos. These desktop computers require faster processors, improved graphic cards, increased memory and solid state hard drives for staff required to view, edit or redact BWC video.

Facility Infrastructure

Each Sheriff Station and Bureau was evaluated by the body worn camera team and Facilities Services Bureau personnel. In order to support a BWC program, each location will require some degree of facility construction for the installation of BWC docking stations, additional network cables, additional network ports, additional electrical lines, additional electrical outlets, security cameras and internal construction.

4 - Personnel

Body Worn Camera Unit (BWCU)

The implementation of a BWC program consisting of 5,248 cameras for all uniformed patrol operations will require the creation of a centralized BWCU before the County of Los Angeles awards a BWC vendor a contract. In order to accomplish the deployment of BWC's to all uniformed patrol personnel in an expedited time frame, staffing of the BWCU will need to commence prior to the award of a contract. Personnel assigned to the BWCU will be required to be familiar with the project and begin certified training to become subject matter experts.

Historically, the LASD has been effective at providing specialized support for the Department utilizing centralized units and bureaus. The BWCU will serve the Department as a centralized unit. The largest amount of end-users of the BWC system will be uniformed patrol personnel and investigators accessing the videos for criminal investigations. Critical incident public briefings, public records requests, new workloads, DEMS, and video forensics review will form the majority of the workload for the BWCU. It is for these reasons the Department has selected to place the BWCU within the Detective Division under the command of the Homicide Bureau.

The BWCU staff will be responsible for complex assignments that will include:

- Incremental implementation throughout the Department
- Equipment logistics
- Management of DEMS user accounts
- Management of infrastructure and network needs
- Training all personnel on the DEMS software and BWC devices
- Public Record Acts (PRA) requests for any BWC video
- Redaction of any BWC video for public release
- Video analysis
- Management of BWC-related contracts, MOUs, and grants
- Providing Help Desk support

- Statistical reporting
- BWC video management
- BWC policy auditing
- BWC Communications
- Critical Incident Public Briefings
- Command Inspections

After careful review of the needs, it has been determined the BWCU will be staffed with the following positions:

- Lieutenant (1) Unit Commander
- Sergeants (6) One for each Patrol Division, County-Wide Policing Divisions and Detective Divisions
- Deputy Sheriff Generalists (4) DEMS and BWC expertise, training, and liaison with other police departments, County Departments, etc.
- Senior Typist Clerk (1) Office Staff
- Operations Assistant III (2) Supervision of OAII's, redaction and audit duties
- Operations Assistant II (12) Redaction, audits, and SB1421/AB748 Compliance
- Law Enforcement Technicians (2) Inventory management, courier duties, etc.
- Deputy Sheriff Bonus II (2) Assigned to Fraud and Cyber/Tech Ops for criminal forensic review of critical incidents
- Principal Information Systems Analyst (1) Management of IT issues, contract with vendors and Mobile Device Management
- Senior Information Systems Analyst (1) Assist PISA with IT issues, contract with vendors and Mobile Device Management
- Network System Analyst I (1) Management of network issues, tech support calls and development and maintenance of network and IT workflows, updates and projects

New Workloads

The Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department has examined the workloads associated with body worn cameras as well as how other law enforcement agencies have addressed this area. By aligning our policies with other agencies policies, the impact to the personnel assigned to patrol operations, investigations and administrative responsibilities can be minimized by policies consistent with national best practices and current law. Further, by creating a centralized BWCU, the Department can provide the necessary support without adding personnel to each work site.

The Department has evaluated Senate Bill 1421 (Peace Officers: release of records) and Assembly Bill 748 (Peace officers: video and audio recordings: disclosure) for additional impacts to workloads. Barring changes in the law, we estimate the requested additional personnel and on-going overtime requested will be able to handle the new workloads.

Digital Evidence Management

Body worn camera videos will create an exorbitant amount of digital video evidence which must be collected, cataloged, and retained. In order for these records to be efficiently retained and retrieved, patrol deputy personnel will be required to enter additional meta-data associated with each video file during the course of their work day. The BWCU will perform regular audit reports for policy compliance and provide to each unit commander to efficiently monitor compliance with existing policies.

The BWCU will facilitate all reviews and redactions for public records requests for body worn camera videos pursuant to SB1421 and AB748. This new workload has not been tested by any law enforcement agency as AB748 has not taken effect and SB1421 has only recently been settled in an appellate court decision.

The BWCU will be responsible for managing the digital video records including; records requests resulting from civil proceedings, criminal proceedings, administrative investigations, administrative reviews, and will provide expertise for proceedings requiring expert testimony regarding of the chain of custody for digital evidence.

Video Forensics

The BWCU identified the need for trained personnel who can review videos generated by the body worn cameras and other sources to ensure: their integrity; the video purports what the viewer sees, and there are no distortions with the digital file itself. Additionally, to make sound decisions in both criminal and administrative investigations, an expert may need to make adjustments to a copy of the file to adjust the brightness, contrast, or other forensic review of a portion of the video, so investigators can make informed decisions during the investigation.

Based on known limitations and distortions which occur in digital video recordings, the LASD will designate select BWCU personnel to participate and complete certificate programs in forensic video training. These programs are governed by several non-profit organizations, who ensure best practices and ethical guidelines are followed.

The trained personnel will be capable of reporting distortions in videos to detectives, supervisors and executives. Distortions can be caused by changes in frame rate, lighting conditions, lens distortions, resolution distortions, audio distortions based on distances between the camera and the incident, and compression distortions to name a few. These distortions are all capable of altering the viewer's perception of the video and impact the outcome of an investigation. The trained personnel will also be able to demonstrate any video limitations in court and in administrative proceedings. This training certification is an emerging field in law enforcement and has generally been outsourced. The implementation of a body worn camera system for the LASD will require this expertise to be internalized, as the cost of outsourcing services will become cost prohibitive, particularly with the amount of critical incident reviews the LASD faces each year.

The BWCU will assist with forensic review of critical incidents for management and administrative investigations. Currently, Fraud and Cyber Crimes Bureau Technical Operations team is responsible for expert recovery of all video related to criminal investigations. Two additional investigators will be trained as certified video analysts.

The intent of the BWCU's review is a 'triage' process, where the BWC Sergeant will liaison with the investigator and explain any issues with the video; concerns with the technology; ensure upload and storage is consistent with Department policy and best practices; and ensure the video is properly redacted, vetted, and reviewed to enable the video to be ready for public viewing consistent with SB1421 and AB748.

The Sergeants and/or deputies will respond to identified critical incidents to start the review process as soon as the handling detectives' investigation begins. The sworn staff at BWCU will be equipped with forensic software and training to upload and review relevant video. They will give a synopsis to both investigators and executives, while at the scene of the incident, so necessary investigative decisions can be followed up on while the scene is still contained.

In order to develop video forensic analyst expertise for the purpose of court testimony, the training is expected to take in excess of two years. In order to meet the gap created by the training time, funding is included to outsource forensic review beyond the Department's capabilities; or for review by an outside entity when required for independent evaluation.

Specialized Detective Units

Specialized bureaus within LASD Detective Division are charged with handling significant and complex investigations involving homicides, human trafficking, sex crimes, career offenders, and serial crimes. These criminal cases frequently traverse jurisdictions and involve multiple victims, witnesses, confidential informants and suspects. Due to the nature of these cases, criminal proceedings require detailed preparation in achieving successful prosecutions that commonly result in death penalty or life sentences. Added to this responsibility will be the criminal investigations of officer involved shootings for both the LASD and most of Los Angeles County's independent police agencies. Each officer involved shooting will require multiple viewings of each video in its entirety. Because of this, the BWC plan includes two additional Deputy Sheriff Bonus II positions to be assigned to Fraud and Cyber Crimes Bureau who will be trained as experts in forensic video analysis

Professional Standards

LASD Internal Affairs Bureau and Internal Criminal Investigation Bureau will be impacted by the addition of body worn camera video.

The addition of body worn camera video evidence will require investigators to review the videos and the video may need to be transcribed. The BWCU will act as liaison to the handling investigator to ensure the video is interpreted properly and investigative

decisions are based on facts presented in the video versus a perception of what may have occurred.

Information Technology Support

LASD Data Systems Bureau (DSB) provides information technology (IT) support to the Department. LASD's BWC program, as proposed, will add additional positions. Additional IT staff will be required to support the new personnel and the newly created impacts on the Department's technology infrastructure. These personnel will also be responsible for liaison between the BWC and cellular vendors to ensure integrity of the vendor contracts.

5 - BWC Policy

LASD Department Policy

The LASD recognizes the importance of a comprehensive BWC policy in place prior to implementation and has conducted extensive research on the subject, including but not limited to the following:

- Police Executive Research Forum for the Office of Community Policing Services, implementing a Body-Worn Camera Program: Recommendations and Lessons Learned (Police Executive Research Forum, n.d.)
- International Association of Chiefs of Police, Body-Worn Cameras Model Policy and Paper (International Association of Chiefs of Police, n.d.)
- Bureau of Justice Assistance, Body-Worn Camera Toolkit (Bureau of Justice Assistance, n.d.)
- Clear Body Camera Report (State of Michigan, n.d.)
- Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department Office of Inspector General Report (Max Huntsman, n.d.)
- Los Angeles Police Commission Comparative Review of Selected Policies, Investigations, and Training on the Use of Force (Los Angeles Police Commission, 2016)
- Los Angeles County Sheriff Civilian Oversight Commission Report for Body Worn Cameras and Recommendations

In addition, LASD reviewed BWC policies from police agencies across the nation and established a Public Safety BWC Collaboration Group. Further, the LASD body worn camera team meet regularly with the following stakeholders for their input and recommendations:

- Unions Association for Los Angeles Deputy Sheriff's (Leeuwen, n.d.)
- Office of Inspector General (Max Huntsman, n.d.)
- American Civil Liberties Union (American Civil Liberties Union, n.d.)

- Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office
- Other Justice Partners (i.e. Probation Department, Public Defender's Office, etc.)
- Sheriff Civilian Oversight Commission

Key Policy Issues

The LASD is providing information regarding key policy areas that impact costs or are recognized as being of specific areas of concern. The LASD is presently engaged in negotiations with labor unions and will have a detailed policy in effect prior to BWC implementation.

Camera Activation and Deactivation

The LASD policy will provide clear direction for the activation and deactivation of the BWC. In general, uniformed BWC equipped personnel will be required to record enforcement and investigative activities in their entirety. This requirement will directly impact the storage volume of videos and the subsequent review time based on the length of those videos.

Public Records Act (PRA) Requests

The LASD will release body worn camera video evidence pursuant to SB 1421, AB 748 and California Public Records Acts laws. Exceptions to this protocol will occur only with the approval from the Sheriff or his designee. Recognizing the exorbitant labor and costs involved in redaction, LASD will charge for redaction-related costs.

Video Retention

Body worn videos will be classified as investigative records. The LASD must adhere to County business record retention rules and will attempt to implement recommendations established by California Assembly Bill 69. Consequently, all BWC video will be retained for a minimum of three (3) years to allow for subpoena service, internal notifications, etc. In addition, BWC video associated with a crime will be retained for the retention period guided by current Department policy (generally 9 years or indefinitely) or for a period required for potential civil litigation.

Audits

The LASD policy will create auditing procedures for the management of digital evidence by the BWCU to ensure policy compliance. The LASD field audit policy (FOD 97-03), which directs the random audits of all field personnel, will include the added step of reviewing BWC video. Finally, the BWCU will perform command inspections at each unit of assignment.

Video Review

The LASD will allow personnel to view BWC videos except in an incident of discharging a firearm by a Department member at another person. In these situations, Department members' cameras will be secured by a supervisor. The video will be reviewed by the lieutenant charged with investigating the matter for criminal culpability. Following review, if criminal culpability is not apparent by the Department member, the video will be provided to the Department member for viewing.

Critical Incident Community Briefings

The LASD will provide critical incident public briefings following a deputy involved shooting. The BWCU will respond to these incidents and begin information gathering in order to produce the public briefing. The timeline for public briefings will be dependent on the complexity of the investigation, but will be released before the 45 days allowed by Assembly Bill 748. The public briefings will provide context for the incident, to include 911 calls, pertinent video in the possession of the Department and known facts of the investigation.

Facial Recognition

The LASD is in agreement with the BWC consultant opinion regarding the use of facial recognition in the BWC program. The Department will pursue redaction technology to simplify responses to requests for records. However, the Department will not pursue the use of facial recognition technology in the BWC program until technology improves and/or there is clear legislative direction regarding its use.

County Department Policy

Impacted County Departments held several meetings to develop a roadmap for BWC workflows. As instructed in the Board of Supervisors' motion, LASD formed a policy subcommittee with County justice partners. The subcommittee agreed each County Department using BWCs, or reviewing BWC video files should develop their own policies to meet their Department's needs. All Departments agreed to utilize the Federal CJIS standard for security. All Departments concurred evidence handling will be greatly improved by sharing digital evidence as a web link within an email, or through an interface within a DEMS. Further, the subcommittee acknowledges LAPD and other police agencies in Los Angeles County who have implemented a BWC are already sharing digital evidence via a link to justice partners. The Superior Court currently requires physical media (e.g., DVDs, USB drives); however, it is their intent to pursue a policy on accepting digital evidence.

6 - Training

The LASD will create and provide a standard training curriculum for all personnel who are assigned a BWC device, or will use the DEMS for BWC videos.

All BWC equipped personnel will be required to attend a full shift of training prior to assignment and use of a BWC device. During implementation, personnel will be provided detailed instruction on the policies, uses and features of BWC's, proper use of the DEMS, and how the BWC program can increase public trust and thus reducing negative encounters with the public.

Department personnel who will be accessing BWC videos will be provided training for the policies, uses of BWC's, and instructions for the use of DEMS. This will be performed as an in-service training at no additional cost.

Additionally, BWC policy will be circulated throughout the Department electronically. Once the BWC program implementation begins, internal messaging to all employees will occur through email and videos detailing developments in the project.

Backfill Overtime for BWC Training

LASD will conduct BWC training for every deputy issued a BWC during implementation. LASD staffing levels will require backfill overtime for deputies to be trained on BWC policy and procedures. LASD calculates \$656.00 of backfill overtime needed for each deputy assigned to training (8 hours @ \$82.00 per hour).

7 - Messaging

The LASD recognizes the importance and impact of introducing BWC's to a policing agency our size and the communities we serve. Clear Department messaging to its employees, city governments and communities will be essential for a successful implementation.

Internal Messaging

As recommended by the Board of Supervisors BWC consultant, the Department will facilitate a BWC Users Group. Volunteer personnel from the involved divisions and various classifications will be sought to participate in the group during the two year implementation. Feedback about implementation and policy will be vital during this stage of the BWC program. Employee perception of the uses will be valued and used for additional messaging to dispel misinformation or adjust the program.

External Messaging

The LASD utilized the survey and recommendations by the Civilian Oversight Commission in the development of the BWC program, but recognizes continual communication with our communities is essential. The Department will focus on informing its communities of the progress of the BWC implementation through social media accounts and news releases. As with all policy, the Department will post its BWC policy online for public viewing.

As the BWC program implementation begins, members of the BWCU will assist station commanders in providing communication with their communities by attending scheduled town hall events, community meetings, neighborhood watch meetings, or city council meetings to present and inform on the uses, policies and limitations of a BWC program.

The LASD will also make every effort to provide community messaging about BWC's in as many languages as possible.

8 - Performance Measures

The LASD captures statistical information for patrol station evaluation in areas that include, but are not limited to: uses of force, categories of force, complaints, pursuits, arrests, lawsuits, civil claims, injuries, collisions, calls for service, and response times. As implementation occurs, these statistics will be analyzed and compared to BWC implementation dates.

The LASD will reconvene its BWC meetings with other county departments as an external advisory group during implementation.

Utilizing statistics; the recommendations and scorecard from IACP as a guide (Appendix C); and the reports from the internal and external user groups, the BWCU will complete semi-annual performance measurement reports during the two year implementation process.

9 - BWC Deployment

The LASD's goal is to begin BWC implementation by the end of summer 2019. This goal could be affected by a delay in any portion of the areas identified in this report.

The Department is seeking full funding for the BWC program. The requested one-time funds will be spent over two fiscal years (19/20 and 20/21). This will provide the LASD the opportunity to begin infrastructure improvements ahead of BWC deployment. As noted, each facility will require some degree of construction, electrical upgrades, internet service upgrades, and desktop computer replacements. Each of these requirements require a lead time ahead of the BWC deployment. The Department will need to begin the infrastructure work with enough advance time to permit a continuous roll out of the BWC's that is not impeded by infrastructure delays.

Once the infrastructure is completed, a pre-deployment stage for each facility will commence. This will consist of conducting facility readiness assessments, docking station installation, and scheduling all of the unit's personnel for training and equipment assignments. Once preparations are made, the BWCU will remain onsite to perform training, equipment assignments and system monitoring for successful implementation. It is anticipated the BWCU, once fully staffed, can deploy BWC's at a rate of two stations or bureaus per month.

Upon funding and procurement, BWC's will be deployed to five patrol stations: Century, Lakewood, Industry, West Hollywood, and Lancaster. These five stations represent stations with high risk factoring, while deploying the cameras across the County. The Department was able to receive funding for network infrastructure during the mid-year budget adjustment in FY18/19. This afforded the body worn camera team the ability to begin infrastructure improvements at these stations. This will assist in providing a lead time for the infrastructure improvements at the other stations while simultaneously deploying BWC's.

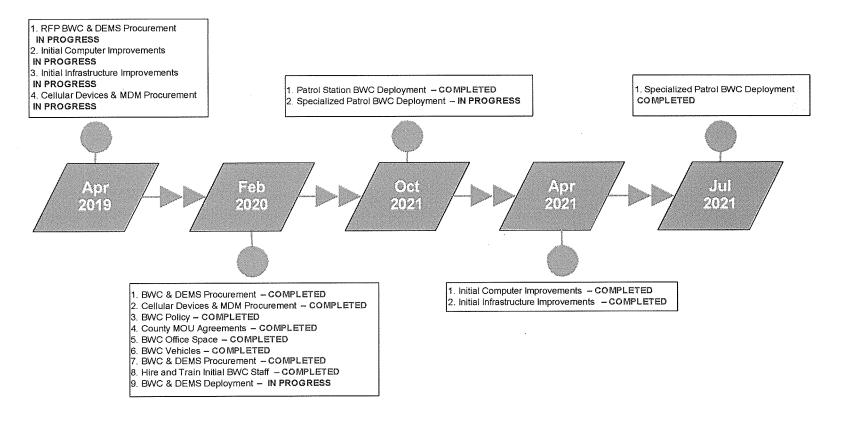
The additional patrol stations and County bureaus have been determined in order based on risk assessment, facility infrastructure readiness and Department needs. Data used in the risk assessment are:

- Number of calls for service and calls for observation
- Number of arrests
- Number of use of force incidents
- Number of deputy involved shootings
- Number of vehicle pursuits
- Number of complaints

If the LASD is authorized full funding for the BWC program, and a contract is awarded before the end of Quarter 3 of FY 2019, the Department anticipates full deployment of BWC's within 24 months. See below overview chart for implementation timeline. For further detail on the timeline for deployment of BWC's, see Appendix D.

Body Worn Camera Project Schedule

As of 6/24/19



Works Cited

- American Civil Liberties Union. (n.d.). A MODEL ACT FOR REGULATING THE USE OF WEARABLE BODY CAMERAS BY LAW ENFORCEMENT. Retrieved from ACLU.org:

 https://www.aclu.org/other/model-act-regulating-use-wearable-body-cameras-law-enforcement
- Bureau of Justice Assistance. (n.d.). *Body-Worn Camera Toolkit*. Retrieved from BJA.gov: https://www.bja.gov/bwc/
- International Association of Chiefs of Police. (n.d.). *Body-Worn Cameras Model Policy*. Retrieved from IACP.org: http://www.iacp.org/MPBodyWornCameras
- LaCity.org. (n.d.). *LA City Contract with Taser International*. Retrieved from City of Los Angeles: http://clkrep.lacity.org/onlinecontracts/2016/C-127706_c_6-24-16.pdf
- Leeuwen, S. V. (n.d.). *Implementing a Body Worn Camera Program That is Meaningful*.

 Retrieved from ALADS.org: http://myemail.constantcontact.com/Implementing-a-Body-Worn-Camera-Program-That-is-Meaningful.html?soid=1119707513166&aid=y7jU2jmJ4Nk
- Lewinski, D. B. (n.d.). 10 Limitations of Body Cams you Need to Know for Your Protections.

 Retrieved from ForceScience.org: http://www.forcescience.org/bodycams.pdf
- Los Angeles Police Commission. (2016, October 06). Los Angeles Police Commission Office of Inspector General. Retrieved from Los Angeles City Police Commission: http://media.wix.com/ugd/b2dd23_753a586ac64546a8a2f85555eab0e324.pdf
- LVMPD.com. (n.d.). LVMPD Body Worn Camera Procedure. Retrieved from Las Vegas Metro Police Department Web Page:
- http://www.lvmpd.com/Records/BodyWornCameraVideo/tabid/583/Default.aspx
 Max Huntsman, I. G. (n.d.). Body-Worn Cameras: Policy Recommendations and Review of LASD's
 Pilot Program. Retrieved from County of Los Angeles Office of Inspector General:
 https://oig.lacounty.gov/Portals/OIG/Reports/BodyWorn%20Cameras OIG%20Report.pdf
- Police Executive Research Forum. (n.d.). Implementing a Body-Worn Camera Program Recommendations and Lessons Learned. Retrieved from PoliceForum.org:
 http://www.policeforum.org/assets/docs/Free_Online_Documents/Technology/implementing%20a%20body-worn%20camera%20program.pdf
- State of Michigan. (n.d.). CLEAR Body Camera Report. Retrieved from Michigan.gov: https://www.michigan.gov/documents/clear/Body_Camera_Report_510729_7.pdf

Appendix A – LASD Body Worn Camera Budget Summary

SALARIES & EMPLOYEE BENEFITS Salaries (Bonus II, POST bonus) 33 Employee Benefits	One	e Time Costs	\$ \$	going Costs 3,228,045 1,792,000	\$ \$	otal Costs 3,228,045 1,792,000
Overtime (BWC Staff)			\$	301,404	\$	301,404
Overtime (Training Backfill OT)	\$	3,449,904			\$	3,449,904
Overtime (Tech & Facility)	\$	378,805	agestillenn, påkt kviner og	weeppoorpoorum phybololul ycoth 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	\$	378,805
TOTAL S&EB 33	\$	3,828,709	\$	5,321,449	\$	9,150,158
SERVICES & SUPPLIES						
Department-wide						
BWC device and maintenance	\$	520,000	\$	4,658,000	\$	5,178,000
contract		4 622 720	4	2 454 000		4.072.720
Smart phone (device, accessories, and carrier	\$	1,622,720	\$	2,451,000	\$	4,073,720
service) Computer and monitor replacement	\$	4,757,261			\$	4,757,261
Bandwidth Services	ڔ	4,737,201	\$	512,000	\$	512,000
Forensic software (department-wide)	\$	98,000	\$	98,000	\$	196,000
Station electrical	\$	604,708	Y	30,000	\$	604,708
Station electrical	Ţ	004,700				001,700
BWC Unit						
Forensic video consultant			\$	450,000	\$	450,000
Training & certification	\$	189,000	\$	113,400	\$	302,400
Forensic software (BWC Unit)	\$	207,150	\$	70,695	\$	277,845
Rent and leases			\$	333,000	\$	333,000
S&S Support (ongoing)	\$	198,000	\$	297,000	\$	495,000
TOTAL S&S	\$	8,196,839	\$	8,983,095	\$	17,179,934
SELECTION CONTROL CONT			0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000			e Amerika de Carala, an como mor es a considerar de mandaderar de caladorista de mentral de manda de manda de m
CAPITAL ASSETS						
Network equipment	\$	5,255,500			\$	5,255,500
Vehicles	\$	1,000,000			\$	1,000,000
Radios What the properties of the control of the properties of th	\$	117,000	nggapagan da s <u>e</u> nh		\$	117,000
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	6,372,500	\$	•	\$	6,372,500
TOTAL	\$	18,398,048	\$	14,304,544	\$	32,702,592

Appendix B – Research

The Sheriff's BWC team has conducted extensive research and attended several body worn camera training events since14 to keep informed of the latest and emerging BWC technology. Members of the Sheriff's BWC team attended the following events:

- International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) Conferences, in 2014, 2015 and 2016
- IACP Law Enforcement Information Management Conference (San Diego, CA)
- IACP Law Enforcement Information Management Conference (Philadelphia, PA)
- IACP Law Enforcement Information Management Conference (Orlando, FL)
- California Public Records Act training course (San Bernardino, CA)
- California District Attorneys Association National Body Camera & Technology Summit, (Anaheim, CA)
- Peace Officers Standards and Training (POST) Body Worn Camera Patrol Officer Course (San Diego, CA)
- POST Body Worn Camera Management Course (San Diego, CA)
- Force Science Body Worn Camera, (Chicago, IL)
- Major City Chiefs and County Sheriff's Body Worn Camera Building a Secure and Manageable Program for Law Enforcement Course, in Washington D.C.
- Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA) Body-Worn Toolkit Expert Panel (Washington, D.C.)
- Law Enforcement & Emergency Services Video Association International (LEVA)Training in various states
- California State Sheriff's Association Body Worn Camera Panel (Sacramento, CA)
- Bureau of Justice Assistance BWC training in (New Orleans, LA)

The results of the BWCS T&E and the subsequent research has enabled the LASD to develop an understanding of the policies, needs and challenges of body worn camera programs in effect by other law enforcement agencies throughout the nation.

Appendix C – Chart of Recommendations and Sample Score Card

Policy Issue	Yes	No	Under Consideration
Planning			
Planning team included diverse interests within the department	√		
Planning tem included community input	✓		
Planning team reviewed "best practices"	✓		
Planning team examined lessons learned from other agencies	√		
There is an organization-wide training plan	✓		
There is a plan for using BWC footage for training purposes	₹.		
There is a training plan for other affected County departments	V		
Department has planned for the creation of an Users Working Group	Ý		
Policy			
Policy was created after research into best practices	✓		
Policy was created with community and oversight input	✓		
LASD BWC policy is publicly accessible	✓		
Policy directs who wears BWC's	✓		
Policy directs placement of BWC's	√		
Policy limits deputy discretion when to activate BWC's	✓		
Policy directs deputies as to discontinued use of BWC (requires documentation)	√		
Policy allows deputy review prior to statement, with exceptions	1		
Policy mandates documentation of BWC footage	✓		
Policy encourages deputies to notify person of BWC usage	V		
Policy allows for discretionary deactivation upon citizen request	1		
Policy prohibits misuse of BWC footage	✓		
Policy prohibits supervisory misuse of BWC footage	V		
Policy addresses wearing BWC's during off-duty assignments	✓		
Policy prohibits personal BWC's	1		
Policy addresses public release of BWC footage	/		
Complainants have access to BWC footage		1	
Footage retained only as long as legally required or as an evidentiary necessity	✓		
Policy mandates regular audits	1		
Policy mandates random supervisory review	1		
Policy includes annual security certification	1		
Policy complies with relevant state law	1		
Policy addresses retention of BWC footage	+ -	_	

IACP REPORT RECOMMENDATIONS	LASD	CEO	Other	Status	Comments
1. The anticipated LASD BWC Plan should be considered adequate with a funding level of \$20,221,762 startup and \$14,169,223 ongoing (not adjusted for future increases in salary and benefit costs). This represents approximately 33 new full-time employees, overtime, training costs, adequate technology upgrades, and requisite hardware purchases. An adequate financial reserve (\$2-3 million) should be considered essential in FY2019-20 to address unforeseeable legislative, judicial, operational, and societal impacts. A similar reserve will be important in each subsequent fiscal year until it is clear the program has stabilized and the state legislative intention in this area of policing is clear.	С				LASD Concurs
2. The staffing and adequate resourcing of the other County entities affected by the LASD BWC Program should be considered essential to the success of the program. This will ensure that the impacts of the BWC program are mitigated and its benefits are optimized County-wide. This should include personnel, technology, infrastructure, and equipment, including the unique requirements some of the justice agencies have to retain evidence. e.g. BWC footage would have to be retained for the life of the defendant/client.	С				LASD Concurs
3. LASD should form an internal users' group representing affected department personnel, and an external advisory committee representing affected County departments and oversight bodies, to adjust policy and practice as operational experience is gained from the use of BWCs.	С				LASD Concurs
4. Planning should begin as soon as possible for an evaluation(s) of the BWC program. As part of this planning process, an agreement should be reached among the key stakeholders regarding what metrics that will be used to measure program performance. The evaluation(s) will be driven by how stakeholders define the program's success. The sample Indicators of Success included in this report's Appendix I can serve as a starting point for planning and discussions.	С				LASD Concurs

				114111111111111111111111111111111111111
5. Appropriate BWC training should be developed and conducted for all affected personnel in the LASD, DA, PD, APD, and any other County department offices, commissions, or advisory bodies affected by the implementation of BWCs. In addition, some form of public education about the BWC program should be developed to facilitate the public's understanding of the purpose of the program, how BWCs are used, what their limitations are, and their value in advancing transparency, accountability, and the administration of justice.	С		•	LASD Concurs
6. LASD should take proactive steps through appropriate department messaging, clear policy development, leadership accountability, and program oversight to ensure that the department does not unintentionally allow some supervisors to use BWC footage to target employees for minor policy violations. The LASD should address when supervisors will be allowed to view BWC footage and any related limitations.	С			LASD Concurs
7. A reasonable degree of flexibility regarding new BWC-related positions should be incorporated into the BWC implementation to allow for unforeseen developments, new understanding of operational responsibilities, technical requirements, and legislative impacts.	С			LASD Concurs
8. The LASD BWC policy and LA County policy should, to the extent possible, follow the promising practices, lessons learned, legal analysis and recommendations in this report and those made by the OIG and COC.	*			LASD's policy will follow nationwide best practices in concurrence with the Sheriff.
9. The County should purchase the most secure BWC system it can reasonably afford. This system should utilize "cloud-based" storage versus "on-premises" storage of BWC footage.	С			LASD Concurs
10. To reduce the financial impact of using BWCs and increase deputy effectiveness in the field, LASD should issue deputies smartphones to facilitate the metadata tagging of BWC footage from the field. Strong consideration should be given to following emerging national promising practices and policy development	С			LASD Concurs

regarding policing's use of mobile devices and allow the deputies to utilize all capabilities of the phones (i.e. photography, video, audio recording, access to the Internet, internally developed LASD apps, phone calls, texting) consistent with agency policy.		
11. There should be a recognition among the significant stakeholders that the LASD BWC Program represents a new dimension to the existing County justice ecosystem with multiple cross-department connections and implications.	С	LASD Concurs
12. Measures of transparency and accountability should be identified and agreed upon as soon as possible. The finalized LASD BWC policy should be available on its website, and reports on the progress of the BWC program should be make publicly available. This is consistent with the recommendations set forth by the COC BWC report.	С	LASD Concurs
13. County regulations impacting the retention of future LASD BWC footage should be re-examined with privacy concerns and financial costs associated with lengthy digital retention in mind.	С	LASD Concurs
14. The DA's Office, as the organization best positioned to lead the county-wide development of standards for the police use of BWCs, should try and create a county-wide working group to create standards for use of BWCs in criminal cases. Such standards should include, but not be limited to, use, technical specifications, security, and storage. The DA's Office should be adequately staffed with sufficient additional personnel to accomplish this.	С	LASD Concurs
15. If the County issues a request for proposal (RFP) for the LASD BWC Program, it should be written in such a way as to allow other LA County police agencies to take advantage of and utilize on the County process. This will facilitate a county-wide common BWC standard.	С	LASD Concurs
16. The County's purchase of a BWC system should ensure seamless sharing of digital files/footage pursuant to evidentiary discovery and include licensing to make certain that the Offices of the Public Defender and Alternate Public Defender have the same,	*	LASD will comply with existing agreements with OIG and COC as it relates to evidence. PD and APD will follow the DA's office guidelines.

yet independent, access to BWC footage currently afforded the DA's Office.		
17. LASD should continue to access the LAPD's BWC experience in technology acquisition, policy development and implementation, and sustainability strategies to leverage the County's investment in its BWC program.	С	LASD Concurs
18. LASD should incorporate as much of this report's legal analysis as possible in its development of its BWC policy.	С	LASD Concurs
19. LASD policy should prohibit the use of personally owned BWCs by on-duty personnel. This is consistent with the recommendation made by the COC in its BWC report.	С	LASD Concurs
20. In the future, LASD and the County should consider implementing police vehicle dash cameras to augment the capabilities of the BWC program.	*	The cost of adding equipment to LASD's fleet of approximately 2000+ patrol cars and 7000 total fleet will require separate a budget and personnel. Approximately 20% of LASD's patrol force works on foot, away from their car (i.e. Transit, buildings, parks, etc.

Appendix D – Deployment Schedule (Estimated)

ın			Start					1	1
ID O	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted I	Expended	2019 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4	2020 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Ot	2021 tr 40tr 10tr 20tr 30
0	Body Worn Camera (BWC) Implementation	583.5 days	Mon 4/15/19	Thu 7/8/21	\$19,906,762.00	\$1,907,121.00			
1	RFP	188 days	Mon 4/15/19	Wed 1/1/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		1/1	
2	Budget	90 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		1	
3 🗸	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
4	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
5 🗸	LASD - Draft RFP Documents (SOW, MMR, Desireables,	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
	etc.)						Ll		200
6 🎺	CEO - Review RFP Documents	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	{		200
7 🗸	CIO - Review RFP Documents	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		and the same of th
8	ISD - Prepare and Release RFP	79 days	Mon 4/15/19	Thu 8/1/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
9	ISD - Bidder's Conference	1 day	Fri 8/16/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
0	ISD - Close Solicitation	1 day	Mon 9/2/19	Mon 9/2/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			PARAMETER
11	ISD - Proposal Evaluation	45 days	Tue 9/3/19	Mon 11/4/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			and an artist of the second of
12	ISD - Award Contract	1 day	Tue 11/5/19	Tue 11/5/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			- Control of Control o
3	BOS - Contract Executed	1 day	Wed 1/1/20	Wed 1/1/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	100 PART 100 PART		0
4	Phase I - Computer Deployment	465 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 1/22/21	\$5,631,975.00	\$1,441,575.00			1/22
15 🐶	Century Patrol Station	5 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/19/19	\$227,970.00	\$227,970.00		\Box	
6 🗸	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	1 Harri		
7 🐶	Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	(juder)		
8 🎺	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
9 🎺	Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	1 1		
0 🗸	Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
.1 🗸	Equipment Delivery	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
22 💞	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/19/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
23 🎺	Lakewood Patrol Station	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$257,472.00	\$257,472.00		Th	
24 🎺	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	1 🛬 1		
.5 🎺	Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	1 4		
26 🗸	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00) hadder (A014100000000
27	Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	1	-	La constitución de la constituci
28 🗸	Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		a pa a ma a m
29 🎺	Equipment Delivery	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	• •	\$0.00	\$0.00	i hadiar i		Approximation and a second
30 🗸	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 4/22/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	1 1 1		***************************************
31 🗸	Paramount Substation	5 days	Mon 4/22/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	Tager I		AAAAAAAAA
32 🗸	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 4/22/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u> </u>	111	***************************************
			Page 3	33					•

ID	n O	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended	2019 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3	2020 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 O	2021 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qt
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<i>"</i>	Bellflower Substation	5 days	Mon 4/22/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00				
34 🛚	<i>p</i> 2	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 4/22/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	h		*****
35 *	1	IAB	11 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/29/19	\$88,506.00	\$88,506.00	/1		
36 🔻	1	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
37 4		Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	⊕ 4/10		4
38 4	and the same of th	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
39 🛭	1	Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		***************************************
40 *	Į.	Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
41	A. C.	Equipment Delivery	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
42 4	1	Computer Rollout	1 day	Mon 4/29/19	Mon 4/29/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
43	1	ICIB	15 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/3/19	\$67,050.00	\$67,050.00	n		
44	And the second	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
45	1	Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	***	
46 *	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		0.00	
47 *	P	Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
48	and the same of th	Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	.	
49 🕏	1	Equipment Delivery	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
50 •	and a	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 5/3/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	H		
51 *	1	Industry Patrol Station	20 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/10/19	\$181,035.00	1 1			
52	A PARTY	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00		السلب ا		
53	1	Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00		4/15		Perfect Parks
54	No.	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00		4/15		
55 🕴	Ì	Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
56 +	1	Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15 4/15	Anna Anna	
57	1	Equipment Delivery	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
58	1	Computer Rollout	9 days	Tue 4/30/19	Fri 5/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
59 •	1	Homicide	25 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/17/19	\$305,748.00	\$305,748.00			
60 4	age of	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19		1			***************************************
61	1	Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19			4/15		
62 +	1	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00				***************************************
63	A. C.	Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19		1	4/15		
64	W. P.	Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19		1	4/15		
65	Mark .	Equipment Delivery	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
66	1	Computer Rollout	10 days	Mon 5/6/19	Fri 5/17/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	W ₁		
	√ √	• •			Fri 5/17/19	and the second s		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

ID	0	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish E	Budgeted E	xpended	2019 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4	2020 Otr 1 Otr	2021 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr
67	√,	West Hollywood Patrol Station	27 days	Mon 4/15/19	Tue 5/21/19	\$116,667.00	\$116,667.00	iri i	THT:	
68	V	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4.15		
69	1	Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
70	1	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
71	A	Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
72	1	Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
73	V	Equipment Delivery	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
74	1	Computer Rollout	2 days	Mon 5/20/19	Tue 5/21/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	l III		
75	1	Universal City Walk Substation	2 days	Mon 5/20/19	Tue 5/21/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		1111	
76	1	Computer Rollout	2 days	Mon 5/20/19	Tue 5/21/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	l T		
77	1	Lancaster Patrol Station	40 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 6/7/19	\$197,127.00	\$197,127.00	/1	###h	
78	N. P.	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
79	Angel Par	Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
80	1	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
81	1	Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
82	1	Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
83	No. of Property lies	Equipment Delivery	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
84	1	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 6/3/19	Fri 6/7/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	1 1 3 5		
85		BWC Headquarters	135 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 10/18/19	\$44,253.00	\$0.00	1 1 3 1		
86		Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
87		Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	1 1969 1		
88		Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
89		Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			- La de Constitución
90		Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			4 a particular de la constantina della constanti
91		Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			00 y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y
92		Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 10/14/19	Fri 10/18/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
93		Fraud & Cyber Crimes Bureau	140 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 10/25/19	\$154,215.00	\$0.00			
94		Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
95		Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
96		Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
97		Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			and the second s
98		Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
99		Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
100		Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 10/21/19	Fri 10/25/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
				Page 3	15					

	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish B	udgeted Exp	ended 2019	2020 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Q
)1	Hall of Justice	145 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 11/1/19	\$40,230.00	\$0.00	
)2 🗸	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
)3 🎺	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
)4	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
)5	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
)6	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
7	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
18	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 10/28/19	Fri 11/1/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
9	Compton Patrol Station	150 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 11/8/19	\$174,330.00	\$0.00	
0 🗸	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1 🗸	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
2	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
3	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
4	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
5	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
6	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 11/4/19	Fri 11/8/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
7	Carson Patrol Station	155 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 11/15/19	\$160,920.00	\$0.00	
8 🎺	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
9 🎺	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
5	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
2	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
3	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
4	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 11/11/19	Fri 11/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
5	East Los Angeles Patrol Station	165 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 11/29/19	\$209,196.00	\$0.00	
6 🗸	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
7 🗸	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
8	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
9	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
0	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
31	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
2	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 11/18/19	Fri 11/22/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
3	Maywood Substation	5 days	Mon 11/25/19	Fri 11/29/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
34	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 11/25/19	Fri 11/29/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
			Page 3	ic.			

175 days				¥ 1†	r 18()fr 28()fr 38()fr 48()fr 18()fr 28()fr 38)fr 48)fr 18()fr 28)fr 48)fr 4
	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 12/13/19	\$244,062.00	\$0.00	r 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4
0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4 4 15
10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	K I IIIIIII III
80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
5 days	Mon 12/2/19	Fri 12/6/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
5 days	Mon 12/9/19	Fri 12/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
5 days	Mon 12/9/19	Fri 12/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
180 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 12/20/19	\$107,280.00	\$0.00	granteness (secondates and secondates are secondates and secondates and secondates and secondates are secondate
0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15
10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
5 days	Mon 12/16/19	Fri 12/20/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
185 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 12/27/19	\$147,510.00	\$0.00	
0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/16
10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
5 days	Mon 12/23/19	Fri 12/27/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
190 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 1/3/20	\$9,265.10	\$0.00	guarance de accessorance de la companya del companya del companya de la companya
0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15
10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
5 days	Mon 12/30/19	Fri 1/3/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
	80 days 10 days 20 days 5 days 5 days 5 days 180 days 10 days 10 days 10 days 20 days 10 days 20 days 10 days 20 days 5 days 185 days 10 days	80 days Mon 4/29/19 10 days Mon 8/19/19 10 days Mon 9/2/19 20 days Mon 9/16/19 5 days Mon 12/2/19 5 days Mon 12/9/19 5 days Mon 12/9/19 180 days Mon 4/15/19 10 days Mon 4/15/19 10 days Mon 8/19/19 10 days Mon 9/2/19 20 days Mon 12/16/19 185 days Mon 4/15/19 0 days Mon 4/15/19 10 days Mon 8/19/19 10 days Mon 9/2/19 20 days Mon 9/2/19 20 days Mon 9/2/19 10 days Mon 12/23/19 190 days Mon 4/15/19 10 days Mon 4/29/19 10 days Mon 9/2/19	80 days Mon 4/29/19 Fri 8/16/19 10 days Mon 8/19/19 Fri 8/30/19 10 days Mon 9/2/19 Fri 9/13/19 20 days Mon 9/16/19 Fri 10/11/19 5 days Mon 12/2/19 Fri 12/6/19 5 days Mon 12/9/19 Fri 12/13/19 5 days Mon 12/9/19 Fri 12/13/19 180 days Mon 4/15/19 10 days Mon 4/15/19 80 days Mon 4/15/19 10 days Mon 8/19/19 10 days Mon 9/2/19 20 days Mon 9/2/19 5 days Mon 12/16/19 10 days Mon 9/2/19 5 days Mon 12/16/19 10 days Mon 4/15/19 10 days Mon 8/19/19 10 days Mon 8/19/19 10 days Mon 9/2/19 20 days Mon 9/2/19 10 days Mon 9/2/19 10 days Mon 9/2/19 10 days Mon 9/2/19 5 days Mon 9/16/19 5 days Mon 4/15/19 10 days Mon 4/15/19 5 days Mon 4/15/19 10 days Mon 8/19/19 10 fri 8/30/19 10 days Mon 8/19/19 10 fri 8/30/19 10 fri 9/13/19 10 fri 19/13/19	80 days Mon 4/29/19 Fri 8/16/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 8/19/19 Fri 8/30/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 9/2/19 Fri 9/13/19 \$0.00 20 days Mon 9/16/19 Fri 12/6/19 \$0.00 5 days Mon 12/2/19 Fri 12/6/19 \$0.00 5 days Mon 12/9/19 Fri 12/13/19 \$0.00 5 days Mon 12/9/19 Fri 12/13/19 \$0.00 180 days Mon 4/15/19 Fri 12/20/19 \$107,280.00 0 days Mon 4/15/19 Fri 12/20/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 4/15/19 Fri 4/26/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 4/29/19 Fri 8/16/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 8/19/19 Fri 8/30/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 9/2/19 Fri 10/11/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 9/2/19 Fri 10/11/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 12/16/19 Fri 12/20/19 \$0.00 185 days Mon 4/15/19 Fri 12/20/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 8/19/19 Fri 8/16/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 8/19/19 Fri 8/16/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 9/2/19 Fri 10/11/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 9/16/19 Fri 10/11/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 4/15/19 Fri 10/11/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 4/15/19 Fri 1/3/20 \$9,265.10 10 days Mon 4/15/19 Fri 1/3/20 \$9,265.10 10 days Mon 4/15/19 Fri 1/3/20 \$0.00 10 days Mon 9/29/19 Fri 8/16/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 9/29/19 Fri 8/30/19 \$0.00 10 days Mon 9/29/19 Fri 1/3/20 \$0.00	80 days Mon 4/29/19 Fri 8/16/19 \$0.00 \$0.00 10 days Mon 9/2/19 Fri 8/30/19 \$0.00 \$0.00 10 days Mon 9/2/19 Fri 9/13/19 \$0.00 \$0.00 20 days Mon 9/16/19 Fri 10/11/19 \$0.00 \$0.00 5 days Mon 12/2/19 Fri 12/6/19 \$0.00 \$0.00 5 days Mon 12/9/19 Fri 12/13/19 \$0.00 \$0.00 5 days Mon 12/9/19 Fri 12/20/19 \$0.00 \$0.00 180 days Mon 4/15/19 Fri 12/20/19 \$0.00 \$0.00 10 days Mon 4/15/19 Fri 12/20/19 \$0.00 \$0.00 10 days Mon 4/15/19 Fri 8/16/19 \$0.00 \$0.00 10 days Mon 8/19/19 Fri 8/30/19 \$0.00 \$0.00 10 days Mon 9/2/19 Fri 8/30/19 \$0.00 \$0.00 20 days Mon 12/16/19 Fri 12/20/19 \$0.00 \$0.00 185 days Mon 4/15/19 Fri 12/20/19 \$0.00

ID O	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish [Budgeted Exper		2019 · 2020 Dtr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 O
169	Parks Bureau - Whittier Narrows	195 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 1/10/20	\$9,265.09	\$0.00	
170 💞	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4 15
171 🗸	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
172	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
173	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
74	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
75	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
76	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 1/6/20	Fri 1/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
77	Parks Bureau - Apollo	200 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 1/17/20	\$9,265.09	\$0.00	parameter, increase increase increase and in
78 🗳	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15
79 🗸	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
30	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
31	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
32	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
33	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
14	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 1/13/20	Fri 1/17/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
15	Parks Bureau - Belvedere	205 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 1/24/20	\$9,265.09	\$0.00	
6	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15
7 🗸	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
8	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
9	Reguest for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
0	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
2	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 1/20/20	Fri 1/24/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	T
)3	Parks Bureau - Hollywood Bowl	210 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 1/31/20	\$9,265.09	\$0.00	
4 🗸	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	♠ 4/15
5 🗸	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
06	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
07	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
8	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
9	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
00	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 1/27/20	Fri 1/31/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
11	Parks Bureau - Castaic	215 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 2/7/20	\$9,265.09	\$0.00	
)2 🎺	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15
			Page 3	18			

0	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended .	2019 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 O	2020		2021	مامد عا
3	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	utr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 O	r 4Qtr 1Q	tr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr	4-Qtr 1 Qtr 2	ZUTT 3 C
4	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19		\$0.00	Ž.				
5	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19		\$0.00					
5	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19		\$0.00					
7	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
3	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 2/3/20	Fri 2/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	***************************************				
9	Parks Bureau - El Cariso	220 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 2/14/20	\$9,265.09	\$0.00					
) 🗸	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4.15				
1 🗸	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
2	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
3	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	M				
	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 2/10/20	Fri 2/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00					
	Parks Bureau - MED	225 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 2/21/20	\$9,265.09	\$0.00	lama pananana		111		
1	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15				
1	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u> </u>				
	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 2/17/20	Fri 2/21/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	***************************************				-
	Parks Bureau - Mona Park	230 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 2/28/20	\$9,265.09	\$0.00	J				
200	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15				
V	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 2/24/20	Fri 2/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00				100	
	Parks Bureau - Mira Loma	235 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 3/6/20	\$9,265.09	\$0.00	-				
4	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15				
V	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u> </u>				
5	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					

•	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish [Budgeted	Expended	2019 Otr 1 Otr 1	Otr 2 Ot-	2020 Otr 101	r 20tr 20t	2021 r 4 Qtr 1 Qtr	20tr 2
7	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		201130112			4Qtr ilQtr	2011 31
3	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
9	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		1				
)	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 3/2/20	Fri 3/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00						
1	Parks Bureau - Athens	240 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 3/13/20	\$9,265.09	\$0.00	-			+		
2	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4	15				
3	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
1	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	Ĭ.					
5	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
5	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		1				
	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 3/9/20	Fri 3/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		***************************************				
	Walnut/Diamond Bar Patrol Station	245 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 3/20/20	\$130,077.00	\$0.00	i			##		
Angel P	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4	15				
4	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	Ĭ.					
	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		Ĭ	- -			
	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 3/16/20	Fri 3/20/20	\$0.00	\$0.00						
	Palmdale Patrol Station	250 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 3/27/20	\$194,445.00	\$0.00	İ			++-		
1	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4	/15				
V	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0,00	1					
	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	Ň					
	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		1 1				
-	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 3/23/20	Fri 3/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00						
	Norwalk Patrol Station	260 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/10/20	\$225,288.00	\$0.00	j			$\forall \exists$		
1	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4	/15				
V	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
3	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
)	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
)	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						

ID	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish I	Budgeted Expend		2019 2020 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Ot
271	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Ot
272	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 3/30/20	Fri 4/3/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
273	La Mirada Substation	5 days	Mon 4/6/20	Fri 4/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
274	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 4/6/20	Fri 4/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
275	Pico Rivera Patrol Station	265 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/17/20	\$136,782.00	\$0.00	
276	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4 15
277	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
278	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
279	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
280	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
281	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
282	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 4/13/20	Fri 4/17/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
283	Transit Services Bureau - TIU	270 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/24/20	\$48,276.00	\$0.00	
284	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15
85 4	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
86	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
87	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
88	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
89	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
90	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 4/20/20	Fri 4/24/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
91	Transit Services Bureau - El Monte	275 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/1/20	\$48,276.00	\$0.00	
92 🖣	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	♠ 4/15
93 🖠	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
94	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
95	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
96	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
97	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	*
98	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 4/27/20	Fri 5/1/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
99	Transit Services Bureau - Downey	280 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/8/20	\$48,276.00	\$0.00	
00 🔦	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15
01 4	/ Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
02	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
03	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
304	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
			Page 4	1			

Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended	2019 Otr 1 Otr 3 Otr 3	2020 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3	2021
Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 5/4/20	Fri 5/8/20		\$0.00			
Transit Services Bureau - K9	285 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/15/20	\$48,276.00	\$0.00			
Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	T.		LI PROPERTIES
Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	Zipin 1		
Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 5/11/20	Fri 5/15/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
Metrolink - Chatsworth	290 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/22/20	\$12,441.00	\$0.00	j		
Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		_	
Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	i i i		
Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 5/18/20	Fri 5/22/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket)	295 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/29/20	\$12,441.00	\$0.00	1 1 1		
Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00		Nadar 3		
Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00		1 1 1 100		
Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		-	
Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	Š	,	
Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		11 1 3 1 111 1 1	
Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 5/25/20	Fri 5/29/20	\$0.00	•	1 1 1	74	
Metrolink - La Verne (HQ)	300 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 6/5/20	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(
f Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00		-		
Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19		i i	l way (
Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19			l l viv		
Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19					
Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19				,	
Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19 Fri 6/5/20			1 1 1		

(f)	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish E	Budgeted E	xpended	2019 Otr 1 Otr 3 Otr 3 Ot	2020 r 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qt
	Temple Patrol Station	310 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 6/19/20	\$177,012.00	\$0.00		
1	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4,15	
1	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	*	
	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	M-	
	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 6/8/20	Fri 6/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Duarte Substation	5 days	Mon 6/15/20	Fri 6/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 6/15/20	Fri 6/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Lomita Patrol Station	315 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 6/26/20	\$77,778.00	\$0.00		
~	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
4/2	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	K I	
****	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	Lagran (
	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 6/22/20	Fri 6/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Cerritos Patrol Station	320 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 7/3/20	\$76,437.00	\$0.00		
V	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
4	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		The state of the s
	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 6/29/20	Fri 7/3/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	***************************************	
	Altadena Patrol Station	325 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 7/10/20	\$59,004.00	\$0.00		
1	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
- A	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	M.I	
	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	Ž.	
	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 7/6/20	Fri 7/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	and the second	

•

	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended	2019 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Ot	2020	r 2 Otr 2 Ot	2021	Otr 3 0+
73	Crescenta Valley Patrol Station	330 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 7/17/20	\$95,211.00	\$0.00			1 2 0 1 3 0 1		QUE
74 🗳	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15				
75 🗸	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
76	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
77	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
78	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
79	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					
30	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 7/13/20	Fri 7/17/20	\$0.00	\$0.00					
31	Santa Clarita Patrol Station	335 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 7/24/20	\$139,464.00	\$0.00	1				
2 🗸	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15				***************************************
3 🗸	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	L.				
14	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				1771	
15	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					i
36	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	1 1				
7	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			$H \perp \parallel \parallel$		
8	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 7/20/20	Fri 7/24/20	\$0.00	\$0.00				4	
9	Marina Del Rey Patrol Station	345 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 8/7/20	\$56,322.00	\$0.00					1
0	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15				
1 🗸	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	No. 1			400	
12	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				14111	-
3	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u> </u>				
4	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				107111111111111111111111111111111111111	
5	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u></u>			1	
6	Computer Rollout	10 days	Mon 7/27/20	Fri 8/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00					1
)7	Avalon Patrol Station	350 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 8/14/20	\$22,797.00	\$0.00					
8 🎶	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15				
9 🗸	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u>L</u>				
00	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					1
1	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					il
2	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					il
)3	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			$H \coprod I$		il
)4	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 8/10/20	Fri 8/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	***************************************				I
5	County Services	390 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 10/9/20	\$278,928.00	\$0.00	(1
06	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15				

(1)	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended	2019	2020	مامد عاد:	2021 r 4Qtr 1Qtr 2Qtr 3
V	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Q	tr 4Otr 1Otr	2Qtr 3Qt	r 4:Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr :
	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	*			
	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
)	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	1 3		- - ,	
	Computer Rollout	40 days	Mon 8/17/20	Fri 10/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			110	
	Community College Bureau	410 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 11/6/20	\$99,234.00	\$0.00			+++1	h
~	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	 4/15 			
*	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	*			
*	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			l de la constantina	0000
-	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				- Annual
	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			+ + + 1	NA PARAMETER AND
	Computer Rollout	•	Mon 10/12/20	Fri 11/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	2000			
-	Community Partnership Bureau Headquarters	415 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 11/13/20	\$41,571.00	\$0.00				H = H
J	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19		\$0.00	4/15			
-	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	, \$0.00	\$0.00	KI			
	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	The second			
	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	1			
	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 11/9/20	Fri 11/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	wysespecial ways and the second			
	Parole Compliance Team	435 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 12/11/20	\$100,575.00	\$0.00				
1	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	 4/15 			
V	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	T I			
-	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	Ž.			
	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
5	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			+++	1
	Computer Rollout	,		Fri 12/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	400000000			
,	Courts (Levi)	455 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 1/8/21	\$160,920.00	\$0.00			++++	+1
3	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15			
•	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
)	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
			Page 45							

0	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish E	Budgeted Ex	pended	2019 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr	202 3 Otr 4 Otr	0 1 Otr 2	Otr 30	20 Otr 4 Otr	21 1 Otr 2 Otr
1	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	1 1 1	K 11.1				
2	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
3	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			1111			
4	Computer Rollout	20 days	Mon 12/14/20	Fri 1/8/21	\$0.00	\$0.00						
5	Narcotics Bureau	460 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 1/15/21	\$274,905.00	\$0.00			1111	***		
5	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4 15					
7	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u>S</u>					
3	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		1				
)	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		<u> </u>				
)	Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		6 11				
	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				-		
!	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 1/11/21	Fri 1/15/21	\$0.00	\$0.00		-				
;	Special Victims Bureau	465 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 1/22/21	\$229,311.00	\$0.00	J					
1	Identify Computer and Monitor Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15					
5	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
5	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		<u> </u>				
,	Request for Bid	10 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 8/30/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		5 III				
3	. Bid Award	10 days	Mon 9/2/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		1				
)	Equipment Delivery	20 days	Mon 9/16/19	Fri 10/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		Y	-			.
)	Computer Rollout	5 days	Mon 1/18/21	Fri 1/22/21	\$0.00	\$0.00						
	Phase I - Infrastructure Improvements	518.5 days	Mon 4/15/19	Thu 4/8/21	\$7,069,059.00	\$465,546.00	j			400400000000		4/8
V	Century Patrol Station	33 days	Mon 4/15/19	Wed 5/29/19	\$73,451.00	\$73,451.00						
1	Facility Assessment	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15			.		
1	Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15					
4	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15					
V	Materials - Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15					
· V	Materials - Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	Account to the second				
3	Materials Delivery	20 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
• 🖈	Construction	23 days	Mon 4/15/19	Wed 5/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
) 🐶	Network	10 days	Thu 5/16/19	Wed 5/29/19	\$0.00	\$0.00						
V	Lakewood Patrol Station	33 days	Mon 4/15/19	Wed 5/29/19	\$72,295.00	\$72,295.00	 -1					
2 🗸	Facility Assessment	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15					
3 4	Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	4				
1 🗸	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15					

ID ①	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended	2019 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 0	2020 2021 2021 2011 2012 2021 2013 2014 2015
475	Materials - Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00		4/15	
476 💞	Materials - Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
477 🎺	Materials Delivery	20 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	- X	
478 🗸	Construction	23 days	Mon 4/15/19	Wed 5/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	الناف	
479 🗸	Network	10 days	Thu 5/16/19	Wed 5/29/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
180 🗸	Paramount Substation	45.7 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 6/17/19	\$51,050.00	\$51,050.00	ir	
81 🗸	Facility Assessment	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
182 🎺	Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
83 🎺	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
84 🎺	Materials - Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00		4/15	
85 🎺	Materials - Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
86 🎺	Materials Delivery	20 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	i Maria	
87 🎺	Construction	18 days	Tue 5/14/19	Thu 6/6/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	`D##_	
88 🎺	Network	10 days	Thu 5/16/19	Mon 6/17/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	I A	
89 🗸	Industry Patrol Station	33 days	Mon 4/15/19	Wed 5/29/19	\$73,008.00	\$73,008.00		
90 🗸	Facility Assessment	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
91 🎺	Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
92 🎺	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
93 🎺	Materials - Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
94 🎺	Materials - Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
95 🎺	Materials Delivery	20 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	~ X	
96 🗸	Construction	23 days	Mon 4/15/19	Wed 5/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	' > ■ <u>.</u>	
97 🎺	Network	10 days	Thu 5/16/19	Wed 5/29/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
98	West Hollywood Patrol Station	65 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 7/12/19	\$71,576.00	\$71,576.00		
99 🗸	Facility Assessment	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
00 🗸	Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
01 🗸	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
02	Materials - Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
03 🎺	Materials - Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
04 🎺	Materials Delivery	20 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	í š III	
05	Construction	20 days	Mon 6/3/19	Fri 6/28/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4	
06	Network	10 days	Mon 7/1/19	Fri 7/12/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
07	Universal City Walk Substation	62.5 days	Mon 4/15/19	Wed 7/10/19	\$51,050.00	\$51,050.00		
i08 🎺	Facility Assessment	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15	
			Page 4	7				

ID ()	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish E	Budgeted	Expended	2019 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3	2020 Otr 4Otr 1Otr 2	2021 2 Otr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 C
509 💞	Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
510 🚀	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
511 🎺	Materials - Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
512 🎺	Materials - Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
513 🗸	Materials Delivery	20 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
514	Construction	20 days	Mon 5/27/19	Fri 6/21/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
515	Network	10 days	Mon 6/24/19	Wed 7/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
516	Lancaster Patrol Station	67.5 days	Mon 4/15/19	Wed 7/17/19	\$73,116.00	\$73,116.00			
517	Facility Assessment	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/19		
518 🗸	Request Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
519 🗸	Approve Budget	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
520 🗸	Materials - Request for Bid	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
521 💞	Materials - Bid Award	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15		
522	Materials Delivery	20 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 5/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	(
523	Construction	20 days	Mon 5/13/19	Fri 6/7/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
524	Network	10 days	Mon 6/10/19	Wed 7/17/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
525	BWC Headquarters	71 days	Wed 7/17/19	Thu 10/24/19	\$30,500.00	\$0.00	1 1 111	10	
526	Facility Assessment	10 days	Wed 7/17/19	Wed 7/31/19	\$0.00				
527	Request Budget	2 days	Wed 7/31/19	Fri 8/2/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
528	Approve Budget	9 days	Fri 8/2/19	Thu 8/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
529	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 8/15/19	Thu 8/29/19	\$0.00				
530	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 8/29/19	Thu 9/12/19	\$0.00		. <u> </u>	,	
531	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 9/12/19	Thu 10/10/19	\$0.00		1 1 1 1	1 11 1 1 1 1	
532	Construction	20 days	Thu 9/12/19	Thu 10/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	 >		
533	Network	10 days	Thu 10/10/19	Thu 10/24/19	\$0.00	Ä.			
534	Data Center	71 days	Wed 7/17/19	Thu 10/24/19	\$322,765.00		1 1 11 11	T	
535	Facility Assessment	10 days	Wed 7/17/19	Wed 7/31/19	\$0.00		i i inder		
536	Request Budget	2 days	Wed 7/31/19	Fri 8/2/19	\$0.00		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
537	Approve Budget	9 days	Fri 8/2/19	Thu 8/15/19	\$0.00		1 1111		
538	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 8/15/19	Thu 8/29/19	\$0.00				
539	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 8/29/19		\$0.00		1 1 1 1	,	
540	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 9/12/19	Thu 10/10/19	\$0.00		1 111		
541	Construction	20 days	Thu 9/12/19	Thu 10/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
542	Network	10 days	Thu 10/10/19	Thu 10/24/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			
			Page 4	18					

D	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended	2019 2020 2021
13	Fraud & Cyber Crimes Bureau	71 days	Wod 7/17/10	Thu 10/24/19	\$33,265.00	\$0.00	Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3
	•				\$33,263.00 \$0.00	\$0.00	**************************************
14	Facility Assessment	10 days		Wed 7/31/19	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00	
45	Request Budget	2 days	Wed 7/31/19	Fri 8/2/19		1	
46	Approve Budget	9 days	Fri 8/2/19	Thu 8/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
47	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 8/15/19	Thu 8/29/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
48	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 8/29/19	Thu 9/12/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
49	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 9/12/19	Thu 10/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
50	Construction	20 days	Thu 9/12/19	Thu 10/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
51	Network	10 days	Thu 10/10/19	Thu 10/24/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
52	Homicide	71 days	Wed 7/17/19	Thu 10/24/19	\$33,265.00	\$0.00	**************************************
53	Facility Assessment	10 days	Wed 7/17/19	Wed 7/31/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
54	Request Budget	2 days	Wed 7/31/19	Fri 8/2/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
55	Approve Budget	9 days	Fri 8/2/19	Thu 8/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
56	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 8/15/19	Thu 8/29/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
7	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 8/29/19	Thu 9/12/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
8	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 9/12/19	Thu 10/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
59	Construction	20 days	Thu 9/12/19	Thu 10/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
50	Network	10 days	Thu 10/10/19	Thu 10/24/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
51	ICIB	71 days	Wed 7/17/19	Thu 10/24/19	\$33,265.00	\$0.00	
52	Facility Assessment	10 days	Wed 7/17/19	Wed 7/31/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
53	Request Budget	2 days	Wed 7/31/19	Fri 8/2/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
54	Approve Budget	9 days	Fri 8/2/19	Thu 8/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
55	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 8/15/19	Thu 8/29/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
56	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 8/29/19	Thu 9/12/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
57	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 9/12/19	Thu 10/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
8	Construction	20 days	Thu 9/12/19	Thu 10/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
69	Network	10 days	Thu 10/10/19	Thu 10/24/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
70	IAB	71 days		Thu 10/24/19	\$33,265.00	\$0.00	
71	Facility Assessment	10 days		Wed 7/31/19	\$0.00	- 1	
72	Request Budget	2 days	Wed 7/31/19	Fri 8/2/19	\$0.00		
73	Approve Budget	9 days	Fri 8/2/19	Thu 8/15/19	\$0.00		
74	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 8/15/19	Thu 8/29/19	\$0.00		
75	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 8/29/19	Thu 9/12/19	\$0.00		
76	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 9/12/19		\$0.00	1	
	Waterials Delivery	20 uuys	Page 4		70.00	73.00[<u> </u>

)	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended	2019 Qtr 1 Qtr	2 Qtr 3 Qtr	2020 4 Qtr 10	Qtr 2 Qt	tr 3 Qtr	2021 4 Qtr 10	Qtr 2 Qtr	: 3.C
7	Construction	20 days	Thu 9/12/19	Thu 10/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		₽						
78	Network	10 days	Thu 10/10/19	Thu 10/24/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		Ш						
79	Hall of Justice	71 days	Wed 7/17/19	Thu 10/24/19	\$2,765.00	\$0.00		I I			. '			
80	Facility Assessment	10 days	Wed 7/17/19	Wed 7/31/19		\$0.00								
81	Request Budget	2 days	Wed 7/31/19	Fri 8/2/19	\$0.00	\$0.00								
82	Approve Budget	9 days	Fri 8/2/19	Thu 8/15/19		\$0.00								
83	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 8/15/19	Thu 8/29/19	\$0.00	\$0.00								
84	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 8/29/19	Thu 9/12/19	\$0.00	\$0.00							-	
85	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 9/12/19	Thu 10/10/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					. '			
86	Construction	20 days	Thu 9/12/19	Thu 10/10/19		\$0.00								
87	Network	10 days	Thu 10/10/19	Thu 10/24/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			.					
88	Compton Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 10/24/19	Thu 1/23/20	\$75,265.00	\$0.00		r		$\prod \prod$. '			
89	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 10/24/19	Thu 11/7/19	\$0.00	\$0.00					. '			
90	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 11/7/19	Mon 11/11/19							. '			
91	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 11/11/19	Thu 11/14/19							. '			
92	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 11/14/19	Thu 11/28/19							. '			
93	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 11/28/19	Thu 12/12/19				***************************************						
94	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/12/19	Thu 1/9/20				§ 11	111111		.			
95	Construction	20 days	Thu 12/12/19	Thu 1/9/20			1 1						1000	
96	Network	10 days	Thu 1/9/20	Thu 1/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		J	. 4111					
97	Carson Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 10/24/19	Thu 1/23/20	1			r		$\prod I$				
98	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 10/24/19	Thu 11/7/19					,					
99	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 11/7/19	Mon 11/11/19				1						
00	Approve Budget	3 days					1 1							
01	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 11/14/19											
02	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 11/28/19	Thu 12/12/19					***					
503	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/12/19	Thu 1/9/20					7					
604	Construction	20 days	Thu 12/12/19	Thu 1/9/20			1 1							
505	Network	10 days	Thu 1/9/20	Thu 1/23/20			1 1		.					
506	East Los Angeles Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 10/24/19	Thu 1/23/20				r						
507	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 10/24/19	Thu 11/7/19	1	·	1 1							
808	Request Budget	2 days		Mon 11/11/19	1		1		.					
509	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 11/11/19) 					
510	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 11/14/19	Thu 11/28/19	\$0.00	\$0.00			2 1 I	<u> </u>	<u>L_</u>			

ID	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended	2019 2020 2021
	<u> </u>		TI 44/00/40	T. 40/40/45	<u> </u>	ćo 00	Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3
511	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 11/28/19			\$0.00	
12	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/12/19		1	\$0.00	
13	Construction	20 days	Thu 12/12/19			\$0.00	
14	Network	10 days	Thu 1/9/20			\$0.00	
15	Maywood Substation	65 days	Thu 10/24/19			\$0.00	
16	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 10/24/19			\$0.00	
17	Request Budget	2 days	, ,	Mon 11/11/19	4	\$0.00	
18	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 11/11/19			\$0.00	
19	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 11/14/19			\$0.00	
20	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 11/28/19			\$0.00	
21	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/12/19	Thu 1/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
22	Construction	20 days	Thu 12/12/19	Thu 1/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
23	Network	10 days	Thu 1/9/20	Thu 1/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
24	South Los Angeles Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 10/24/19	Thu 1/23/20	\$75,265.00	\$0.00	
25	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 10/24/19	Thu 11/7/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
26	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 11/7/19	Mon 11/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
27	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 11/11/19	Thu 11/14/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
28	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 11/14/19	Thu 11/28/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
29	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 11/28/19	Thu 12/12/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
30	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/12/19	Thu 1/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
31	Construction	20 days	Thu 12/12/19	Thu 1/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
32	Network	10 days	Thu 1/9/20	Thu 1/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
33	Lawndale Substation	65 days	Thu 10/24/19	Thu 1/23/20	\$53,865.00	\$0.00	
34	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 10/24/19	Thu 11/7/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
35	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 11/7/19	Mon 11/11/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
36	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 11/11/19	Thu 11/14/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
37	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 11/14/19	Thu 11/28/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
38	Materials - Bid Award	10 days		Thu 12/12/19	i i	\$0.00	
39	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/12/19		and the second s	\$0.00	
40	Construction	20 days	Thu 12/12/19			\$0.00	
41	Network	10 days	Thu 1/9/20			\$0.00	
42	Malibu/Lost Hills Patrol Station	65 days				\$0.00	; ; ; • i) ;
43	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 10/24/19			\$0.00	
644	Request Budget	2 days		Mon 11/11/19		,	
	nequest budget	Lauys	Page 5	***************************************	- T		1

¥

ID (1	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended 2019) 2020 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr
645	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 11/11/19	Thu 11/14/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
646	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days			1	\$0.00	
647	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 11/28/19	Thu 12/12/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	
548	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/12/19	Thu 1/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
649	Construction	20 days	Thu 12/12/19	Thu 1/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
550	Network	10 days	Thu 1/9/20	Thu 1/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
551	San Dimas Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$75,265.00	\$0.00	
652	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
653	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
654	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
655	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
656	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
657	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
658	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
659	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
660	Parks Bureau - Bonelli Substation	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$37,207.27	\$0.00	
661	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
662	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
663	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
664	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
665	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
666	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
667	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
668	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
669	Parks Bureau - Whittier Narrows	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$37,207.27	\$0.00	
670	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
671	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
672	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
673	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
674	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
675	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
676	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20		\$0.00	
677	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
678	Parks Bureau - Apollo	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$34,442.27	\$0.00	

.

ID	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted Expen		2020 2021 20tr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr
579	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
580	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
581	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
582	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
583	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
584	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
85	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
86	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
87	Parks Bureau - Belvedere	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$34,442.27	\$0.00	
88	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
89	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
90	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
91	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
92	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
93	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
94	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
95	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
96	Parks Bureau - Hollywood Bowl	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$34,442.27	\$0.00	
97	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
98	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
99	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
00	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
01	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
02	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
'03	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
704	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
705	Parks Bureau - Castaic	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$37,207.27	\$0.00	
706	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
07	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
'08	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
09	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
10	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
711	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
712	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	

	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted [Expended	2020 2021	مامر ما
3	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	tr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr	2Qtr 3
4	Parks Bureau - El Cariso	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20		\$0.00		
5	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20		\$0.00		
6	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20		\$0.00		
7	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	1	\$0.00		
8	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20		\$0.00	***************************************	
9	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20		\$0.00		
)	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20		\$0.00		
1	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20		\$0.00		
2	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20		\$0.00		
3	Parks Bureau - MED	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20		\$0.00	*************************************	
1	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20		\$0.00		
5	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20		\$0.00		
5	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20		\$0.00		
	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20		\$0.00		
	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20	9	\$0.00		
	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20		\$0.00		
)	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20		\$0.00		
	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Parks Bureau - Mona Park	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$34,442.27	\$0.00	7-4	
	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
5	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
5	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u> </u>	
	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20		\$0.00	Alamania de la compania de la compa	-
3	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20		\$0.00		
9	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20		\$0.00		
0	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20		\$0.00		
	Parks Bureau - Mira Loma	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20		\$0.00		
2	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
3	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
4	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
5	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
6	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		

•

ID (Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish E	Budgeted E	expended 2019	2020 2021
747	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00 Qtr 1	Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr
47 48	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
49	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/3/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
		•		4	\$37,207.27	\$0.00	
50	Parks Bureau - Athens	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$37,207.27	\$0.00	
51	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20	•		
52	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
53	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
54	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
55	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
56	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
57	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
58	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
59	Walnut/Diamond Bar Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$75,265.00	\$0.00	
60	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
61	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
62	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
63	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
64	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
55	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
66	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
67	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
68	Palmdale Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$75,265.00	\$0.00	
69	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
70	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
71	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	**************************************
72	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
73	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
74	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
75	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
76	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
77	Norwalk Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$75,265.00	\$0.00	
78	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
79	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
80	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
	Ubblose pringer	Juays	11.011 2/ 10/20	2/25/20	70.00	70.00	

)	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted Ex	rpended 2019	2020 20tr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3
1	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
2	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
3	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
4	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
15	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
6	La Mirada Substation	65 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$53,865.00	\$0.00	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
7	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 1/23/20	Thu 2/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
8	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 2/6/20	Mon 2/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
9	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 2/10/20	Thu 2/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
0	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Thu 2/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 2/27/20	Thu 3/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
2	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
3	Construction	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Thu 4/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
4	Network	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Thu 4/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
5	Pico Rivera Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$75,265.00	\$0.00	
5	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 5/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
7	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 5/7/20	Mon 5/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
8	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 5/11/20	Thu 5/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
9	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 5/14/20	Thu 5/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
0	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 5/28/20	Thu 6/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
2	Construction	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
3	Network	10 days	Thu 7/9/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
4	Transit Services Bureau - El Monte	65 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$72,681.25	\$0.00	
5	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 5/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
6	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 5/7/20	Mon 5/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
7	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 5/11/20	Thu 5/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
8	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 5/14/20	Thu 5/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
9	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 5/28/20	Thu 6/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
0	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1	Construction	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
2	Network	10 days	Thu 7/9/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
3	Transit Services Bureau - Downey	65 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$72,681.25	\$0.00	
4	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 5/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	

ID 💮	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted Exp	pended 2019	2020 htr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3
315	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 5/7/20	Mon 5/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
16	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 5/11/20	Thu 5/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
17	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 5/14/20	Thu 5/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
18	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 5/28/20	Thu 6/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
19	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
20	Construction	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
21	Network	10 days	Thu 7/9/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
22	Transit Services Bureau - TIU	65 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$64,681.25	\$0.00	
23	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 5/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
24	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 5/7/20	Mon 5/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
25	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 5/11/20	Thu 5/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
26	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 5/14/20	Thu 5/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
27	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 5/28/20	Thu 6/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
28	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
29	Construction	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
30	Network	10 days	Thu 7/9/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
31	Transit Services Bureau - K9	65 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$64,681.25	\$0.00	
32	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 5/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
33	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 5/7/20	Mon 5/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
34	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 5/11/20	Thu 5/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
35	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 5/14/20	Thu 5/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
36	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 5/28/20	Thu 6/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
37	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
38	Construction	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
39	Network	10 days	Thu 7/9/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
40	Metrolink - Chatsworth	65 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$71,820.01	\$0.00	
41	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 5/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
42	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 5/7/20	Mon 5/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
43	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 5/11/20	Thu 5/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
44	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 5/14/20	Thu 5/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
45	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 5/28/20	Thu 6/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
46	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
47	Construction	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
48	Network	10 days	Thu 7/9/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	

ID A	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish I	Budgeted	Expended	2019	2020	2021 tr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Oti
849	Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket)	65 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$71,820.01	\$0.00		r 40tr lott 20tr 30t	
850	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 5/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
851	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 5/7/20	Mon 5/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
352	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 5/11/20	Thu 5/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
853	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 5/14/20	Thu 5/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
354	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 5/28/20	Thu 6/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
355	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
856	Construction	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
857	Network	10 days	Thu 7/9/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
858	Metrolink - La Verne (HQ)	65 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$71,820.01	\$0.00			
859	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 5/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	***************************************		
860	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 5/7/20	Mon 5/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
861	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 5/11/20	Thu 5/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		.	
362	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 5/14/20	Thu 5/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
863	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 5/28/20	Thu 6/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
864	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
865	Construction	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	and the state of t		
866	Network	10 days	Thu 7/9/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
867	Temple Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$74,773.00	\$0.00			
868	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 5/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
869	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 5/7/20	Mon 5/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
870	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 5/11/20	Thu 5/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
871	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 5/14/20	Thu 5/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
872	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 5/28/20	Thu 6/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
873	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
874	Construction	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
875	Network	10 days	Thu 7/9/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
876	Duarte Substation	65 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$53,865.00	\$0.00			
877	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 5/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
878	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 5/7/20	Mon 5/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
879	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 5/11/20	Thu 5/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	***************************************		
880	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 5/14/20	Thu 5/28/20	\$0.00				
881	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 5/28/20	Thu 6/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			
882	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00			

ID	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended 2019	2020 htr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr
883	Construction	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u> </u>
884	Network	10 days	Thu 7/9/20	Thu 7/23/20		\$0.00	
885	Lomita Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$75,265.00	\$0.00	
886	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 5/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
887	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 5/7/20	Mon 5/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
888	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 5/11/20	Thu 5/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
889	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 5/14/20	Thu 5/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
890	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 5/28/20	Thu 6/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
891	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
892	Construction	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
893	Network	10 days	Thu 7/9/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
894	Cerritos Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$75,265.00	\$0.00	
895	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 4/23/20	Thu 5/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
896	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 5/7/20	Mon 5/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
397	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 5/11/20	Thu 5/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
398	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 5/14/20	Thu 5/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
899	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 5/28/20	Thu 6/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
900	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
901	Construction	20 days	Thu 6/11/20	Thu 7/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
902	Network	10 days	Thu 7/9/20	Thu 7/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
903	Altadena Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 7/23/20	Thu 10/22/20	\$75,265.00	\$0.00	
904	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 7/23/20	Thu 8/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
905	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 8/6/20	Mon 8/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
906	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 8/10/20	Thu 8/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
907	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Thu 8/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
908	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 8/27/20	Thu 9/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
909	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 9/10/20	Thu 10/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
910	Construction	20 days	Thu 9/10/20	Thu 10/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
911	Network	10 days	Thu 10/8/20	Thu 10/22/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
912	Cresenta Valley Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 7/23/20	Thu 10/22/20	\$75,265.00	\$0.00	
913	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 7/23/20	Thu 8/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
914	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 8/6/20	Mon 8/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
915	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 8/10/20	Thu 8/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
916	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Thu 8/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	

ID .	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted Ex		2019 2020 2011 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr
917	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 8/27/20	Thu 9/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
918	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 9/10/20	Thu 10/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
919	Construction	20 days	Thu 9/10/20	Thu 10/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
920	Network	10 days	Thu 10/8/20	Thu 10/22/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
921	Santa Clarita Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 7/23/20	Thu 10/22/20	\$75,265.00	\$0.00	
922	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 7/23/20	Thu 8/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	***************************************
923	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 8/6/20	Mon 8/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
924	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 8/10/20	Thu 8/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
925	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Thu 8/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
926	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 8/27/20	Thu 9/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
927	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 9/10/20	Thu 10/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
928	Construction	20 days	Thu 9/10/20	Thu 10/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
929	Network	10 days	Thu 10/8/20	Thu 10/22/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
930	Marina Del Rey Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 7/23/20	Thu 10/22/20	\$75,265.00	\$0.00	
931	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 7/23/20	Thu 8/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
932	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 8/6/20	Mon 8/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
933	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 8/10/20	Thu 8/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
934	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Thu 8/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
935	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 8/27/20	Thu 9/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
936	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 9/10/20	Thu 10/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
937	Construction	20 days	Thu 9/10/20	Thu 10/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
938	Network	10 days	Thu 10/8/20	Thu 10/22/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
939	Avalon Patrol Station	65 days	Thu 7/23/20	Thu 10/22/20	\$184,765.00	\$0.00	
940	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 7/23/20	Thu 8/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
941	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 8/6/20	Mon 8/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
942	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 8/10/20	Thu 8/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
943	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Thu 8/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
944	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 8/27/20	Thu 9/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
945	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 9/10/20	Thu 10/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
946	Construction	20 days	Thu 9/10/20	Thu 10/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
947	Network	10 days	Thu 10/8/20	Thu 10/22/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
948	County Services	120 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 4/8/21	\$3,022,060.00	\$0.00	
949	Facility Assessment	20 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 11/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
950	Request Budget	5 days	Thu 11/19/20	Thu 11/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	

ID	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted E	xpended 2019	2020 20tr 30tr 40tr 10tr 20tr 30tr 40tr 10tr 20tr 30tr
951	Approve Budget	5 days	Thu 11/26/20	Thu 12/3/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
952	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 12/3/20	Thu 12/17/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
953	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 12/17/20	Thu 12/31/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
954	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/31/20	Thu 1/28/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
955	Construction	50 days	Thu 12/31/20	Thu 3/11/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
956	Network	20 days	Thu 3/11/21	Thu 4/8/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
957	Community College Bureau	65 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 1/21/21	\$68,665.00	\$0.00	
958	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 11/5/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
959	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 11/5/20	Mon 11/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
960	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 11/9/20	Thu 11/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
961	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 11/12/20	Thu 11/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
962	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 11/26/20	Thu 12/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
963	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/10/20	Thu 1/7/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
964	Construction	20 days	Thu 12/10/20	Thu 1/7/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
965	Network	10 days	Thu 1/7/21	Thu 1/21/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
966	Community Partnership Bureau	65 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 1/21/21	\$75,265.00	\$0.00	
967	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 11/5/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
968	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 11/5/20	Mon 11/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
969	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 11/9/20	Thu 11/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
970	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 11/12/20	Thu 11/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
971	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 11/26/20	Thu 12/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
972	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/10/20	Thu 1/7/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
973	Construction	20 days	Thu 12/10/20	Thu 1/7/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
974	Network	10 days	Thu 1/7/21	Thu 1/21/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
975	Parole Compliance Team	65 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 1/21/21	\$236,730.00	\$0.00	
976	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 11/5/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
977	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 11/5/20	Mon 11/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
978	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 11/9/20		4	\$0.00	
979	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 11/12/20	Thu 11/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
980	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 11/26/20		the state of the s	\$0.00	
981	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/10/20	Thu 1/7/21		\$0.00	
982	Construction	20 days	Thu 12/10/20	Thu 1/7/21		\$0.00	
983	Network	10 days	Thu 1/7/21	Thu 1/21/21	A I	\$0.00	
984	Courts (Levi)	120 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 4/8/21	\$75,265.00	\$0.00	

ID O	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted Expen		2020 htr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Q
85	Facility Assessment	20 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 11/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
86	Request Budget	5 days	Thu 11/19/20	Thu 11/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
87	Approve Budget	5 days	Thu 11/26/20	Thu 12/3/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	300000000000000000000000000000000000000
188	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 12/3/20	Thu 12/17/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
189	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 12/17/20	Thu 12/31/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
90	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/31/20	Thu 1/28/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
91	Construction	50 days	Thu 12/31/20	Thu 3/11/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
92	Network	20 days	Thu 3/11/21	Thu 4/8/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
93	Narcotics Bureau	65 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 1/21/21	\$63,265.00	\$0.00	
94	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 11/5/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
95	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 11/5/20	Mon 11/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
96	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 11/9/20	Thu 11/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
97	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 11/12/20	Thu 11/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
98	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 11/26/20	Thu 12/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
99	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/10/20	Thu 1/7/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
000	Construction	20 days	Thu 12/10/20	Thu 1/7/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
001	Network	10 days	Thu 1/7/21	Thu 1/21/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
002	Special Victims Bureau	65 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 1/21/21	\$5,530.00	\$0.00	
003	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 11/5/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
004	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 11/5/20	Mon 11/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
005	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 11/9/20	Thu 11/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
006	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 11/12/20	Thu 11/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
007	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	· Thu 11/26/20	Thu 12/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
800	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/10/20	Thu 1/7/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
009	Construction	20 days	Thu 12/10/20	Thu 1/7/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
010	Network	10 days	Thu 1/7/21	Thu 1/21/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
011	Major Crimes Bureau	65 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 1/21/21	\$2,765.00	\$0.00	
012	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 11/5/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
013	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 11/5/20	Mon 11/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
)14	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 11/9/20	Thu 11/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
)15	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 11/12/20	Thu 11/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
016	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 11/26/20	Thu 12/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00 ·	
)17	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/10/20	Thu 1/7/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
018	Construction	20 days	Thu 12/10/20	Thu 1/7/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	

D	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended	2019 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 0	2020 otr 40tr 10tr	2 Otr 3 Otr 4 C	2021 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3
019	Network	10 days	Thu 1/7/21	Thu 1/21/21	\$0.00	\$0.00				
020	Reserves Bureau	65 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 1/21/21		\$0.00				л II II
021	Facility Assessment	10 days	Thu 10/22/20	Thu 11/5/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	-			
022	Request Budget	2 days	Thu 11/5/20	Mon 11/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00				
023	Approve Budget	3 days	Mon 11/9/20	Thu 11/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00				
)24	Materials - Request for Bid	10 days	Thu 11/12/20	Thu 11/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00				
25	Materials - Bid Award	10 days	Thu 11/26/20	Thu 12/10/20	\$0.00	\$0.00				
)26	Materials Delivery	20 days	Thu 12/10/20	Thu 1/7/21	\$0.00	\$0.00				
)27	Construction	20 days	Thu 12/10/20	Thu 1/7/21	\$0.00	\$0.00				7 T
028	Network	10 days	Thu 1/7/21	Thu 1/21/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	***************************************			1
)29	Cell Phone and Mobile Device Management (MDM)	218 days	Mon 4/15/19	Wed 2/12/20	\$1,267,750.00	\$0.00	Person management	2/1:	2	
030	Develop Cell Phone and MDM Requirements	40 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 6/7/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	MIXI			
031	Budget	90 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$1,267,750.00	\$0.00	(711111		
032	Request Budget	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u>L</u>			
)33	Approve Budget	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		ШШ		
34	Cell Phone and MDM Procurement	30 days	Thu 1/2/20	Wed 2/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00				
)35	Bid Award	10 days	Thu 1/2/20	Wed 1/15/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		# <u> </u>		
036	Cell Phone and MDM License Delivery	20 days	Thu 1/16/20	Wed 2/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		#		
)37	BWC Unit - Administrative Tasks	116 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 9/23/19	\$1,613,750.00	\$0.00	J	-		
)38	BWC Policies and Procedures	66 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 7/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
039	Office	90 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
040 🗸	Identify Office Space	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
)41	Reserve Office Space	40 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 6/21/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	l film			
042	Staff Move-In	10 days	Mon 8/5/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
043	Furniture	70 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/2/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	P*************************************			
044	Identify Furniture Needs	15 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 5/17/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
045	Request Furniture	5 days	Mon 5/20/19	Fri 5/24/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
046	Approve Furniture	5 days	Mon 5/27/19	Fri 5/31/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
047	Furniture Delivery	20 days	Mon 6/24/19	Fri 7/19/19		\$0.00				
048	Furniture Installation	10 days	Mon 7/22/19	Fri 8/2/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
049	Vehicles	110 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$1,120,000.00	\$0.00				
050 🗸	Identify Vehicle Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4/15			
051	Request Vehicles	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	5			
052	Approve Vehicles	80 days	Mon 4/29/19	Fri 8/16/19	\$0.00	\$0.00				
			Page 6	3						

.

-

ID (Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish I	Budgeted Expended	i	2019 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr, 1 Otr, 2 Otr 3 o	2021 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr
1053	Vehicle Delivery	20 days	Mon 8/19/19	Fri 9/13/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1054	Staffing	86 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 8/12/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1055 🐶	Identify Staffing Needs	0 days	Mon 4/15/19	Mon 4/15/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	4 15	
1056 😽	Request Staffing	10 days	Mon 4/15/19	Fri 4/26/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u> </u>	
1057	Approve Staffing	46 days	Mon 4/29/19	Mon 7/1/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1058	Hire Sworn Staff	30 days	Tue 7/2/19	Mon 8/12/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1059	Hire Professional Staff	30 days	Tue 7/2/19	Mon 8/12/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1060	Training	30 days	Tue 8/13/19	Mon 9/23/19	\$493,750.00	\$0.00		
1061	BWC Trainer Certification	30 days	Tue 8/13/19	Mon 9/23/19	\$0.00	\$0.00	T	
1062	BWC Deputy Training Curriculum	30 days	Tue 8/13/19	Mon 9/23/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1063	Forensic Video Software Training (Sworn and Professior	30 days	Tue 8/13/19	Mon 9/23/19	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1064	BWC Field Deployment	395.5 days	Thu 1/2/20	Thu 7/8/21	\$4,324,228.00	\$0.00		7/8
1065	Project Kickoff Meeting	5 days	Thu 1/2/20	Wed 1/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1066	Project Control Document	10 days	Thu 1/9/20	Wed 1/22/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
067	Location Readiness Assessments and Reports	20 days	Thu 1/9/20	Wed 2/5/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
068	Establish DEMS Environments	10 days	Thu 1/9/20	Wed 1/22/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1069	Train-the-Trainer Courses	20 days	Thu 1/9/20	Wed 2/5/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1070	Century Patrol Station	20 days	Thu 2/13/20	Wed 3/11/20	\$217,800.00	\$0.00		
1071	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Wed 2/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1072	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 2/27/20	Wed 3/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	***************************************	
073	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 2/13/20	Wed 2/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	***	
1074	Training	15 days	Thu 2/13/20	Wed 3/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
075	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 2/13/20	Wed 2/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	*	
1076	Go Live	5 days	Thu 3/5/20	Wed 3/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1077	Lakewood Patrol Station	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Wed 4/8/20	\$196,350.00	\$0.00		
1078	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	10 days	Thu 3/12/20	Wed 3/25/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1079	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 3/26/20	Wed 4/1/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1080	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 3/12/20	Wed 3/25/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1081	Training	15 days	Thu 3/12/20	Wed 4/1/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1082	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 3/12/20	Wed 3/18/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1083	Go Live	5 days	Thu 4/2/20	Wed 4/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1084	Paramount Substation	20 days	Thu 3/12/20	Wed 4/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1085	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	10 days	Thu 3/12/20	Wed 3/25/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1086	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 3/26/20	Wed 4/1/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		

ID	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended 2	019 2020 tr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4
1087	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 3/12/20	Wed 3/25/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	r rotr 20tr 3:0tr 4:0tr rotr 2:0tr 3:0tr 4:0tr 10tr 2:0tr 4:0tr 4:0tr 4:0tr 4:0tr 4:0tr 4:0tr 4:0tr 4:0tr 4:0tr
1088	Training	15 days	Thu 3/12/20	Wed 4/1/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1089	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 3/12/20	Wed 3/18/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1090	Go Live	5 days	Thu 4/2/20	Wed 4/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1091	Industry Patrol Station	20 days	Thu 4/9/20	Wed 5/6/20	\$173,250.00	\$0.00	**
1092	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Wed 4/22/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1093	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 4/23/20	Wed 4/29/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	100 mm m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m
1094	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 4/9/20	Wed 4/22/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1095	Training	15 days	Thu 4/9/20	Wed 4/29/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1096	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 4/9/20	Wed 4/15/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1097	Go Live	5 days	Thu 4/30/20	Wed 5/6/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1098	West Hollywood Patrol Station	20 days	Thu 5/7/20	Wed 6/3/20	\$115,500.00	\$0.00	i
1099	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	10 days	Thu 5/7/20	Wed 5/20/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1100	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 5/21/20	Wed 5/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1101	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 5/7/20	Wed 5/20/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1102	Training	15 days	Thu 5/7/20	Wed 5/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1103	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 5/7/20	Wed 5/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1104	Go Live	5 days	Thu 5/28/20	Wed 6/3/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	L
1105	Universal City Walk Substation	20 days	Thu 5/7/20	Wed 6/3/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	T
1106	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	10 days	Thu 5/7/20	Wed 5/20/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1107	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 5/21/20	Wed 5/27/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1108	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 5/7/20	Wed 5/20/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1109	Training	15 days	Thu 5/7/20	Wed 5/27/20	\$0.00		
1110	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 5/7/20	Wed 5/13/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	W. W
1111	Go Live	5 days	Thu 5/28/20	Wed 6/3/20	i.	\$0.00	
1112	Lancaster Patrol Station	20 days	Thu 6/4/20	Wed 7/1/20	\$200,475.00	\$0.00	75
1113	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	10 days	Thu 6/4/20	Wed 6/17/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1114	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 6/18/20	Wed 6/24/20	\$0.00		
1115	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 6/4/20	Wed 6/17/20			
1116	Training	. 15 days	Thu 6/4/20	Wed 6/24/20	\$0.00		
1117	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 6/4/20	Wed 6/10/20			
1118	Go Live	5 days	Thu 6/25/20	Wed 7/1/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1119	Compton Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 8/12/20	\$147,675.00	1	
1120	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/29/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	

ID	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended	2019 2020 Qtr 1Qtr 2Qtr 3Qtr 4Qtr 1Qtr 2Qtr 3Qtr 4Qtr 1Qtr 2Qtr 3Qtr.
1121	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 7/30/20	Wed 8/5/20	\$0.00		
1122	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/15/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1123	Training	15 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/22/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	800 A TO THE TOTAL OF THE TOTAL
1124	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1125	Go Live	5 days	Thu 8/6/20	Wed 8/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1126	Carson Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 8/12/20	\$150,150.00	\$0.00	
1127	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/29/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1128	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 7/30/20	Wed 8/5/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1129	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/15/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1130	Training	15 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/22/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1131	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u>uan</u>
1132	Go Live	5 days	Thu 8/6/20	Wed 8/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1133	East Los Angeles Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 8/12/20	\$172,425.00	\$0.00	
1134	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/29/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1135	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 7/30/20	Wed 8/5/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1136	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/15/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1137	Training	15 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/22/20	\$0.00	:	
1138	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/8/20	\$0.00		
1139	Go Live	5 days	Thu 8/6/20	Wed 8/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1140	Maywood	30 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 8/12/20		i .	
1141	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/29/20	\$0.00	: 4	i
1142	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 7/30/20	Wed 8/5/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1143	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/15/20	\$0.00	. 1	
1144	Training	15 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/22/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1145	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/8/20	\$0.00		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1146	Go Live	5 days	Thu 8/6/20	Wed 8/12/20	\$0.00	: 3	
1147	South Los Angeles Patrol Station	30 days		Wed 8/12/20	à contra de la contra del la contra del la contra del la contra de la contra del la contra de la contra del la		
1148	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/29/20		\$0.00	
1149	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 7/30/20	Wed 8/5/20		: 1	
1150	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 7/2/20			+	
1151	Training	15 days	Thu 7/2/20				
1152	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/8/20			
1153	Go Live	5 days	Thu 8/6/20	Wed 8/12/20	\$ ·	:	
1154	Lawndale Substation	30 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 8/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
			Page 6	6			

D	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended	2019	2020	. 12	2021	
_ 0			=1 = /0/00	141 17/20/20	40.00		tr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr	3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr	Otr 4C	tr 1 Otr	2 Otr 3 O
55	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 7/2/20		4	\$0.00		* }			
56	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 7/30/20	Wed 8/5/20	1	\$0.00					
57	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 7/2/20			\$0.00					
58	Training	15 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/22/20	1	\$0.00		264			
59	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/8/20	1 1	\$0.00					
60	Go Live	5 days	Thu 8/6/20		4	\$0.00		4			
61	Malibu/Lost Hills Patrol Station	30 days		Wed 8/12/20	4	\$0.00					
62	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/29/20	\$0.00	\$0.00					
63	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 7/30/20	Wed 8/5/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		# `			
64	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/15/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		*			
65	Training	15 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/22/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		# 1			
166	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 7/2/20	Wed 7/8/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		1			
167	Go Live	5 days	Thu 8/6/20	Wed 8/12/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		\coprod			
168	San Dimas Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$82,500.00	\$0.00		1	1		
69	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		**************************************			
70	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00					
171	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		4			
172	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		4			
173	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		9449			
174	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00					
175	Parks Bureau - Bonelli Substation	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$14,025.00	\$0.00		Ħ	1		
176	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20		\$0.00		ii ii	Ш		
177	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	v .	\$0.00					
178	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	1	\$0.00		is a			
79	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	1	\$0.00	vanian des	ii.			Action
180	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20		\$0.00	areed (constant)	200			
181	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20		\$0.00	Value of the second				
182	Parks Bureau - Whittier Narrows	30 days	Thu 8/13/20		4	\$0.00	***************************************	H			-
183	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	t i	\$0.00					
84	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20			\$0.00			*		
85	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20			\$0.00		- 調			
186	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20			\$0.00		8			
87	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20		\$0.00		8			
	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20		*				*		
188	GO LIVE	o days	111u 3/11/20	weu 3/23/20	70.00	70.00		LL			

ID ①	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish B	Budgeted Expe	ended 2019 2020 2021 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2	Otr 3C
189	Parks Bureau - Apollo	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$14,025.00	\$0.00	
190	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
191	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
192	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
193	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
194	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	
195	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
196	Parks Bureau - Belvedere	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$14,025.00	\$0.00	
197	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
198	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
199	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
200	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	\$0.00	. \$0.00	
201	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
202	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00		
03	Parks Bureau - Hollywood Bowl	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$14,025.00	\$0.00	
04	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
05	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
06	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
:07	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
:08	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
209	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
210	Parks Bureau - Castaic	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$14,025.00	\$0.00	
111	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
12	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
13	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
14	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	and the same of th
15	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
216	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
17	Parks Bureau - El Cariso	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$14,025.00	\$0.00	
18	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
219	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
220	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
21	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	-
222	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
			Page 6				

ID	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted Ex	opended 2019	2020 r 20tr 310tr 40tr 110tr 210tr 310tr 40tr 110tr 2	20tr 30tr
1223	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1224	Parks Bureau - MED	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$14,025.00	\$0.00	THOUGH !!!	
1225	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	100 mm	
1226	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1227	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		***
1228	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1229	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1230	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u> </u>	
1231	Parks Bureau - Mona Park	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$14,025.00	\$0.00		
1232	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1233	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1234	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1235	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1236	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	Signature State of the State of	
1237	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
1238	Parks Bureau - Mira Loma	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$14,025.00	\$0.00		
1239	Phase II ~ Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1240	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1241	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1242	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1243	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	with	
1244	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1245	Parks Bureau - Athens	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$14,025.00	\$0.00		
1246	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	- #	
1247	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1248	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1249	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	**************************************	
1250	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	888	
1251	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1252	Walnut/Diamond Bar Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$102,300.00	\$0.00		
1253	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1254	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1255	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
1256	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
			Page 6	9				

ID	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted Expende		2020 tr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr
1257	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1258	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1259	Palmdale Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$168,300.00	\$0.00	
1260	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1261	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1262	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1263	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1264	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	2006
1265	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1266	Norwalk Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$155,100.00	\$0.00	
1267	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1268	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1269	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1270	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1271	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1272	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1273	La Mirada Substation	30 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	7-1
1274	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1275	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 9/10/20	Wed 9/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1276	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/26/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1277	Training	15 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 9/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1278	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 8/13/20	Wed 8/19/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	**************************************
1279	Go Live	5 days	Thu 9/17/20	Wed 9/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1280	Pico Rivera Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$91,575.00	\$0.00	
1281	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/21/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	**************************************
1282	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 10/22/20	Wed 10/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1283	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1284	Training	15 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1285	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 9/30/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	**************************************
1286	Go Live	5 days	Thu 10/29/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1287	Transit Services Bureau - TIU	30 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$61,256.25	\$0.00	
1288	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/21/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1289	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 10/22/20	Wed 10/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	VANAGO
1290	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	

Ta	isk Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended 2019	2020 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr	
	Training	15 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/14/20	\$0.00			
	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 9/30/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Go Live	5 days	Thu 10/29/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Transit Services Bureau - El Monte	30 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$61,256.25	\$0.00	Till	
	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/21/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 10/22/20	Wed 10/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Training	15 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 9/30/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Go Live	5 days	Thu 10/29/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Transit Services Bureau - Downey	30 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$61,256.25	\$0.00		
***	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/21/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 10/22/20	Wed 10/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Training	15 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	3	
	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 9/30/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Go Live	5 days	Thu 10/29/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Transit Services Bureau - K9	30 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$61,256.25	\$0.00		
	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/21/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 10/22/20	Wed 10/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Training	15 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 9/30/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Go Live	5 days	Thu 10/29/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Metrolink - Chatsworth	30 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$12,650.34	\$0.00		
	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/21/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 10/22/20	Wed 10/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Training	15 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 9/30/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Go Live	5 days	Thu 10/29/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket)	30 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$12,650.33	\$0.00	Till	
	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/21/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 10/22/20	Wed 10/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/21/20 Wed 10/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00		

Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted Expe	ended 2019 Otr 1 Otr	2020 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr
BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Training	15 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 9/30/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	19293
Go Live	5 days	Thu 10/29/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Metrolink - La Verne (HQ)	30 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$12,650.33	\$0.00	
Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/21/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 10/22/20	Wed 10/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Training	15 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	800 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 9/30/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Go Live	5 days	Thu 10/29/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Temple Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$158,400.00	\$0.00	
Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/21/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 10/22/20	Wed 10/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Training	15 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	100
DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 9/30/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	2000 Maria (1900 M
Go Live	5 days	Thu 10/29/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u> </u>
Duarte Substation	30 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	Tr+10
Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/21/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 10/22/20	Wed 10/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Training	15 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 9/30/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	3088
Go Live	5 days	Thu 10/29/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Lomita Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$74,250.00	\$0.00	
Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/21/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 10/22/20	Wed 10/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Training	15 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 9/30/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
Go Live	5 days	Thu 10/29/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Cerritos Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$54,450.00	\$0.00	
Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/21/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
	BWC Deployment Training DEMS Setup Go Live Metrolink - La Verne (HQ) Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers Docking Station Installation BWC Deployment Training DEMS Setup Go Live Temple Patrol Station Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers Docking Station Installation BWC Deployment Training DEMS Setup Go Live Duarte Substation Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers Docking Station Installation BWC Deployment Training DEMS Setup Go Live Lomita Patrol Station Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers Docking Station Installation BWC Deployment Training DEMS Setup Go Live Lomita Patrol Station BWC Deployment Training DEMS Setup Go Live Cerritos Patrol Station	BWC Deployment 15 days Training 15 days DEMS Setup 5 days Go Live 5 days Metrolink - La Verne (HQ) 30 days Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers 20 days Docking Station Installation 5 days BWC Deployment 10 days Training 15 days Go Live 5 days Go Live 5 days Go Live 5 days Temple Patrol Station 30 days Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers 20 days Docking Station Installation 5 days BWC Deployment 10 days Training 15 days BWC Deployment 10 days Training 15 days Go Live 5 days Go Live 5 days Go Live 5 days DeMS Setup 5 days Go Live 5 days Duarte Substation 30 days Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers 20 days Docking Station Installation 5 days BWC Deployment 10 days Training 15 days Duarte Substation 5 days BWC Deployment 10 days Training 15 days Docking Station Installation 5 days BWC Deployment 10 days Training 15 days DEMS Setup 5 days Go Live 5 days Lomita Patrol Station 30 days Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers 20 days Docking Station Installation 5 days BWC Deployment 10 days Training 15 days Docking Station Installation 5 days BWC Deployment 10 days Training 15 days Docking Station Installation 5 days BWC Deployment 10 days Training 15 days DeMS Setup 5 days Go Live 5 days Go Live 5 days Cerritos Patrol Station 30 days	BWC Deployment 10 days Thu 9/24/20 Training 15 days Thu 9/24/20 DEMS Setup 5 days Thu 9/24/20 Go Live 5 days Thu 10/29/20 Metrolink - La Verne (HQ) 30 days Thu 10/29/20 Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers 20 days Thu 9/24/20 Docking Station Installation 5 days Thu 10/22/20 BWC Deployment 10 days Thu 9/24/20 Training 15 days Thu 9/24/20 Go Live 5 days Thu 10/22/20 Temple Patrol Station 30 days Thu 10/29/20 Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers 20 days Thu 10/22/20 BWC Deployment 10 days Thu 10/22/20 BWC Deployment 10 days Thu 9/24/20 Training 15 days Thu 9/24/20 Docking Station Installation 30 days Thu 9/24/20 Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers 20 days Thu 9/24/20 Docking Station Installation 5 days Thu 10/22/20 BWC Deployment 10 da	BWC Deployment	BWC Deployment	BWC Deployment

ID (Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended	2019 2020 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr
1359	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 10/22/20	Wed 10/28/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1360	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/7/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1361	Training	15 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 10/14/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
362	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 9/24/20	Wed 9/30/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
363	Go Live	5 days	Thu 10/29/20	Wed 11/4/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
364	Altadena Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 12/16/20	\$50,325.00	\$0.00	
365	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 12/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
366	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 12/3/20	Wed 12/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
367	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/18/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
368	Training	15 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/25/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
369	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
370	Go Live	5 days	Thu 12/10/20	Wed 12/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
371	Crescenta Valley Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 12/16/20	\$59,400.00	\$0.00	
372	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 12/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
373	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 12/3/20	Wed 12/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
374	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/18/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
375	Training	15 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/25/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
376	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	1
377	Go Live	5 days	Thu 12/10/20	Wed 12/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
378	Santa Clarita Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 12/16/20	\$165,000.00	\$0.00	
379	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 12/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
380	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 12/3/20	Wed 12/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
381	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/18/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	1
382	Training	15 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/25/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
383	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
384	Go Live	5 days	Thu 12/10/20	Wed 12/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	<u> </u>
385	Marina Del Rey Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 12/16/20	\$66,000.00	\$0.00	
386	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 12/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
387	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 12/3/20	Wed 12/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
388	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/18/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
389	Training	15 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/25/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
390	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
391	Go Live	5 days	Thu 12/10/20	Wed 12/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1392	Avalon Patrol Station	30 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 12/16/20	\$15,675.00	\$0.00	,

ID	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended	2019 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 O
393	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 12/2/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
394	Docking Station Installation	5 days	Thu 12/3/20	Wed 12/9/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
395	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/18/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
396	Training	15 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/25/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	· ###
397	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 11/5/20	Wed 11/11/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$ 100 miles
398	Go Live	5 days	Thu 12/10/20	Wed 12/16/20	\$0.00	\$0.00	
399	County Services	65 days	Thu 4/8/21	Thu 7/8/21	\$380,325.00	\$0.00	
400	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	40 days	Thu 4/8/21	Thu 6/3/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
401	Docking Station Installation	20 days	Thu 6/3/21	Thu 7/1/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
402	BWC Deployment	20 days	Thu 4/8/21	Thu 5/6/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
403	Training	30 days	Thu 4/8/21	Thu 5/20/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
404	DEMS Setup	10 days	Thu 4/8/21	Thu 4/22/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
405	Go Live	5 days	Thu 7/1/21	Thu 7/8/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
406	Community College Bureau	35 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 3/11/21	\$127,875.00	\$0.00	
407	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 2/18/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
408	Docking Station Installation	10 days	Thu 2/18/21	Thu 3/4/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
409	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 2/4/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
410	Training	15 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 2/11/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	200 Annual Control of the Control of
411	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 1/28/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	No. 100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100
412	Go Live	5 days	Thu 3/4/21	Thu 3/11/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
413	Community Partnership Bureau	35 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 3/11/21	\$183,975.00	\$0.00	
414	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 2/18/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
415	Docking Station Installation	10 days	Thu 2/18/21	Thu 3/4/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
416	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 2/4/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
417	Training	15 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 2/11/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
418	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 1/28/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1419	Go Live	5 days	Thu 3/4/21	Thu 3/11/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
420	Parole Compliance Team	35 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 3/11/21	\$105,600.00	\$0.00	
421	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 2/18/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
422	Docking Station Installation	10 days	Thu 2/18/21	Thu 3/4/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
423	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 2/4/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
424	Training	15 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 2/11/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	300000000000000000000000000000000000000
425	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 1/28/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1426	Go Live	5 days	Thu 3/4/21	Thu 3/11/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	

ID	Task Name	. Duration	Start	Finish	Budgeted	Expended	2019 2020 2021
1427	Courts (Levi)	65 days	Thu 4/8/21	Thu 7/8/21	\$50,325.00		Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1 Otr 2 Otr 3 Ot
1428	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	40 days	Thu 4/8/21	Thu 6/3/21			
1429	Docking Station Installation	20 days	Thu 6/3/21	Thu 7/1/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1430	BWC Deployment	20 days	Thu 4/8/21	Thu 5/6/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1431	Training	30 days	Thu 4/8/21	Thu 5/20/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1432	DEMS Setup	10 days	Thu 4/8/21	Thu 4/22/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1433	Go Live	5 days	Thu 7/1/21	Thu 7/8/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1434	Reserves Bureau	35 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 3/11/21	\$132,124.00	\$0.00	
1435	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 2/18/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1436	Docking Station Installation	10 days	Thu 2/18/21	Thu 3/4/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1437	BWC Deployment	、 10 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 2/4/21	\$0.00	\$0.00)
1438	Training	15 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 2/11/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1439	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 1/21/21	Thu 1/28/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1440	Go Live	5 days	Thu 3/4/21	Thu 3/11/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	
1441	BWC Headquarters	35 days	Thu 12/17/20	Wed 2/3/21	\$25,028.00	\$0.00) T
1442	Phase II - Infrastructure & Computers	20 days	Thu 12/17/20	Wed 1/13/21	\$0.00	\$0.00)
1443	Docking Station Installation	10 days	Thu 1/14/21	Wed 1/27/21	\$0.00	\$0.00)
1444	BWC Deployment	10 days	Thu 12/17/20	Wed 12/30/20	\$0.00	\$0.00)
1445	Training	15 days	Thu 12/17/20	Wed 1/6/21	\$0.00	\$0.00) # # # # # # # # # #
1446	DEMS Setup	5 days	Thu 12/17/20	Wed 12/23/20	\$0.00	\$0.00)
1447	Go Live	5 days	Thu 1/28/21	Wed 2/3/21	\$0.00	\$0.00	

Exhibit A, Implementation Plan & Budget

Exhibit A1 BWC Station Summary

Location	Completion		One-Time		FY19-20		FY20-21		Ongoing
	Date		Budget		Ongoing		Ongoing		Annual
Altadena Patrol Station	Dec-20		174,212	\$	-	\$	56,673	\$	87,911
Avalon Patrol Station	Dec-20	,	219,991	\$	-	\$	20,379	\$ ċ	31,018
Bellflower Substation	Apr-20 Feb-20		184,765 4,060,203	\$	54,000 6,495,678	\$ \$	72,000 6,703,071	\$ \$	72,000 6,715,916
BWC Headquarters Carson Patrol Station	Aug-20		355,399	۶ \$	2,640	۶ \$	244,736	\$	251,819
Century Patrol Station	Mar-20		474,361	\$	155,932	\$	362,897	\$	362,897
Cerritos Patrol Station	Nov-20		194,885	\$	100,002	\$	69,765	\$	94,684
Community College Bureau	Mar-21		475,363	\$	_	\$	105,213	\$	257,485
Community Partnership Bureau	Mar-21	\$	263,320	\$	-	\$	119,827	\$	307,358
Compton Patrol Station	Aug-20		366,801	\$	2,640	, \$	240,789	\$	247,755
County Services	Jul-21		3,603,296	\$, -	\$	1,320	\$	629,756
Courts (Levi)	Jul-21		275,857	\$	-	\$	·	\$	82,631
Crescenta Valley Patrol Station	Dec-20	\$	217,554	\$	-	\$	66,179	\$	102,812
Data Center	Oct-19	\$	51,050	\$	14,400	\$	5,280	\$	2,400
Duarte Substation	Nov-20	\$	53,865	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
East Los Angeles Patrol Station	Aug-20	\$	421,296	\$	2,640	\$	280,260	\$	288,394
Fraud & Cyber Crimes Bureau	Oct-19	\$	188,384	\$	1,800	\$	7,141	\$	5,109
Hall of Justice	Nov-19	\$	42,888	\$		\$	-	\$_	-
Homicide	Oct-19	\$	338,200	\$	1,800	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
IAB	Oct-19		121,536	\$	1,800	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
ICIB	Oct-19		100,137	\$	1,800	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
Industry Patrol Station	May-20		391,610	\$	77,344	\$	289,748	\$	289,748
La Mirada Substation	Sep-20		190,283	\$	600	\$ \$	2,400	\$	2,400
Lakewood Patrol Station Lancaster Patrol Station	Apr-20 Jun-20		485,537 429,461	\$ \$	115,403 41,831	۶ \$	327,677 334,451	\$ \$	327,677 334,451
Lawndale Substation	Aug-20		53,865	\$	1,200	۶ \$	2,400	ب \$	2,400
Lomita Patrol Station	Nov-20	\$	212,000	\$	1,200	\$	93,213	\$	127,195
Major Crimes Bureau	Jan-21		36,201	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Malibu/Lost Hills Patrol Station	Aug-20		275,607	\$	2,640	\$	192,108	\$	197,635
Marina Del Rey Patrol Station	Dec-20		184,027		-,	\$		\$	113,649
Maywood Substation	Aug-20		53,865		1,200	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
Metrolink - All	Nov-20		30,239			\$	44,944	\$	62,312
Metrolink - Chatsworth	Nov-20	\$	91,881	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket)	Nov-20	\$	87,869	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
Metrolink - La Verne (HQ)	Nov-20	\$	87,869	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
Narcotics Bureau	Jan-21	\$	337,439	\$	-	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
Norwalk Patrol Station	Sep-20	\$	423,540	\$	1,320	\$	231,408	\$	259,947
Operation Safe Streets (OSS)	Dec-20	\$	136,787	\$	-	\$	5,720	\$	5,280
Palmdale Patrol Station	Sep-20	1	403,297		1,320	\$	250,653	\$	281,621
Paramount Substation	Apr-20	1	51,050	\$	14,400	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
Parks Bureau - All	Sep-20		122,929			\$	224,925	\$	253,312
Parks Bureau - Apollo	Sep-20		43,804		600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
Parks Bureau - Athens	Sep-20	1	46,569	1	600	\$ ¢	2,400	\$	2,400
Parks Bureau - Behedere	Sep-20		43,804	1	600	\$ ¢		\$	2,400
Parks Bureau - Bonelli Substation	Sep-20	>	45,232	۶ ا	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400

Exhibit A1 BWC Station Summary

Location	Completion	One	e-Time		FY19-20	FY20-21	Ongoing
	Date	Bı	ıdget	(Ongoing	Ongoing	Annual
Parks Bureau - Castaic	Sep-20	\$	46,569	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - El Cariso	Sep-20	\$	43,804	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Hollywood Bowl	Sep-20	\$	43,804	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - MED	Sep-20	\$	43,804	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Mira Loma	Sep-20	\$	46,569	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Mona Park	Sep-20	\$	43,804	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Whittier Narrows	Sep-20	\$	46,569	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parole Compliance Team	Mar-21	\$	359,660	\$	-	\$ 83,104	\$ 205,070
Pico Rivera Patrol Station	Nov-20	\$	284,652	\$	-	\$ 113,731	\$ 155,642
Reserves Bureau	Mar-21	\$	117,806	\$	-	\$ 91,963	\$ 237,057
San Dimas Patrol Station	Sep-20	\$	288,120	\$	1,320	\$ 125,561	\$ 140,741
Santa Clarita Patrol Station	Dec-20	\$	345,833	\$	-	\$ 176,791	\$ 276,202
South Los Angeles Patrol Station	Aug-20	\$	436,348	\$	2,640	\$ 240,789	\$ 247,755
Special Victims Bureau	Jan-21	\$	159,335	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -
Transit Services Bureau - ROC	Nov-20	\$	396,315	\$	-	\$ 295,461	\$ 407,600
Temple Patrol Station	Nov-20	\$	377,530	\$	-	\$ 192,871	\$ 265,365
Transit Services Bureau - Downey	Nov-20	\$	80,730	\$	-	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Transit Services Bureau - El Monte	Nov-20	\$	88,730	\$	-	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Transit Services Bureau - K9	Nov-20	\$	80,730	\$	-	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Transit Services Bureau - TIU	Nov-20	\$	80,730	\$	-	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Universal City Walk Substation	Jun-20	\$	51,050	\$	14,400	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Walnut/Diamond Bar Patrol Station	Sep-20	\$	286,510	\$	1,320	\$ 154,428	\$ 173,252
West Hollywood Patrol Station	Jun-20	\$	279,965	\$	40,559	\$ 194,926	\$ 194,926
Grand Total	Jul-21	\$ 20,	477,099	\$	7,059,227	\$ 12,163,173	\$ 14,166,464

Location Ca	ategory	No. Units	Completion Date	One-Time Budget		FY19-20 Ongoing		FY20-21 Ongoing	a principal	Ongoing Annual
Altadena Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	44	Jul-20		20000000				\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-20	\$ 75,265	\$	-	\$	3,960	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	61	Dec-20	and the second s	5970 THE THE SECTION ASSESSED.		\$	52,713	\$	82,631
Total			Dec-20	Harata Barata Barata Harata Barata Andrea	2001 1901 4200	-	\$	56,673	\$	87,911
Avalon Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	17	Aug-20		f				\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-20	•		-	\$	3,960	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	19	Dec-20	LANGUAGUA NO PROGRAMA DE SANTON DE S			\$	16,419	\$	25,738
Total Bellflower Substation	C		Dec-20		\$		\$	20,379	\$ \$	31,018
	Computer Deployment Facility Infrastructure		Apr-19 Sep-19		\$	54,000	\$	72,000	Ι'	72,000
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Apr-20	\$ 104,703	٦	34,000	ڔ	72,000	٦	72,000
Total	ration Operations Deployment	AND PRESENTATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	Apr-20	\$ 184,765	s	54,000	Ś	72,000	\$	72,000
BWC Headquarters	BWC Device Procurement	5248	Jan-20	powerl underlycal segleng scope and representation	and and the		SEA AIII		STASSE	
	Cellphone Procurement	5248	Feb-20			-	\$	_	\$	-
	Computer Deployment	33	Oct-19						\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-19	\$ 51,050	\$	14,400	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Forensic video consultant		Sep-19		\$	375,000	\$	450,000	\$	450,000
	Forensic Video Software		Sep-19	\$ 305,150	\$	140,579	\$	168,695	\$	168,695
	Office		Aug-19	\$ 198,000	\$	277,500	\$	333,000	\$	333,000
	Patrol Operations Deployment	20	Jan-20	\$ 13,148			\$	14,247	\$	27,092
	Staffing	33	Aug-19		1	5,593,699		5,618,449		5,618,449
	Training		Sep-19		1	94,500	\$	113,400	\$	113,400
Control control of the free place of the Control of	Vehicles + Radios	11		\$ 1,117,000	1717 14275159	osinos numericas na como como como como como como como com	23847,1888	proposition and the second state of	1002000	nemental mental men
Total			Feb-20		2002 2006000	6,495,678	\$	6,703,071	Transmis	6,715,916
Carson Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	120	Nov-19			2.540		F 200	\$	r 200
	Facility Infrastructure	100	Jan-20			2,640	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	182	Aug-20			2,640	\$ \$	239,456 244,736	STREET,	246,539 251,819
Total Century Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	170	Aug-20 Apr-19	OCCUPATION OF THE PROPERTY OF	and success	2,040	7	244,730	\$	231,013
Century Patroi Station	Facility Infrastructure	170	May-19		1	17,200	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	264	Mar-20			138,732	\$	357,617	\$	357,617
Total	Tauoroperations Deployment	204	Mar-20	MPTHATESTERS MESSAGES MESSAGE	2024 102500	155,932	Mark Verson	362,897	\$	362,897
Cerritos Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	57	Jul-20		random vanconoro		ina.		\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20			-	\$	5,280	1 :	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	66	Nov-20				\$	64,485	\$	89,404
Total			Nov-20	\$ 194,885	\$	-	\$	69,765	\$	94,684
Community College Bureau	Computer Deployment	74	Nov-20	\$ 98,970					\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure	9	Jan-21			-	\$	23,760		47,520
	Patrol Operations Deployment	155	Mar-21			eranan manan m	\$	81,453	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	209,965
Total			Mar-21	######################################	ervora celevates	•	\$	105,213		257,485
Community Partnership Bureau	Computer Deployment	31	Nov-20	\$ 41,460)				\$	-
buledu	Facility Infrastructure		Jan-21	\$ 75,265	. ا د	_	\$	2,640	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	223	Mar-21			-	\$	117,187	1	302,078
Total	ганогореганова рерюунтент	223	Mar-21	CHARLES AND	CAMER TREATMENT	-	ب \$	119,827	SE SERVICES	307,358
Compton Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	130	Nov-19		reces received				\$	
	Facility Infrastructure	130	Jan-20		- 1	2,640	\$	5,280	1 '	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	179	Aug-20			_,	\$	235,509	1	242,475
Total			Aug-20		aner a materia	2,640	\$	240,789		247,755
County Services	Computer Deployment	208	Oct-20		record references	un communication Continued and	austrii	eneminanteen Kalimanisti	\$	
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-21		- 1	_	\$	1,320		5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	461	Jul-21			*	•	,	\$	624,476
Total			Jul-21			-	\$	1,320	\$	629,756
Courts (Levi)	Computer Deployment	120	Jan-21		411/19	and the second s	neveridae68		\$	
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-21		5 \$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Patrol Operations Deployment	61	Jul-21	\$ 40,100				discouling the same of the sam	\$ \$	82,631

Location (Category	No. Units	Completion		e-Time	FY	19-20		Y20-21	Ongoing
			Date		udget	Or	igoing	0	ngoing	Annual
Crescenta Valley Patrol	Computer Deployment	71	Jul-20	Ş	94,958					\$ -
Station	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-20	ċ	75,265	\$		\$	3,960	\$ 5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	72	Dec-20		47,331	Ą	-	۶ \$	62,219	\$ 97,532
Total	Patrol Operations Deployment	12	Dec-20	***********	217,554	\$	-	202 (200) 100 (100)	66,179	\$ 102,812
Data Center	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-19	\$	51,050	\$	14,400	\$	5,280	\$ 2,400
Total	Tacincy minus accuracy		antineran and anticenteran and an anticenteran	\$	51,050	Š	14,400	rancommentation to	5,280	\$ 2,400
Duarte Substation	Computer Deployment		Jun-20	\$	-	S. Bassiii		ik Kontika es		\$ -
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	\$	53,865	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20	,	,	·		•	ŕ	
Total			Nov-20	\$	53,865	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
East Los Angeles Patrol	Computer Deployment	156	Nov-19	\$	208,639					\$ -
Station			-							
	Facility Infrastructure		Jan-20	\$	75,265	\$	2,640	\$	5,280	\$ 5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	209	Aug-20	\$	137,391			\$	274,980	\$ 283,114
Total			Aug-20	\$	421,296	\$	2,640	\$	280,260	\$ 288,394
Fraud & Cyber Crimes	Computer Deployment	115	Oct-19	\$	153,805					\$ -
Bureau										
	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-19	\$	33,265	\$	1,800	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment	2	Oct-19	NAME OF THE PARTY	1,315	reassinated as to		\$	4,741	\$ 2,709
Total			Oct-19	\$	188,384	\$	1,800	\$	7,141	\$ 5,109
Hall of Justice	Computer Deployment	30	Nov-19	٠.	40,123					\$ -
	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-19	\$	2,765	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Total			Nov-19	antalessa e	42,888	\$	•	\$		\$ -
Homicide	Computer Deployment	228	May-19		304,935	_	4 000		2 400	\$ -
	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-19	(997/2015/02/03/03	33,265	\$	1,800	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
Total			Oct-19		338,200	\$	1,800	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
1AB	Computer Deployment	66	Apr-19 Oct-19		88,271 33,265	\$	1,800	\$	2,400	\$ - \$ 2,400
Total	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-19	DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	121,536	ڊ \$	1,800	eran inancentario	2,400	\$ 2,400
ICIB	Computer Deployment	50	May-19	************	66,872	7	1,000	7	£,400	\$ 2,700
	Facility Infrastructure	30	Oct-19		33,265	Ś	1,800	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
Total	racinty initiating the		Oct-19	communication and	\$5000000000000000000000000000000000000	\$	1,800	anneessa see	2,400	\$ 2,400
Industry Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	135	May-19	SECTION SECTION	180,553	ar.acan				\$.
	Facility Infrastructure	133	May-19		73,008	\$	14,400	\$	5,280	\$ 5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	210	May-20		138,049	\$	62,944	\$	284,468	\$ 284,468
Total			May-20		391,610	\$	77,344	\$	289,748	\$ 289,748
La Mirada Substation	Computer Deployment	102	Apr-20	- Service Company	136,418	2002-20030-00	To a section of the s	marana a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a		\$ -
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20		53,865	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20							
Total			Sep-20	\$	190,283	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
Lakewood Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	192	Apr-19	\$	256,787					\$ -
	Facility Infrastructure		May-19	\$	72,295		17,200	\$	5,280	\$ 5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	238	Apr-20	\$	156,455		98,203	\$	322,397	\$ 322,397
Total			Apr-20	nonecom	485,537	\$	115,403	\$	327,677	\$ 327,677
Lancaster Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	147	Jun-19		196,603					\$.
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-19		73,116		14,400		5,280	\$ 5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	243	Jun-20	15.555 PER	159,742	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	27,431		329,171	\$ 329,171
Total			Jun-20	ANNADOLIVEDORE.	429,461	Ş	41,831	5	334,451	
Lawndale Substation	Computer Deployment		Dec-19		-	١.			2 400	\$.
	Facility Infrastructure		Jan-20		53,865	\$	1,200	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Aug-20	* Hate de de de se	es oce	٠,	4 300	ė	2 400	è 3.600
Total	Computer Parlament	ro	Aug-20	A.mminimini	53,865	?	1,200	Y	2,400	\$ 2,40 0
Lomita Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	58	Jun-20		77,571 75,265	۲		\$	5,280	\$ 5,280
	Facility Infrastructure	00	Jul-20		75,265 59,164		-	\$ \$	5,280 87,933	\$ 5,280
Total	Patrol Operations Deployment	90	Nov-20 Nov-20	************************************	212,000	ė		۰ \$	93,213	\$ 127,195
Major Crimes Bureau	Computer Deployment	25	Nov-20 Jan-21	24 - Section 15 (15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	33,436	17		7	33,213	\$ 127,193
major Cillies Buredu	Facility Infrastructure	2.5	Jul-21		2,765	\$	_	\$	_	\$
Total	. acmry mnastructure		Jan-21	STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	36,201	NAMES AND ADDRESS OF		\$	_	\$ -
IUIAI			JairZi	1 7		LY				17

					the land of the la			
Location (Category	No. Units	Completion	One-Time			FY20-21	Ongoing
Malibu/Lost Hills Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	80	Date Dec-19	Budget \$ 106,99!	CORPORATION CO.	Ongoing	Ongoing	Annual \$
Station	Facility Infrastructure		Jan-20	\$ 75,26	5 \$	2,640 \$	5,280	\$ 5,28
	Patrol Operations Deployment	142	Aug-20	l '	1	\$	186,828	\$ 192,35
Total			Aug-20		7 \$	2,640 \$	192,108	\$ 197,63
Marina Del Rey Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	42	Aug-20	100000000000000000000000000000000000000				\$
	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-20		1 '	- \$	3,960	\$ 5,28
	Patrol Operations Deployment	80	Dec-20	THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF	902103-12539F503N5	\$	69,132	\$ 108,36
Total			Dec-20	tatakkutokutan ammatawa k	7 \$	- \$	73,092	\$ 113,64
Maywood Substation	Computer Deployment		Nov-19	l .	٦,	1 200 Ć	2 400	\$ 2.40
	Facility Infrastructure		Jan-20	\$ 53,86	5 \$	1,200 \$	2,400	\$ 2,40
Total	Patrol Operations Deployment		Aug-20 Aug-20	\$ 53,86	s	1,200 \$	2,400	\$ 2,40
Metrolink - All	Patrol Operations Deployment	46	Nov-20	Sp. Table College Coll		1,200 \$	44,944	\$ 62,31
Total	гано Ореганова Бергоутен	40	Nov-20	The second secon	HEN THERWA	Ś	44,944	\$ 62,31
Metrolink - Chatsworth	Computer Deployment	15	May-20	310.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000	S2429136 TESTRE COSC			\$
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	1 .	Ι.	- \$	2,400	\$ 2,40
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20	1 '				
Total			Nov-20	\$ 91,88	L \$	- \$	2,400	\$ 2,40
Metrolink - La Verne	Computer Deployment	12	May-20	\$ 16,04	₹			\$
(Bracket)	English Infracturatura		Jul-20	\$ 71,82) \$	- \$	2,400	\$ 2,40
	Facility Infrastructure Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20	7 / 1,02	1 7	- ₋ -	2,400	2,40
Total	ration Operations Deproyment	The subsequence of the subsequen	Nov-20	\$ 87,86	9 \$	- \$	2,400	\$ 2,40
Metrolink - La Verne (HQ)	Computer Deployment	12	Jun-20	# and an	Michael gefram		alla (charles de la consenció)	\$
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	\$ 71,82	\$	- \$	2,400	\$ 2,40
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20	CHARLEST CONTRACTOR CO				
Total		7118	Nov-20		HARMAN CONTRACTOR	- \$	2,400	\$ 2,40
Narcotics Bureau	Computer Deployment	205	Jan-21	1 '	1	- \$	r 200	\$ 530
Total	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20 Jan-21		98275 389598	- \$ - \$	5,280 5,280	\$ 5,28 \$ 5,28
Norwalk Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	168	Apr-20		************		3,200	\$ 5,20
(VO) Waix ratio Diation	Facility Infrastructure	100	Apr-20	1 '		1,320 \$	5,280	\$ 5,28
	Patrol Operations Deployment	188	Sep-20	1		\$	226,128	\$ 254,66
Total			Sep-20	CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	anasa yaranga	1,320 \$	231,408	\$ 259,94
Operation Safe Streets (OSS)	Computer Deployment	46	Dec-20		2		55-14T 407 188000 EET LA 475 EET LA 670 EET	\$
	Facility Infrastructure	**************************************	Jul-20			- \$	5,720	
Total			Dec-20	tanananan mananan mana	derita processione	- \$	5,720	Acres 12100 Management Party Commence
Palmdale Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	145	Mar-20	1 '				\$
	Facility Infrastructure	25.	Apr-20			1,320 \$	5,280	\$ 5,28
	Patrol Operations Deployment	204	Sep-20			\$ 1.230 ¢	245,373	\$ 276,34
Total	C		Sep-20	V. State Description is a server of a full state of supervisors.	7 \$	1,320 \$	250,653	\$ 281,62 \$
Paramount Substation	Computer Deployment Facility Infrastructure		Apr-19 Jun-19		0 \$	14,400 \$	2,400	\$ 2,40
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Apr-20	1	٦	14,400 \$	2,400	2,40
Total	Fattor Operations Deproyment		Apr-20		0 \$	14,400 \$	2,400	\$ 2,40
Parks Bureau - All	Patrol Operations Deployment	187	Sep-20		anan anan	-,, , \$	224,925	\$ 253,31
Total			Sep-20		AND TOTAL	\$	224,925	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF
Parks Bureau - Apollo	Computer Deployment	7	Jan-20	or star received and security and security and	55445CA (46652C)		na na marana da mara	\$
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20	1	1	600 \$	2,400	\$ 2,40
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20			allowani (III) propositi i modernica (III)		
Total			Sep-20	\$ 43,80	4 \$	600 \$	2,400	organisation of the control of the c
Parks Bureau - Athens	Computer Deployment	7	Mar-20					\$
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20		7 \$	600 \$	2,400	\$ 2,40
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20		20 172			
Total		-	. Sep-20	ALL LIDBERGE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF TH		600 \$	2,400	
Parks Bureau - Belvedere	Computer Deployment	7	Jan-20			600 6	2 400	\$ 2.40
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20	\$ 34,44	4 \$	600 \$	2,400	\$ 2,40

Location	Category	No. Units C	ompletion	One-Time	FY19		FY20-21	Ongoing
			Date	Budget	Ongo	ing	Ongoing	Annual
Parks Bureau - Belvedere	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20					4 3 400
Total Parks Bureau - Bonelli	Computer Deployment	6	Sep-20 Jan-20	contraction and contraction and an artist of the contraction of the co	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Substation	computer Deployment	0	Jan-20	\$ 6,025				- -
Jubstation	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20	\$ 37,207	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20	ŷ 37,207	~		2,100	2,.00
Total			Sep-20	\$ 45,232	\$	600 :	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Castaic	Computer Deployment	7	inicological action (Colombia action)	\$ 9,362		about station is	tudionistico de la constante d	\$ -
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20		\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20					
Total			Sep-20	\$ 46,569	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - El Cariso	Computer Deployment	7	Feb-20	\$ 9,362				\$ -
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20	\$ 34,442	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20	may va pess process superfronteness states for start files	- SAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY			
Total			Sep-20		\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Hollywood Bowl	Computer Deployment	7	Jan-20	\$ 9,362				\$ -
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20	\$ 34,442	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20		. wedanica bearina		inamental management of the second	
Total			Sep-20		\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - MED	Computer Deployment	7	Feb-20		1.			\$ -
	Facility Infrastructure			\$ 34,442	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20	A 42 004	Ś	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Total Parks Bureau - Mira Loma	Computer Donleyment	7	Sep-20 Mar-20	\$ 43,804 \$ 9,362	3	- 000 i	\$ 2,40U	\$ 2,400
raiks buleau - Willa Lollia	Computer Deployment	/	IVIAI-20	2)3,202				,
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20	\$ 37,207	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20	,,	'		,	,
Total			Sep-20	\$ 46,569	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Mona Park	Computer Deployment	7	Feb-20	\$ 9,362				\$ -
					1.			
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20	\$ 34,442	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20	•	1			
Total		7	Sep-20 Jan-20	N-parterbases (Act to Scientific end of Parterbases (N-parterbases)	\$	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400 \$ -
Parks Bureau - Whittier Narrows	Computer Deployment	7	Jaii-20	\$ 9,362				-
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20	\$ 37,207	s	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20	ŷ 37,E07	*	000	2,.00	
Total			Sep-20	\$ 46,569	Ś	600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parole Compliance Team	Computer Deployment	29	Dec-20	Automorphism of the control of the c		TO SECULO DE LA CONTRACTOR DE LA CONTRAC	Control and the Control of the Contr	\$ -
	Facility Infrastructure	6	Jan-21	\$ 236,730	\$	-	\$ 15,840	\$ 31,680
	Patrol Operations Deployment	128	Mar-21	\$ 84,144	[] L		\$ 67,264	\$ 173,390
Total			Mar-21	\$ 359,660	\$	•	\$ 83,104	\$ 205,070
Pico Rivera Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	102	Mar-20		1		_	\$ -
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20				\$ 5,280	\$ 5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	111	Nov-20	watersand or entropy of the control of the	THE PERSONAL PROPERTY OF THE PERSONAL PROPERTY		\$ 108,451	\$ 150,362
Total			Nov-20	200700000000000000000000000000000000000	PLIACED WITH DESIGNATION PROPERTY.		48 MANARO TITLICANI AND	annamananan samuning mengenan
Reserves Bureau	Facility Infrastructure	4 ***	Jul-20		1		\$ -	\$ -
	Patrol Operations Deployment	175	Mar-21	MARKET TO THE STREET THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	esa esantesantesa et consentesa	recommendation of the comments	\$ 91,963 \$ 91,963	\$ 237,057 \$ 237,057
Total	Computer Penlaumant	110	Mar-21	STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF	00128.0001000000000000000000000000000000		J 31,903	\$ 237,057
San Dimas Patrol Station	Computer Deployment Facility Infrastructure	110	Dec-19 Apr-20			1,320	\$ 5,280	\$ 5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	100	Sep-20		1		\$ 120,281	\$ 135,461
Total	. Lioi Operations Deployment	100	Sep-20			manganoenarekane	\$ 125,561	\$ 140,741
Santa Clarita Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	104	Jul-20					\$ -
	. ,			, ===-/				
	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-20	\$ 75,265	\$	-	\$ 3,960	\$ 5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	200	Dec-20		1	ATTRICATE ATTRICATE AND ADDRESS OF THE ADDRESS OF T	\$ 172,831	\$ 270,922
Total			Dec-20	\$ 345,833	\$	•	\$ 176,791	· AND CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
South Los Angeles Patrol	Computer Deployment	182	Dec-19	\$ 243,413				\$ -
Station								

									Alexa Ale		
Location (Category	No. Units	Completion		ne-Time Budget		Y19-20		FY20-21 Ongoing		Ongoing Annual
South Los Angeles Patrol	Facility Infrastructure		Date Jan-20	\$	75,265	\$	ingoing 2,640	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
South Los Angeles Patrol	•	179			117,670	Ş	2,040	\$	235,509	ب \$	242,475
Total	Patrol Operations Deployment	1/9	Aug-20		436,348	Ś	2,640	, \$	240,789	ب \$	247,755
Special Victims Bureau	Computer Deployment	115	Aug-20 Jan-21	/1/16sember me	153,805	7	2,040	7	240,763	\$	
Special victillis bureau	Facility Infrastructure	113	Jul-20		5,530	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
Total	racinity initiastructure		Jan-21	SECONDARIES	CHARLES THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Ś		\$	_	\$	
Transit Services Bureau -	Computer Deployment	96	Apr-20	36525566	128,393				-	Ś	
ROC	Computer Deployment	90	·		120,333					ĺ	
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	\$	72,681	\$	-	\$	5,280	\$	5,28
	Patrol Operations Deployment	297	Nov-20	HATTO MARKET IN	195,240	1810/2147/12/16		\$	290,181	\$	402,32
Total			Nov-20	\$	396,315	\$		\$	295,461	\$	407,60
Temple Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	132	Jun-20	\$	176,541					\$	
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	\$	74,773	\$	-	\$	5,280	\$	5,28
	Patrol Operations Deployment	192	Nov-20	\$	126,216			\$	187,591	\$	260,08
Total			Nov-20	\$	377,530	\$	-	\$	192,871	\$	265,36
Transit Services Bureau - Downey	Computer Deployment	12	May-20	\$	16,049					\$	
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	\$	64,681	\$	_	\$	2,400	\$	2,40
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20	·	,	·			,		•
Total			Nov-20	Ś	80,730	\$	=	\$	2,400	\$	2,40
Transit Services Bureau - El Monte	Computer Deployment	12	May-20	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	16,049	ts.Tuttis		1963.XMU	•	\$	
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	\$	72,681	\$		\$	2,400	\$	2,40
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20	~	, 2,002	_		*	_,	*	_,
Total	ration operations beproyment		Nov-20		88,730	\$	-	Ś	2,400	\$	2,40
Transit Services Bureau -	Computer Deployment	12	May-20	************	16,049			meanin		Ś	
K9		12	,						2 400	ľ	2.40
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	Ş	64,681	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	2,40
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20	armen en					an and a superior an	70.5	
Total			Nov-20	ANA TRANSPORT	80,730	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	2,40
Transit Services Bureau - TIU	Computer Deployment	12	Apr-20	\$	16,049					\$	
	Facility Infrastructure	•	Jul-20	\$	64,681	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	2,40
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20))))			MINAMA PPP	www.ca.co.co.co.co.co.co.co.co.co.co.co.co.co.	gaphandala	
Total			Nov-20	\$	80,730	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	2,40
Universal City Walk Substation	Computer Deployment		May-19	\$	-					\$	
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-19	\$	51,050	\$	14,400	\$	2,400	\$	2,40
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Jun-20	i							
Total			Jun-20	\$	51,050	\$	14,400	\$	2,400	\$	2,40
Walnut/Diamond Bar Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	97	Mar-20	***********	129,731	EVENTURE		PARSON NESSET		\$	22/2000/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20	\$	75,265	\$	1,320	\$	5,280	\$	5,28
	Patrol Operations Deployment	124	Sep-20		81,515	ľ	,	\$	149,148	\$	167,97
Total			Sep-20		286,510	\$	1,320		154,428		173,25
West Hollywood Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	87	May-19	ecutioners.	116,357	ana ana ana		pontuiti	anne ann an Aire ann an Ai	\$	egyptytoposi, a tak Sol 🔻 lakkini
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-19	4	71,576	ر	14,400	¢	5,280	\$	5,28
	Patrol Operations Deployment	140	Jun-20		92,033	1	26,159		189,646	\$	189,64
Total	ration Operations Deproyment	140	Jun-20 Jun-20	WARRITTEN BAR	279,965	*********	40,559		194,926	10000000	194,92
ivial										100	- Control of the Control

Exhibit A3 Timetable Summary

Location	Completion	One-Time	FY19-20	FY20-21	Ongoing
	Date	Budget	Ongoing	Ongoing	Annual
Homicide	Oct-19	\$ 338,200	\$ 1,800	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Data Center	Oct-19	\$ 51,050	\$ 14,400	\$ 5,280	\$ 2,400
IAB	Oct-19	\$ 121,536	\$ 1,800	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
ICIB .	Oct-19	\$ 100,137	\$ 1,800	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Fraud & Cyber Crimes Bureau	Oct-19	\$ 188,384	\$ 1,800	\$ 7,141	\$ 5,109
Hall of Justice	Nov-19	\$ 42,888	\$ -	\$ -	\$ =
BWC Headquarters	Feb-20	\$ 4,060,203	\$ 6,495,678	\$ 6,703,071	\$ 6,715,916
Century Patrol Station	Mar-20	\$ 474,361	\$ 155,932	\$ 362,897	\$ 362,897
Bellflower Substation	Apr-20	\$ 184,765	\$ 54,000	\$ 72,000	\$ 72,000
Lakewood Patrol Station	Apr-20	\$ 485,537	\$ 115,403	\$ 327,677	\$ 327,677
Paramount Substation	Apr-20	\$ 51,050	\$ 14,400	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Industry Patrol Station	May-20	\$ 391,610	\$ 77,344	\$ 289,748	\$ 289,748
Universal City Walk Substation	Jun-20	\$ 51,050	\$ 14,400	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
West Hollywood Patrol Station	Jun-20	\$ 279,965	\$ 40,559	\$ 194,926	\$ 194,926
Lancaster Patrol Station	Jun-20	\$ 429,461	\$ 41,831	\$ 334,451	\$ 334,451
Maywood Substation	Aug-20	\$ 53,865	\$ 1,200	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Malibu/Lost Hills Patrol Station	Aug-20	\$ 275,607	\$ 2,640	\$ 192,108	\$ 197,635
East Los Angeles Patrol Station	Aug-20	\$ 421,296	\$ 2,640	\$ 280,260	\$ 288,394
Lawndale Substation	Aug-20	\$ 53,865	\$ 1,200	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Carson Patrol Station	Aug-20	\$ 355,399	\$ 2,640	\$ 244,736	\$ 251,819
Compton Patrol Station	Aug-20	\$ 366,801	\$ 2,640	\$ 240,789	\$ 247,755
South Los Angeles Patrol Station	Aug-20	\$ 436,348	\$ 2,640	\$ 240,789	\$ 247,755
Parks Bureau - Bonelli Substation	Sep-20	\$ 45,232	\$ 600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Hollywood Bowl	Sep-20	\$ 43,804	\$ 600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - MED	Sep-20	\$ 43,804	\$ 600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Apollo	Sep-20	\$ 43,804	\$ 600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Mira Loma	Sep-20	\$ 46,569	\$ 600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Belvedere	Sep-20	\$ 43,804	\$ 600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Mona Park	Sep-20	\$ 43,804	\$ 600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Castaic	Sep-20	\$ 46,569	\$ 600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Whittier Narrows	Sep-20	\$ 46,569	\$ 600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - All	Sep-20	\$ 122,929		\$ 224,925	\$ 253,312
San Dimas Patrol Station	Sep-20	\$ 288,120	\$ 1,320	\$ 125,561	\$ 140,741
Norwalk Patrol Station	Sep-20	\$ 423,540	\$ 1,320	\$ 231,408	\$ 259,947
Palmdale Patrol Station	Sep-20	\$ 403,297	\$ 1,320	\$ 250,653	\$ 281,621
Parks Bureau - Athens	Sep-20	\$ 46,569	\$ 600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
La Mirada Substation	Sep-20	\$ 190,283	\$ 600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - El Cariso	Sep-20	\$ 43,804	\$ 600	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Walnut/Diamond Bar Patrol Station	Sep-20	\$ 286,510	\$ 1,320	\$ 154,428	\$ 173,252
Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket)	Nov-20	\$ 87,869	\$ =	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Pico Rivera Patrol Station	Nov-20	\$ 284,652	\$ -	\$ 113,731	\$ 155,642
Transit Services Bureau - ROC	Nov-20	\$ 396,315	\$ -	\$ 295,461	\$ 407,600
Cerritos Patrol Station	Nov-20	\$ 194,885	\$ -	\$ 69,765	\$ 94,684
Temple Patrol Station	Nov-20	\$ 377,530	\$ -	\$ 192,871	\$ 265,365
Metrolink - All	Nov-20	\$ 30,239		\$ 44,944	\$ 62,312

Exhibit A3 Timetable Summary

Location	Completion		One-Time	FY19-20	FY20-21	Ongoing
	Date		Budget	Ongoing	Ongoing	Annual
Transit Services Bureau - Downey	Nov-20	\$	80,730	\$ -	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Metrolink - La Verne (HQ)	Nov-20	\$	87,869	\$ -	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Transit Services Bureau - El Monte	Nov-20	\$	88,730	\$ -	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Lomita Patrol Station	Nov-20	\$	212,000	\$ -	\$ 93,213	\$ 127,195
Transit Services Bureau - K9	Nov-20	\$	80,730	\$ -	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Duarte Substation	Nov-20	\$	53,865	\$ -	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Transit Services Bureau - TIU	Nov-20	\$	80,730	\$ -	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Metrolink - Chatsworth	Nov-20	\$	91,881	\$ -	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Operation Safe Streets (OSS)	Dec-20	\$	136,787	\$ -	\$ 5,720	\$ 5,280
Santa Clarita Patrol Station	Dec-20	\$	345,833	\$ -	\$ 176,791	\$ 276,202
Avalon Patrol Station	Dec-20	\$	219,991	\$ -	\$ 20,379	\$ 31,018
Altadena Patrol Station	Dec-20	\$	174,212	\$ -	\$ 56,673	\$ 87,911
Crescenta Valley Patrol Station	Dec-20	\$	217,554	\$ -	\$ 66,179	\$ 102,812
Marina Del Rey Patrol Station	Dec-20	\$	184,027	\$ -	\$ 73,092	\$ 113,649
Major Crimes Bureau	Jan-21	\$	36,201	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _
Narcotics Bureau	Jan-21	\$	337,439	\$ -	\$ 5,280	\$ 5,280
Special Victims Bureau	Jan-21	\$	159,335	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Reserves Bureau	Mar-21	\$	117,806	\$ -	\$ 91,963	\$ 237,057
Community Partnership Bureau	Mar-21	\$	263,320	\$ -	\$ 119,827	\$ 307,358
Parole Compliance Team	. Mar-21	\$	359,660	\$ -	\$ 83,104	\$ 205,070
Community College Bureau	Mar-21	\$	475,363	\$ -	\$ 105,213	\$ 257,485
County Services	Jul-21	\$	3,603,296	\$ -	\$ 1,320	\$ 629,756
Courts (Levi) Jul-21		\$	275,857	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 82,631
Grand Total Jul-21		\$	20,477,099	\$ 7,059,227	\$ 12,163,173	\$ 14,166,464

											·
Location .		No. Units Co	mpletion		One-Time		Y19-20		FY20-21		ngoing
	Category	220	Date May 10	٠	Budget		Ongoing		Ongoing	*************	Annual
Homicide	Computer Deployment	228	May-19 Oct-19		304,935	۲	1,800	ė	2,400	\$ \$	2,400
Total	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-19	SHOWING	33,265 338,200	\$ \$	1,800	ء \$	2,400 2,400	ب \$	2,400 2,400
Data Center	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-19	Section .	Production of the production of the pro-	ب 5	14,400	ب \$	5,280	\$	2,400
Total	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-19	AUGUSTINES	CONTRACTOR STREET, STR	ب \$	recognistic description of the contract of the	ب \$	5,280	ب \$	2,400
IAB	Computer Deployment	66	Apr-19	2010/11/11	88,271	Saurier.	4-7,700		3,200	\$	ar ar sandan kana sana
	Facility Infrastructure	00	Oct-19		33,265	\$	1,800	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
Total	racinty innastructure		Oct-19	*********	121,536	SHEET	STEROCOROFICO PERSONALISMOS	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
ICIB	Computer Deployment	50	May-19		66,872					\$	
	Facility Infrastructure	50	Oct-19		33,265	\$	1,800	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
Total	, admit,		Oct-19		100,137	\$	and the second s	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
Fraud & Cyber Crimes				Arrane A		SELASS		isidus.			
Bureau	Computer Deployment	115	Oct-19	Ś	153,805					\$	_
	Facility Infrastructure	2.20	Oct-19		33,265	\$	1,800	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment	2	Oct-19		1,315	,	-,	\$	4,741	\$	2,709
Total		_	Oct-19		188,384	s	1,800	Ś	7,141	\$	5,109
Hall of Justice	Computer Deployment	30	Nov-19	5607659000	40,123	.com.com.		enitali		\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-19		2,765	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Total			Nov-19		nacement and an alternative state of the contract of the	\$	A SANCE OF A SANCE OF THE SANCE	\$	-	\$	-
BWC Headquarters	BWC Device Procurement	5248	Jan-20	-10000411411	520,000						
나를 빼놓고 얼마를 받으려고.	Cellphone Procurement	5248	Feb-20	\$	1,622,720	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Computer Deployment	33	Oct-19	\$	44,135					\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-19	\$	51,050	\$	14,400	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Forensic video consultant		Sep-19			\$	375,000	\$	450,000	\$	450,000
	Forensic Video Software		Sep-19	\$	305,150	\$	140,579	\$	168,695	\$	168,695
	Office		Aug-19	\$	198,000	\$	277,500	\$	333,000	\$	333,000
	Staffing	33	Aug-19			\$!	5,593,699	\$	5,618,449	\$!	5,618,449
	Training		Sep-19		189,000	\$	94,500	\$	113,400	\$	113,400
	Vehicles + Radios	11	Sep-19		1,117,000						
	Patrol Operations Deployment	20	Jan-20	ocreous and	13,148	ENIS RE	edenica antibonecanile	\$	14,247	\$	27,092
Total			Feb-20	200000	COLUMN E STATE OF THE STATE OF	5	5,495,678	Ş	6,703,071	and minner	5,715,916
Century Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	170	Apr-19		227,363			_		\$	
	Facility Infrastructure		May-19		73,451	\$	17,200	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	264	Mar-20	12.000.000	173,547	\$		\$	357,617	\$	357,617
Total			Mar-20	Service Comment	474,361	\$	155,932	2	362,897	\$	362,897
Bellflower Substation	Computer Deployment		Apr-19 Sep-19		184,765	\$	54,000	خ	72,000	\$ \$	72,000
	Facility Infrastructure Patrol Operations Deployment		Apr-20		104,703	٦	34,000	Ş	72,000	٦	72,000
Total	Patroi Operations Deproyment		Apr-20		184,765	e	54,000	¢	72,000	\$	72,000
Total Lakewood Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	192	Apr-20 Apr-19		256,787	La.A.	J4,000	1 . .	72,000	\$, 2,000
	Facility Infrastructure	132	May-19		72,295	ς .	17,200	Ś	5,280	١.	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	238	Apr-20		156,455		98,203		322,397	\$	322,397
Total		200	Apr-20	********	485,537		115,403		327,677	\$	327,677
Paramount Substation	Computer Deployment		Apr-19	70A 202192	-	art.un				\$	
	Facility Infrastructure		Jun-19		51,050	s	14,400	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Apr-20			Ĭ .	•	·	•		•
Total			Apr-20		51,050	\$	14,400	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
Industry Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	135	May-19		180,553	, ignivator	SALE SPREADERS OF THE SPREADERS OF THE	ibrio de Ciri	AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.	\$	-
하기 등 가게 되었다. 현대 사용 기계를 즐겁게 하는데 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 기계를 되었다.	Facility Infrastructure		May-19	\$	73,008	\$	14,400	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	210	May-20	\$	138,049	\$	62,944	\$	284,468	\$	284,468
Total			May-20	S18900	391,610	School Services	77,344	\$	289,748	\$	289,748
Universal City Walk			The second secon								
Substation	Computer Deployment		May-19	\$	-					\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-19	\$	51,050	\$	14,400	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Jun-20		24.000.000 H00000 H000 H0104***********************************	-constrain		Million.		dilitima.	
Total			Jun-20	\$	51,050	\$	14,400	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
West Hollywood Patrol											
Station	Computer Deployment	87	May-19			١.				\$	
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-19	\$	71,576	\$	14,400	\$	5,280	\$	5,280

Location	Morror		pletion late	One-Time Budget		Y19-20 Ingoing		720-21 ngoing	Ongoing Annual
West Hollywood Patrol Total	Category Patrol Operations Deployment	140	Jun-20 Jun-20	\$ 92,033	\$	26,159 40,559	\$	189,646 194,926	\$ 189,646 \$ 194,92 6
Lancaster Patrol Station	Computer Deployment Facility Infrastructure	147	Jun-19 Jul-19	\$ 196,603	3	14,400	21811000000000000	5,280	\$ - \$ 5,280
Total	Patrol Operations Deployment	243	Jun-20 Jun-20		NAMES OF TAXABLE PARTY.	27,431 41,831	\$ \$	329,171 334,451	\$ 329,171 \$ 334,451
Maywood Substation	Computer Deployment Facility Infrastructure		Nov-19 Jan-20	\$	- 1000	10 4.77 (147 (147 (147 (147 (147 (147 (147 (1	\$	2,400	\$ - \$ 2,400
Total	Patrol Operations Deployment		Aug-20 Aug-20	\$ 53,86	5 \$	1,200	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
Malibu/Lost Hills Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	80	Dec-19		1				\$ -
	Facility Infrastructure Patrol Operations Deployment	142	Jan-20 Aug-20	\$ 93,34	7		\$ \$	5,280 186,828	\$ 5,280 \$ 192,355
Total			Aug-20	\$ 275,60	7 \$	2,640	\$	192,108	\$ 197,635
East Los Angeles Patrol		456		ć 200.c2					¢
Station	Computer Deployment	156	Nov-19 Jan-20			2,640	\$	5,280	\$ - \$ 5,280
	Facility Infrastructure Patrol Operations Deployment	209	Aug-20			2,040	۶ \$	274,980	\$ 283,114
Total	Patroi Operations Deployment	209	Aug-20			2,640	reservoirés inté	280,260	\$ 288,394
Lawndale Substation	Computer Deployment		Dec-19	Per reference de l'action de la commence de l'action d					\$ -
	Facility Infrastructure		Jan-20	1	5 \$	1,200	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Aug-20			,		,	
Total			Aug-20	\$ 53,86	5 \$	1,200	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
Carson Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	120	Nov-19	\$ 160,49	2				\$.
	Facility Infrastructure		Jan-20	\$ 75,26	5 \$	2,640	\$	5,280	\$ 5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	182	Aug-20	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	5900F 19860455		\$	239,456	\$ 246,539
Total			Aug-20	ADMINISTRATION OF THE STREET	William May last us	2,640	\$	244,736	\$ 251,819
Compton Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	130	Nov-19			2.542		r 200	\$.
	Facility Infrastructure	170	Jan-20			2,640	\$ \$	5,280 235,509	\$ 5,280 \$ 242,475
Total	Patrol Operations Deployment	179	Aug-20		enser mobilitie	2,640	ب \$	240,789	\$ 247,755
South Los Angeles Patrol		100	Aug-20			2,040	7	240,763	\$ 247,733
Station	Computer Deployment Facility Infrastructure	182	Dec-19 Jan-20			2,640	\$	5,280	\$ 5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	179	Aug-20		, i	2,040	\$	235,509	\$ 242,475
Total	ratio Operations Deployment	17.5	Aug-20		98974 S8554555	2,640	\$	240,789	\$ 247,755
Parks Bureau - Bonelli Substation	Computer Deployment	6	Jan-20			C00	۲	3.400	\$ 2,400
	Facility Infrastructure Patrol Operations Deployment		Apr-20 Sep-20	\$ 37,20	′ 🤻	600	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
Total	ration Operations Deployment		Sep-20	\$ 45,23	2 Š	600	Ś	2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Hollywood							mic Total (SEE)		
Bowl	Computer Deployment	7	Jan-20	\$ 9,36	2				\$
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20			600	\$	2,400	\$. 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20						
Total			Sep-20	\$ 43,80	4 \$	600	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - MED	Computer Deployment	7	Feb-20	\$ 9,36	2				\$
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20		2 \$	600	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20				onegovenen		
Total			Sep-20	A SERVICE SERV	1266612 1166662610	600	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
Parks Bureau - Apollo	Computer Deployment	7	Jan-20		- 1	600	بے	2.400	\$ 2.400
	Facility Infrastructure Patrol Operations Deployment		Apr-20 Sep-20	\$ 34,44	2 \$	600	Ş	2,400	\$ 2,400
Total	ration operations Deployment		Sep-20 Sep-20	\$ 43,80	4 \$	600	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
Darke Dimonic 841-n law-	Computer Penlayment	7	Mar-20	\$ 9,36	,				\ s
Parks Bureau - Mira Loma	Computer Deployment Facility Infrastructure	,	Apr-20			600	\$	2,400	\$ 2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20		. _	500	~	2,-100	2,-100
Total			Sep-20	nasanoneannamentarionness	9 \$	600	\$	2,400	\$ 2,40
Parks Bureau - Belvedere	Computer Deployment	7	Jan-20		STREET, STAMPS		nessein mierit	un-compositiColidation	\$
the state of the manufactor two forces on the state of the	• •			•	•				-

				ewithin the same							
Location			pletion		ie-Time		Y19-20		Y20-21		ngoing
	Category		Datte	erecentaries	ludget	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	ngoing	************	Ingoing	aneunconviscence	Annual
Parks Bureau - Belvedere	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20	\$	34,442	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20								
Total			Sep-20	\$	43,804	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
Parks Bureau - Mona Park	Computer Deployment	7	Feb-20	۲	9,362					¢	_
Fairs buleau - Wiolia Fair	Computer Deployment Facility Infrastructure	,	Apr-20	\$	34,442	\$	600	Ġ	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20	ب	34,442	,	000	7	2,400	7	2,400
Total	ratioi Operations Deproyment		Sep-20	ć	43,804	s	600	٤.	2,400	\$	2,400
Parks Bureau - Castaic	Computer Deployment	7	Feb-20	Sections of the section of the secti	9,362	armentore.				Ś	-
Tarks bureau Castare	Facility Infrastructure	,	Apr-20	\$	37,207	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20	~	37,207	۲	-	*	_,	Ť	,
Total			Sep-20	Ś	46,569	\$	600	Ś	2,400	\$	2,400
Parks Bureau - Whittier			Make is a self-tendence			141.4546	Edition and Labor.	na.acan			
Narrows	Computer Deployment	7	Jan-20	Ś	9,362					\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure	ŕ	Apr-20	-	37,207	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20		,	ľ		•	·		
Total			Sep-20	\$	46,569	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
Parks Bureau - All	Patrol Operations Deployment	187	Sep-20		122,929	ANGLESSE		\$	224,925	\$	253,312
Total			Sep-20	THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF	122,929			\$	224,925	14:221122222	253,312
San Dimas Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	110	Dec-19	and the same	147,118	S. hospitestalli	Water Leader Comment	nucesome	TELEVISION SELECTION SELECTION SERVICES	\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20	\$	75,265	\$	1,320	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	100	Sep-20	\$	65,738			\$	120,281	\$	135,461
Total			Sep-20	\$	288,120	\$	1,320	\$	125,561	\$	140,741
Norwalk Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	168	Apr-20	\$	224,689					\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20	\$	75,265	\$	1,320	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	188	Sep-20		123,587			\$	226,128	\$	254,667
Total			Sep-20	\$	423,540	\$	1,320	\$	231,408	\$	259,947
Palmdale Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	145	Mar-20	\$	193,928					\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20		75,265	\$	1,320	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	204	Sep-20	enegate men	134,105	e geologikkeel		\$	245,373	\$	276,341
Total			Sep-20		403,297	\$	1,320	\$	250,653	\$	281,621
Parks Bureau - Athens	Computer Deployment	7	Mar-20		9,362	١.				\$	
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20	\$	37,207	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20			1			en mannamen marane anto		
Total		400	Sep-20	DANTERS SEC	46,569	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
La Mirada Substation	Computer Deployment	102	Apr-20		136,418	_ ا	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Facility Infrastructure		Apr-20	Ş	53,865	\$	800	Ą	2,400	۶	2,400
Total	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20		100 202	٤	600	ě	2,400	\$	2,400
Total Parks Bureau - El Cariso	Computer Deployment	7	Sep-20 Feb-20	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	190,283 9,362			Mariana.	2,700	\$	
Paiks Buleau - El Caliso	Facility Infrastructure	,	Apr-20		34,442	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Sep-20		37,772	۲	000	Ψ.	2,400		2,.00
Total	ratio Operations Deployment		Sep-20		43,804	\$	600	Ś	2,400	\$	2,400
Walnut/Diamond Bar									and the second	la.fois	
Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	97	Mar-20	Ś	129,731					\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure	J .	Apr-20		75,265	Ś	1,320	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	124	Sep-20		81,515	'	,	\$	149,148	\$	167,972
Total			Sep-20	service transfer	286,510	\$	1,320	\$	154,428	\$	173,252
Metrolink - La Verne						i italialish	inclitica Secisioni	sene Tanca	cinicalium (A. Carrelle III)	Talkahir	
(Bracket)	Computer Deployment	12	May-20	\$	16,049					\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	1	71,820	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20								
Total			Nov-20	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	87,869	\$		\$	2,400	\$	2,400
Pico Rivera Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	102	Mar-20	7000007000	136,418	· messessic	nametrien meerkerke (FAS)A		aller in the contribution of the contribution	\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	ŧ	75,265	\$	-	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	111	Nov-20		72,969			\$	108,451	\$	150,362
Total			Nov-20	\$	284,652	\$	-	\$	113,731	\$	155,642
Transit Services Bureau -		TO CONTRACT OF THE PARTY		1		1					
ROC	Computer Deployment	96	Apr-20		128,393					\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	1	72,681		-	\$	5,280		5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	297	Nov-20	\$	195,240	1		\$	290,181	\$	402,320

			*****************************				LAIIIDII	. 44 11111	ctar	oic Detail
Location		No. Units Co	npletion		ne-Time	FY19		Y20-21		Ongoing
(Total	Category		Date		Sudget	Ongo Š	The state of the s	ingoing	ACCRESSION OF	Annual 407,600
Cerritos Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	57	Nov-20 Jul-20	\$ \$.	396,315 76,234	7	- \$	295,461	\$ \$	407,000
Cerritos ration Station	Facility Infrastructure	3,	Jul-20	•	75,265	\$	- \$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	66	Nov-20	•	43,387	Ť	\$	64,485	\$	89,404
Total			Nov-20	CHARLES BELLEVISOR	194,885	\$	- \$	69,765	\$	94,684
Temple Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	132	Jun-20	Service Contract	176,541	JOR BUSINESS OF THE HEIGH		A TO CONTRACT OF STREET, STREE	\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	\$	74,773	\$	- \$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	192	Nov-20	\$	126,216	***************************************	\$	187,591	\$	260,085
Total			Nov-20	\$	377,530	\$	- \$	192,871	\$	265,365
Metrolink - All	Patrol Operations Deployment	46	Nov-20	universur	30,239		\$	44,944	\$	62,312
Total			Nov-20	\$	30,239		\$	44,944	\$	62,312
Transit Services Bureau -					4.0.40				٠	
Downey	Computer Deployment	12			16,049	_	*	2,400	\$	2.400
	Facility Infrastructure Patrol Operations Deployment		Jul-20 Nov-20	Þ	64,681	\$	- \$	2,400	\$	2,400
Total	Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20	ć	80,730	\$	- \$	2,400	\$	2,400
, iotal	Banan kalende en anderen er en		inalization de la companie de la co						ill interes	keenaasii an kaanaan ja
Metrolink - La Verne (HQ)	Computer Deployment	12	Jun-20	\$	16,049				\$	_
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20		71,820	\$	- \$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20	1	,	•	,	,		,
Total			Nov-20	\$	87,869	\$	- \$	2,400	\$	2,400
Transit Services Bureau - El		n na	anna ann an an Aireann an Airean		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	erma usternastalitäiteliisik				
Monte	Computer Deployment	12	May-20	\$	16,049				\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	\$	72,681	\$	- \$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20	ninaminana		enandeline elektrick			2027230	Elimentania in
Total			Nov-20	000.0000000000000000000000000000000000	88,730	\$	- \$	2,400	\$	2,400
Lomita Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	58	Jun-20		77,571	,		F 200	\$	
	Facility Infrastructure	00	Jul-20		75,265	\$	- \$	5,280	\$	5,280
Total	Patrol Operations Deployment	90	Nov-20 Nov-20		59,164 212,000	Ś	\$ - \$	87,933 93,213	\$	121,915 127,195
Transit Services Bureau -			NOV-20	7	212,000	7		33,213	7	127,133
К9	Computer Deployment	12	May-20	Ś	16,049				Ś	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20		64,681	\$	- \$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20	·	·	·	,	·		•
Total			Nov-20	\$	80,730	\$	- \$	2,400	\$	2,400
Duarte Substation	Computer Deployment		Jun-20	\$	-				\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	\$	53,865	\$	- \$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20	ear-groupers.	ESTERNISH PROPERTY (C)	***************************************		Automorphism (Automorphism)	entron	militari proprinta de la compansión de la c
Total		30.5	Nov-20	\$	53,865	\$	- \$	2,400	Ş	2,400
Transit Services Bureau -	Communication De L	4.0	A 0.0	_ ا	10010				۱,	
TIU	Computer Deployment	12	Apr-20	1	16,049	خ ا	٠,	2 400	\$ \$	2,400
	Facility Infrastructure Patrol Operations Deployment		Jul-20 Nov-20		64,681	\$	- \$	2,400	٦	2,400
Total	rado operations pepioyment		Nov-20	MARKET COM	80,730	\$	- \$	2,400	\$	2,400
Metrolink - Chatsworth	Computer Deployment	15	May-20	. 3545466666	20,061	7	7		Ś	
	Facility Infrastructure	10	Jul-20	ı	71,820	\$	- \$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Patrol Operations Deployment		Nov-20		,	,	ľ	,		,
Total		Market Comment of the	Nov-20	esterrentente	91,881	\$	- \$	2,400	\$	2,400
Operation Safe Streets					na commentation delication and the contract of			en andre and the state of the s	A Proposition of the Park	
(OSS)	Computer Deployment	46	Dec-20	\$	61,522				\$	
	Facility Infrastructure	Annothing and reliably operated by 22 and 24	Jul-20	\$	75,265	\$	- \$	5,720	\$	5,280
Total			Dec-20	\$	136,787	\$	- \$	5,720	\$	5,280
				١.						
Santa Clarita Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	104	Jul-20		139,093		_	2 22-	\$	F 000
	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-20		75,265	ļ \$	- \$	3,960	1	5,280
₩	Patrol Operations Deployment	200	Dec-20	0.355600532334	131,475	è	\$ - \$	172,831	\$ \$	270,922
Total Avalon Patrol Station	Computer Deployment	17	Dec-20 Δυσ-20	500/4/000000	345,833	7	- >	176,791) \$	276,202
AVAIUH FALIUI SLATION	Computer Deployment Facility Infrastructure	1/	Aug-20 Oct-20		22,736 184,765	١	- \$	3,960	\$	- 5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	19	Dec-20		12,490		- , \$	16,419		25,738
Total	, and operations beproyment	13	Dec-20	1	219,991	s	- \$	20,379		31,018
										eriske Station Landon de

Location		No. Units	Completion	(One-Time		9-20		Y20-21		Ongoing Annual
Altadena Patrol Station	ategory Computer Deployment	44	Date Jul-20	ć	Budget 58,847	UII	going)ngoing	\$	-
Altauena Patroi Station	Facility Infrastructure	44	Oct-20		75,265	\$	_	\$	3,960	\$	5,280
	•	61	i i	\$	40,100	Y		\$	52,713	\$	82,631
Total	Patrol Operations Deployment	9.1	Dec-20	1071211111111	174,212	Ś	_		56,673	\$	87,911
Crescenta Valley Patrol			Dec 20			7					
Station	Computer Deployment	71	Jul-20	۲	94,958					\$	_
Station 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Computer Deployment Facility Infrastructure	/1	Oct-20		75,265	\$	_	\$	3,960	\$	5,280
	•	72	Dec-20		47,331	۶		\$	62,219	\$	97,532
 -	Patrol Operations Deployment	72	Dec-20	18140300000	ene neutrocurrocurrente en en entre en	\$	en e	ء \$	66,179	\$	102,812
Total			Dec-20		217,554			Ą	00,175		102,012
Marina Del Rey Patrol		43	A 20	,	FC 173					ب	
Station	Computer Deployment	42	Aug-20		56,172	<u>,</u>		,	2.000	ڊ ب	F 200
	Facility Infrastructure		Oct-20		75,265	\$	-	\$	3,960	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	80	Dec-20		52,590	<u>.</u>		\$	69,132	\$	108,369
Total			Dec-20	CONTRACTOR		\$		\$	73,092	\$	113,649
Major Crimes Bureau	Computer Deployment	25	Jan-21		33,436					\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20		2,765	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Total			Jan-21	OR CONTRACT	36,201	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Narcotics Bureau	Computer Deployment	205	Jan-21	١.	274,174					\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	10000000	63,265	\$	-	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
Total			Jan-21	\$	337,439	\$	-	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
Special Victims Bureau	Computer Deployment	115	Jan-21		153,805					\$	-
	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	ANTHORNE	5,530	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Total			Jan-21	\$	159,335	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Reserves Bureau	Facility Infrastructure		Jul-20	\$	2,765	\$	-	\$	-	\$	=
	Patrol Operations Deployment	175	Mar-21	\$	115,041	· saarada aassaad en kahkkii	MARKELLE PERFECTANCE (P. 1941)	\$	91,963	\$	237,057
Total			Mar-21	\$	117,806	\$	-	\$	91,963	\$	237,057
Community Partnership				İ	,						
Bureau	Computer Deployment	31	Nov-20	\$	41,460				,	\$	
	Facility Infrastructure		Jan-21	\$	75,265 ·	\$	-	\$	2,640	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	223	Mar-21	\$	146,595			\$	117,187	\$	302,078
Total			Mar-21	\$	263,320	\$		\$	119,827	\$	307,358
Parole Compliance Team	Computer Deployment	29	Dec-20	\$	38,786	DOTTO TOWN MAKES				\$	
	Facility Infrastructure	6	Jan-21	\$	236,730	\$		\$	15,840	\$	31,680
	Patrol Operations Deployment	128	Mar-21	\$	84,144			\$	67,264	\$	173,390
Total			Mar-21		359,660	\$		\$	83,104	\$	205,070
	and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the					. erection returns	,		27,114120000000000000000000000000000000000	1	····
Community College Bureau	Computer Deployment	. 74	Nov-20	\$	98,970					\$	
	Facility Infrastructure	9	Jan-21		274,500	\$	-	\$	23,760	\$	47,520
	Patrol Operations Deployment	155	Mar-21		101,893	'		\$	81,453	\$	209,965
Total	The second secon		Mar-21		475,363	Ś		\$	105,213	\$	257,485
County Services	Computer Deployment	208	Oct-20		278,186			Historiani Historiani		\$	
	Facility Infrastructure	200	Apr-21		3,022,060	\$		\$	1,320	\$	5,280
	Patrol Operations Deployment	461	Jul-21		303,050	-		*	,0	\$	624,476
Total	. a. o. operations beproyment	701			3,603,296	\$	_	\$	1,320	\$	629,756
Courts (Levi)	Computer Deployment	120	Jan-21	3,500,000	160,492				7/77	\$	
Courts (LEVI)	Facility Infrastructure	120	Apr-21		75,265	\$	-	\$	_	\$	
	Patrol Operations Deployment	C1	Jul-21		40,100	'		ب	-	\$	82,631
	ratioi Operations Deployment	61	Jul-21 Jul-21	di manana	275,857					\$	82,631
Total			CHARLES AND A STATE OF THE STAT			 \$		- \$	-	A PLACE (88)	

Category	Location	No. Units	Completion		ne-Time	FY19-20 FY20-21	Ongoing
Category	Location	no. oms	Date		Budget	Ongoing Ongoing	Annual
BWC Device Procurement	BWC Headquarters	5248	Jan-20	\$	520,000		
Total			Jan-20	\$	520,000		amumikan mari-sasara na sanana
Cellphone Procurement	BWC Headquarters	5248	Feb-20	CHAMBERRATE	1,622,720	NAMES AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	\$ -
Total			Feb-20	NAMES OF THE	1,622,720	\$ - \$ -	\$ -
Computer Deployment	Century Patrol Station	170	Apr-19	\$	227,363		\$ -
	Bellflower Substation	403	Apr-19	\$	256 797		\$ -
	Lakewood Patrol Station	192	Apr-19	\$	256,787		\$ - \$ -
	Paramount Substation IAB	66	Apr-19 Apr-19	\$	88,271		\$ -
	ICIB	50	May-19	\$	66,872		\$ -
	Industry Patrol Station	135	May-19	\$	180,553		\$ -
	Homicide	228	, May-19	\$	304,935		\$ -
	Universal City Walk Substation		May-19	\$	-		\$ -
	West Hollywood Patrol Station	87	May-19	\$	116,357		\$ -
							_
	Lancaster Patrol Station	147	Jun-19	\$	196,603		\$ -
	BWC Headquarters	33	Oct-19	\$	44,135		\$ -
	Fraud & Cyber Crimes Bureau	115	Oct-19	\$	153,805	•	\$ - \$ -
	Hall of Justice Compton Patrol Station	30 130	Nov-19 Nov-19	\$	40,123 173,866		\$ -
	Carson Patrol Station	120	Nov-19	\$	160,492		\$ -
	East Los Angeles Patrol Station	156	Nov-19	\$	208,639		\$ -
	Maywood Substation	130	Nov-19	\$	-		\$ -
	Lawndale Substation		Dec-19	\$	-		\$ -
	South Los Angeles Patrol Station	182	Dec-19	\$	243,413		\$ -
	Malibu/Lost Hills Patrol Station	80	Dec-19	\$	106,995		\$ -
		-					
	San Dimas Patrol Station	110	Dec-19	\$	147,118		\$ -
	Parks Bureau - Bonelli Substation	6	Jan-20	\$	8,025		\$ -
	Parks Bureau - Whittier Narrows	7	Jan-20	\$	9,362		\$ -
	Parks Bureau - Apollo	7	Jan-20	\$	9,362		\$ -
	Parks Bureau - Belvedere	7	Jan-20	\$	9,362		\$ -
	Parks Bureau - Hollywood Bowl	7	Jan-20	\$	9,362		\$ -
	Parks Bureau - Castaic	7	Feb-20	\$	9,362		\$ -
	Parks Bureau - El Cariso	, 7	Feb-20	\$	9,362		\$ -
	Parks Bureau - MED	7	Feb-20	\$	9,362		\$ -
	Parks Bureau - Mona Park	7	Feb-20	\$	9,362		\$ -
	Parks Bureau - Mira Loma	7	Mar-20	\$	9,362		\$ -
	Parks Bureau - Athens	7	Mar-20	\$	9,362		\$ -
	Walnut/Diamond Bar Patrol	97	Mar-20	\$	129,731		\$ -
	Station	145	N. 6 20	۱,	102 020		١
	Palmdale Patrol Station Pico Rivera Patrol Station	145	Mar-20	\$	193,928		\$ - \$ -
	Norwalk Patrol Station	102 168	Mar-20 Apr-20	\$	136,418 224,689	1	\$ -
	La Mirada Substation	103	Apr-20	\$	136,418	1	\$ -
	Transit Services Bureau - ROC	96	Apr-20	\$	128,393		\$ -
	Transit Services Bureau - TIU	12	Apr-20	\$	16,049		\$ -
	Transit Services Bureau - El	12	May-20	\$	16,049		\$ -
	Monte						
	Transit Services Bureau -	12	May-20	\$	16,049		\$ -
	Downey	4.5	A4 20	_	10010		
	Transit Services Bureau - K9	12 15	May-20	\$	16,049	1	\$ -
	Metrolink - Chatsworth Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket)	15 12	May-20 May-20	\$	20,061 16,049	l .	\$ -
	ividuolitik - La verille (Dracker)	14	14:ay-20	1 7	10,043	I	1 4

Category	Location	No. Units	Completion)ne-Time	F	Y19-20		Y20-21		Ongoing
			Date	***********	Buelget	e.	ingoing	0	ngoing	Section Co.	Annual
Computer Deployment	Metrolink - La Verne (HQ)	12	Jun-20	\$	16,049					\$	-
	Duarte Substation		Jun-20	\$	-					\$	-
	Temple Patrol Station	132	Jun-20	\$	176,541					\$	-
	Lomita Patrol Station	58	Jun-20	\$	77,571					\$	-
	Cerritos Patrol Station	57	Jul-20	\$	76,234					\$	-
	Altadena Patrol Station	44	Jul-20	\$	58,847					\$	-
	Crescenta Valley Patrol Station	71	Jul-20	\$	94,958					\$	-
	Santa Clarita Patrol Station	104	Jul-20	\$	139,093					\$	-
	Marina Del Rey Patrol Station	42	Aug-20	\$	56,172					\$	-
	Avalon Patrol Station	17	Aug-20	\$	22,736					\$	
	County Services	208	Oct-20	\$	278,186					\$	-
	Community College Bureau	74	Nov-20	\$	98,970					\$	-
	Community Partnership Bureau	31	Nov-20	\$	41,460					\$	-
	Operation Safe Streets (OSS)	46	Dec-20	\$	61,522					\$	-
	Parole Compliance Team	29	Dec-20	\$	38,786					\$	-
	Courts (Levi)	120	Jan-21	\$	160,492					\$	-
	Major Crimes Bureau	25	Jan-21	\$	33,436					\$	-
	Narcotics Bureau	205	Jan-21	\$	274,174					\$	-
	Special Victims Bureau	115	Jan-21	\$	153,805					\$	-
Total			Jan-21	\$	5,726,885					\$	•
Facility Infrastructure	Century Patrol Station		May-19	\$	73,451		17,200	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Industry Patrol Station		May-19	\$	73,008		14,400	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Lakewood Patrol Station		May-19	\$	72,295		17,200	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Paramount Substation		Jun-19	\$	51,050		14,400	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Universal City Walk Substation		Jul-19	\$	51,050	\$	14,400	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	West Hollywood Patrol Station		Jul-19	\$	71,576	\$	14,400	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Lancaster Patrol Station		Jul-19	\$	73,116	\$	14,400	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Bellflower Substation		Sep-19	\$	184,765	\$	54,000	\$	72,000	\$	72,000
	Homicide		Oct-19	\$	33,265	\$	1,800	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Fraud & Cyber Crimes Bureau		Oct-19	\$	33,265	\$	1,800	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Hall of Justice		Oct-19	\$	2,765	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Data Center		Oct-19	\$	51,050	\$	14,400	\$	5,280	\$	2,400
	BWC Headquarters		Oct-19	\$	51,050	\$	14,400	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	ICIB		Oct-19	\$	33,265		1,800	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	IAB		Oct-19	\$	33,265	\$	1,800	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Maywood Substation		Jan-20	\$	53,865	\$	1,200	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Malibu/Lost Hills Patrol Station		Jan-20	\$	75,265	\$	2,640	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	East Los Angeles Patrol Station		Jan-20	\$	75,265	\$	2,640	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Lawndale Substation		Jan-20	\$	53,865		1,200		2,400	I ' .	2,400
	Carson Patrol Station		Jan-20	\$	75,265		2,640		5,280	\$	5,280
	Compton Patrol Station		Jan-20	\$	75,265		2,640		5,280	\$	5,280
	South Los Angeles Patrol Station		Jan-20	\$	75,265	1	2,640		5,280	\$	5,280
	Parks Bureau - Bonelli Substation		Apr-20	\$	37,207	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Parks Bureau - Hollywood Bowl		Apr-20	\$	34,442	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Parks Bureau - MED		Apr-20	\$	34,442	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Parks Bureau - Apollo		Apr-20	\$	34,442	\$	600		2,400		2,400
	Parks Bureau - Mira Loma		Apr-20	\$	37,207	1	600		2,400		2,400
	Parks Bureau - Belvedere		Apr-20	\$	34,442		600		2,400	1	2,400
	Parks Bureau - Mona Park		Apr-20	\$	34,442		600	- 1	2,400		2,400
	Parks Bureau - Castaic		Apr-20	\$	37,207		600	\$	2,400		2,400
	Parks Bureau - Whittier Narrows		Apr-20 Apr-20	\$	37,207		600	- 1	2,400		2,400
	and and the state of the										•
	La Mirada Substation		Apr-20	\$	53,865	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400

	I compliant	No. Units	Completion		One-Time		Y19-20		Y20-21	,)ngoing
Category	Location	ND. UTIES	Date		Judget		Ongoing		Ongoing		Annual
Facility Infrastructure	San Dimas Patrol Station		Apr-20	\$	75,265	\$	1,320	Section Sectio	5,280	\$	5,280
	Norwalk Patrol Station		Apr-20	\$	75,265	\$	1,320		5,280	\$	5,280
	Parks Bureau - El Cariso		Apr-20	\$	34,442	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Parks Bureau - Athens		Apr-20	\$	37,207	\$	600	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Walnut/Diamond Bar Patrol	*	Apr-20	\$	75,265	\$	1,320	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Station										
	Palmdale Patrol Station		Apr-20	\$	75,265	\$	1,320	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Operation Safe Streets (OSS)		Jul-20	\$	75,265	\$	-	\$	5,720	\$	5,280
	Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket)		Jul-20	\$	71,820	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Reserves Bureau		Jul-20	\$	2,765	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Cerritos Patrol Station		Jul-20	\$	75,265	\$	-	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Duarte Substation		Jul-20	\$	53,865	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
보는 사람들은 사람들을 받는	Special Victims Bureau		Jul-20	\$	5,530	\$		\$		\$	-
	Metrolink - Chatsworth		Jul-20	\$	71,820	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Transit Services Bureau - ROC		Jul-20	\$	72,681	\$	-	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Narcotics Bureau		Jul-20	\$	63,265	\$	-	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Temple Patrol Station		Jul-20	\$	74,773	\$	-	\$ \$	5,280 5,280	\$ \$	5,280 5,280
	Lomita Patrol Station Transit Services Bureau -		Jul-20 Jul-20	\$	75,265 64,681	\$	-	\$ \$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Downey		Jui-20	۲	U4,001	۲		ų	2,400	ب	۷,+۵۵
	Metrolink - La Verne (HQ)		Jul-20	\$	71,820	\$	_	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Transit Services Bureau - El		Jul-20 Jul-20	\$	72,681	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Monte		34 23		,	Ť		•		ľ	-,
	Major Crimes Bureau		Jul-20	\$	2,765	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Transit Services Bureau - K9		Jul-20	\$	64,681	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Pico Rivera Patrol Station		Jul-20	\$	75,265	\$	-	\$	5,280	\$	5,280
	Transit Services Bureau - TIU		Jul-20	\$	64,681	\$	=	\$	2,400	\$	2,400
	Crescenta Valley Patrol Station		Oct-20	\$	75,265	\$	-	\$	3,960	\$	5,280
	Santa Clarita Patrol Station		Oct-20	\$	75,265	\$	-	\$	3,960	\$	5,280
	Avalon Patrol Station		Oct-20	\$	184,765	\$	-	\$	3,960	\$	5,280
	Marina Del Rey Patrol Station		Oct-20	\$	75,265	\$	-	\$	3,960	\$	5,280
	Altadena Patrol Station	-	Oct-20	\$	75,265	\$	-	\$	3,960	\$	5,280
	Parole Compliance Team	6	Jan-21	\$	236,730	\$	-	\$ \$	15,840 2,640	\$	31,680 5,280
	Community Partnership Bureau		Jan-21	۶	75,265	\$	-	Þ	2,040	٦	3,200
	Community College Bureau	9	Jan-21	\$	274,500	\$	_	\$	23,760	\$	47,520
	Courts (Levi)	,	Apr-21	\$	75,265	\$	_	\$		\$	
	County Services		Apr-21	\$	3,022,060	1 :	_	\$	1,320		5,280
Total			Apr-21		7,348,440		224,480	MANAGEMENTS	324,440	\$	373,920
Forensic video consultant	BWC Headquarters		Sep-19	alai Taspi	in the second second and the second s	\$	375,000	\$	450,000	\$	450,000
Total			Sep-19			\$	375,000	\$	450,000	\$	450,000
Forensic Video Software	BWC Headquarters		Sep-19	\$	305,150	\$	140,579		168,695	\$	168,695
Total			Sep-19	\$	305,150	\$	140,579	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	168,695	\$	168,695
Office	BWC Headquarters		Aug-19	\$	198,000	\$	277,500		333,000	\$	333,000
Total			Aug-19	\$	198,000	\$	277,500		333,000	\$	333,000
Patrol Operations Deployme	Fraud & Cyber Crimes Bureau	2	Oct-19	\$	1,315			\$	4,741	\$	2,709
	BWC Headquarters	20	Jan-20	\$	13,148	,	120 722	\$ ¢	14,247	\$	27,092
	Century Patrol Station	. 264	Mar-20	\$	173,547	٦	138,732	\$	357,617	\$	357,617
	Bellflower Substation		Apr-20 Apr-20								
	Paramount Substation Lakewood Patrol Station	238	Apr-20 Apr-20	\$	156,455	4	98,203	¢	322,397	١	322,397
	Industry Patrol Station	210	May-20	\$	138,049	1	62,944		284,468	\$	284,468
	West Hollywood Patrol Station	140	Jun-20	\$		Š	26,159		189,646	\$	189,646
	11 Cot Honywood I all of Station	140	34/1 20		52,000	ľ	_0,100	~	,	[,
	Universal City Walk Substation		Jun-20								
	Lancaster Patrol Station	243	Jun-20	\$	159,742	\$	27,431	¢	329,171	\$	329,171
	Lancaster Patrol Station Lawndale Substation	243	Jun-20 Aug-20	٦	133,/42	٦	454,12	ڔ	JZJ,111		111,500
	Maywood Substation		Aug-20 Aug-20								
	East Los Angeles Patrol Station	209	Aug-20	\$	137,391			\$	274,980	\$	283,114
				1 7	,	•			,		.,

Patrol Operations Deploym Malibu/Lost Hills Patrol Station 142					Sononument			, is carego		
Patrol Operations Deploym Mailbur/Lost Hills Patrol Station 179	Category	Location	No. Units	Completion	× 2000		FY19-20	FY20-21		
South Los Angeles Patrol Station 179				Date		Budget	Market Control of the	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Carson Patrol Station	Patrol Operations Deployme	Malibu/Lost Hills Patrol Station	142	Aug-20	\$	93,347	\$	186,828	\$	192,355
Carson Patrol Station										
Compton Patrol Station		South Los Angeles Patrol Station	179	Aug-20	\$	117,670	Ç	235,509	\$	242,475
Compton Patrol Station	마음과 관객들은 소화를 받									
Norwalk Patrol Station 188 Sep-20 5 123,587 5 225,128 5 254,667		Carson Patrol Station	182	Aug-20	\$	119,642	Ç	239,456	\$	246,539
Norwalk Patrol Station 188 Sep-20 5 123,587 5 226,128 5 254,667		Compton Patrol Station	179	Aug-20	Ś	117,670	Ş	235,509	\$	242,475
Parks Bureau - El Carlso		•		•		-	g	226,128	\$	254,667
Parks Bureau - Castalic Sep-20				•	'	.,	·	ŕ	ľ	,
La Mirada Substation										
Parks Bureau - Hollywood Bowl Sep-20				•						
Parks Bureau - Belwedere Sep-20										
Parks Bureau - Bonelli Substation Sep-20 S		Parks Bureau - Honywood Bowl		3ep-20						
Parks Bureau - Bonelli Substation Sep-20 S		Bardes Bernard - Baltisadara		C== 20						
Palmdale Patrol Station 204 Sep-20 \$ 134,105 \$ 245,373 \$ 276,341				•						
Parks Bureau - MED		Parks Bureau - Bonelli Substation		Sep-20						
Parks Bureau - MED					١.					
Parks Bureau - Apollo Sep-20 Walnut/Diamond Bar Patrol 124 Sep-20		Palmdale Patrol Station	204	•	\$	134,105	ç	245,373	\$	276,341
Parks Bureau - Mira Loma Sep-20 S 81,515 S 149,148 S 167,972 S 14516 S 140,148 S 167,972 S 14516 S 149,148 S 167,972 S 140,148		Parks Bureau - MED		Sep-20						
Walnut/Diamond Bar Patrol 124 Sep-20 \$ 81,515 \$ 149,148 \$ 167,972 \$ 149,148 \$ 149,148 \$ 167,972 \$ 149,148 \$ 167,972 \$ 149,148 \$ 167,972 \$ 149,148 \$ 167,972 \$ 149,148 \$ 149,148 \$ 149,148 \$ 149,148 \$ 149,148 \$ 167,972 \$ 149,148		Parks Bureau - Apollo		Sep-20						
Station		Parks Bureau - Mira Loma		Sep-20	l					
Station		Walnut/Diamond Bar Patrol	124	•	s	81,515	9	149,148	\$	167,972
Parks Bureau - Mona Park Parks Bureau - Athens Parks Bureau - Whittler Narrows Sep-20 Parks Bureau - All 187 Sep-20 Sep-20 Parks Bureau - All 187 Sep-20 Sep-20 Parks Bureau - All 187 Sep-20 Sep-2		·								
Parks Bureau - Athens Sep-20 Sep-				Sen-20						
Parks Bureau - Whittier Narrows Sep-20 Sep				•						
Parks Bureau - All 187 Sep-20 \$ 122,929 \$ 224,925 \$ 253,312 San Dimas Patrol Station 100 Sep-20 \$ 65,738 \$ 120,281 \$ 135,461 Duarte Substation Nov-20 Transit Services Bureau - ROC 297 Nov-20 \$ 195,240 \$ 290,181 \$ 402,320 Metrolink - La Verne (HQ) Nov-20 Temple Patrol Station 66 Nov-20 \$ 126,216 \$ 187,591 \$ 260,085 Cerritos Patrol Station 66 Nov-20 \$ 43,387 \$ 64,485 \$ 89,404 Transit Services Bureau - Downey Pico Rivera Patrol Station 111 Nov-20 \$ 72,969 \$ 108,451 \$ 150,362 Metrolink - La Verne (Holl) Nov-20 \$ 10,000 \$ 10	그 내 기가방 그림을 받는다니 그기			•						
San Dimas Patrol Station 100 Sep-20 \$ 65,738 \$ 120,281 \$ 135,461 Duarte Substation Nov-20 Nov-20 \$ 195,240 \$ 290,181 \$ 402,320 Metrolink - La Verne (HQ) Nov-20 \$ 195,240 \$ 290,181 \$ 402,320 Metrolink - La Verne (HQ) Nov-20 \$ 126,216 \$ 187,591 \$ 260,085 Cerritos Patrol Station 66 Nov-20 \$ 43,387 \$ 64,485 \$ 89,404 Transit Services Bureau - Downey Pico Rivera Patrol Station 111 Nov-20 \$ 72,969 \$ 108,451 \$ 150,362 Transit Services Bureau - El Nov-20 Monte Metrolink - Chatsworth Nov-20 Metrolink - Chatsworth Nov-20 Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket) Nov-20 Metrolink - All Metrolink - All 46 Nov-20 Metrolink - All 46 Nov-20 Metrolink - All 46 Nov-20 Metrolink - All Avalon Patrol Station 19 Dec-20 \$ 12,490 \$ 16,419 \$ 25,738 Crescenta Valley Patrol Station 72 Dec-20 \$ 47,331 \$ 62,219 \$ 97,532 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 270,922 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 270,922 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 270,923 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 270,923 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 270,923 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 270,923 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 270,923 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 131,475 \$ 172,831 \$ 270,923 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 20,965 \$		Parks Bureau - Whittier Narrows		3ep-20						
San Dimas Patrol Station 100 Sep-20 \$ 65,738 \$ 120,281 \$ 135,461 Duarte Substation Nov-20 Nov-20 \$ 195,240 \$ 290,181 \$ 402,320 Metrolink - La Verne (HQ) Nov-20 \$ 195,240 \$ 290,181 \$ 402,320 Metrolink - La Verne (HQ) Nov-20 \$ 126,216 \$ 187,591 \$ 260,085 Cerritos Patrol Station 66 Nov-20 \$ 43,387 \$ 64,485 \$ 89,404 Transit Services Bureau - Downey Pico Rivera Patrol Station 111 Nov-20 \$ 72,969 \$ 108,451 \$ 150,362 Transit Services Bureau - El Nov-20 Monte Metrolink - Chatsworth Nov-20 Metrolink - Chatsworth Nov-20 Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket) Nov-20 Metrolink - All Metrolink - All 46 Nov-20 Metrolink - All 46 Nov-20 Metrolink - All 46 Nov-20 Metrolink - All Avalon Patrol Station 19 Dec-20 \$ 12,490 \$ 16,419 \$ 25,738 Crescenta Valley Patrol Station 72 Dec-20 \$ 47,331 \$ 62,219 \$ 97,532 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 270,922 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 270,922 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 270,923 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 270,923 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 270,923 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 270,923 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 270,923 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 131,475 \$ 172,831 \$ 270,923 Marina bel Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 20,965 \$		D. J. B	107	C 20	ـ ا	122.020		224025	ے ا	252 212
Duarte Substation				•	1					•
Transit Services Bureau - ROC 297 Nov-20 \$ 195,240 \$ 290,181 \$ 402,320 Metrolink - La Verne (HQ) Nov-20 \$ 126,216 \$ 187,591 \$ 260,085 \$ 260,085 \$ 267,238 \$ 260,085 \$ 260,085 \$ 267,238 \$ 260,085 \$ 267,238 \$ 260,085 \$ 260,085 \$ 267,238 \$ 260,085 \$ 260,085 \$ 267,238 \$ 260,085 \$ 260,085 \$ 267,238 \$ 260,085 \$ 26	기계되는 경마이트 그 당대를 다		100	•	۶	65,/38	3	120,281	۶	135,461
Metrolink - La Verne (HQ)					١.				١.	
Temple Patrol Station		Transit Services Bureau - ROC	297	Nov-20	\$	195,240	5	290,181	Ş	402,320
Cerritos Patrol Station		Metrolink - La Verne (HQ)		Nov-20						
Transit Services Bureau - Downey Pico Rivera Patrol Station 111 Nov-20 \$ 72,969 \$ \$ 108,451 \$ 150,362		Temple Patrol Station	192	Nov-20	\$	126,216	,	187,591	\$	260,085
Downey		Cerritos Patrol Station	66	Nov-20	\$	43,387	,	64,485	\$	89,404
Pico Rivera Patrol Station 111 Nov-20 5 72,969 5 108,451 5 150,362		Transit Services Bureau -		Nov-20						
Transit Services Bureau - El Nov-20 Monte Metrolink - Chatsworth Nov-20 Transit Services Bureau - K9 Nov-20 Lomita Patrol Station 90 Nov-20 S 59,164 S 87,933 \$ 121,915 Transit Services Bureau - TIU Nov-20 Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket) Nov-20 Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket) Nov-20 Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket) Nov-20 Metrolink - Mall 46 Nov-20 \$ 30,239 \$ 44,944 \$ 62,312 Avalon Patrol Station 19 Dec-20 \$ 12,490 \$ 16,419 \$ 25,738 Crescenta Valley Patrol Station 72 Dec-20 \$ 47,331 \$ 62,219 \$ 97,532 Mar-21 Santa Clarita Patrol Station 200 Dec-20 \$ 131,475 \$ 172,831 \$ 270,922 Marina Del Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 131,475 \$ 172,831 \$ 270,922 Marina Del Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 52,590 \$ 69,132 \$ 108,369 Parole Compliance Team 128 Mar-21 \$ 84,144 \$ 67,264 \$ 173,390 Community Partnership Bureau 223 Mar-21 \$ 146,595 \$ 117,187 \$ 302,078 Community Partnership Bureau 175 Mar-21 \$ 115,041 \$ 91,963 \$ 237,057 County Services 461 Jul-21 \$ 303,050 \$ 237,057 County Services 461 Jul-21 \$ 303,050 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,155,190 \$ 7,109,000 Staffing BWC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400 Training Succession Success		Downey								
Monte Metrolink - Chatsworth Nov-20 Transit Services Bureau - K9 Nov-20 S 59,164 S 87,933 S 121,915		Pico Rivera Patrol Station	111	Nov-20	\$	72,969		108,451	\$	150,362
Monte Metrolink - Chatsworth Nov-20 Transit Services Bureau - K9 Nov-20 S 59,164 S 87,933 S 121,915		Transit Services Bureau - El		Nov-20		•				
Metrolink - Chatsworth Nov-20 Transit Services Bureau - K9 Nov-20 S 59,164 S 87,933 S 121,915										
Transit Services Bureau - K9 Lomita Patrol Station 90 Nov-20 Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket) Metrolink - All Avalon Patrol Station 19 Dec-20 Prescenta Valley Patrol Station 19 Dec-20 Marina Del Rey Patrol Station 20 Dec-20 Marina Del Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 Marina Del Rey Patrol Marina 80 Dec-20 Marina Del Rey Patrol Marina 80 Dec-20 Marina Del Rey Patrol Marina 80 Dec-20 Marina Del Rey Patrol Marin		****		Nov-20						
Lomita Patrol Station 90 Nov-20 \$ 59,164 \$ 87,933 \$ 121,915										
Transit Services Bureau - TIU Nov-20 Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket) Nov-20 Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket) Nov-20 S 30,239 S 44,944 S 62,312 Avalon Patrol Station 19 Dec-20 S 12,490 S 16,419 S 25,738 Crescenta Valley Patrol Station 72 Dec-20 S 47,331 S 62,219 S 97,532 Altadena Patrol Station 61 Dec-20 S 40,100 S 52,713 S 82,631 Santa Clarita Patrol Station 200 Dec-20 S 131,475 S 172,831 S 270,922 Marina Del Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 S 52,590 S 69,132 S 108,369 Parole Compliance Team 128 Mar-21 S 84,144 S 67,264 S 173,390 Community Partnership Bureau 223 Mar-21 S 146,595 S 117,187 S 302,078 Reserves Bureau 175 Mar-21 S 115,041 S 91,963 S 237,057 County Services 461 Jul-21 S 303,050 Courts (Levi) 61 Jul-21 S 40,100 S 82,631 S 7,109,000 S 82,631 Total S WC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 S 5,593,699 S 5,618,449 S 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 S 189,000 S 94,500 S 113,400 S 113,400 S 113,400			90		ا	50 164		\$ 87.933	خ	121 915
Metrolink - La Verne (Bracket) Nov-20 Metrolink - All 46 Nov-20 \$ 30,239 \$ 44,944 \$ 62,312 Avalon Patrol Station 19 Dec-20 \$ 12,490 \$ 16,419 \$ 25,738 Crescenta Valley Patrol Station 72 Dec-20 \$ 47,331 \$ 62,219 \$ 97,532 \$ 41,444 \$ 62,312 \$ 62,219 \$ 97,532 \$ 97,532 \$ 9			30		١	33,104		, 0,,555	~	121,515
Metrolink - All										
Avalon Patrol Station 19 Dec-20 \$ 12,490 \$ 16,419 \$ 25,738 \$ 97,532 \$ 97,532 \$ Altadena Patrol Station 61 Dec-20 \$ 47,331 \$ 62,219 \$ 97,532 \$ 97,532 \$ Altadena Patrol Station 61 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 82,631 \$ 3anta Clarita Patrol Station 200 Dec-20 \$ 131,475 \$ 172,831 \$ 270,922 \$ Marina Del Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 52,590 \$ 69,132 \$ 108,369 \$ Parole Compliance Team 128 Mar-21 \$ 84,144 \$ 67,264 \$ 173,390 \$ Community Partnership Bureau 223 Mar-21 \$ 146,595 \$ 117,187 \$ 302,078 \$		•	4.5		۱,	20.220		4 44044	ـ ا	62 212
Crescenta Valley Patrol Station 72 Dec-20 \$ 47,331 \$ 62,219 \$ 97,532					1		\$			-
Altadena Patrol Station 61 Dec-20 \$ 40,100 \$ 52,713 \$ 82,631 Santa Clarita Patrol Station 200 Dec-20 \$ 131,475 \$ 172,831 \$ 270,922 Marina Del Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 52,590 \$ 69,132 \$ 108,369 Parole Compliance Team 128 Mar-21 \$ 84,144 \$ 67,264 \$ 173,390 Community Partnership Bureau 223 Mar-21 \$ 146,595 \$ 117,187 \$ 302,078 Community College Bureau 155 Mar-21 \$ 101,893 \$ 81,453 \$ 209,965 Reserves Bureau 175 Mar-21 \$ 115,041 \$ 91,963 \$ 237,057 County Services 461 Jul-21 \$ 303,050 \$ 91,963 \$ 237,057 Courts (Levi) 61 Jul-21 \$ 40,100 \$ 82,631 Total Jul-21 \$ 3,449,904 \$ 353,469 \$ 5,155,190 \$ 7,109,000 Staffing BWC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400	把国际提供证 医阴道电				1		l		1	
Santa Clarita Patrol Station 200 Dec-20 \$ 131,475 \$ 172,831 \$ 270,922 Marina Del Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 52,590 \$ 69,132 \$ 108,369 Parole Compliance Team 128 Mar-21 \$ 84,144 \$ 67,264 \$ 173,390 Community Partnership Bureau 223 Mar-21 \$ 146,595 \$ 117,187 \$ 302,078 Community College Bureau 155 Mar-21 \$ 101,893 \$ 81,453 \$ 209,965 Reserves Bureau 175 Mar-21 \$ 115,041 \$ 91,963 \$ 237,057 County Services 461 Jul-21 \$ 303,050 \$ 624,476 \$ 624,476 Courts (Levi) 61 Jul-21 \$ 3,449,904 \$ 353,469 \$ 5,155,190 \$ 7,109,000 Staffing BWC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400		Crescenta Valley Patrol Station	72	Dec-20	\$	47,331		62,219	\$	97,532
Santa Clarita Patrol Station 200 Dec-20 \$ 131,475 \$ 172,831 \$ 270,922 Marina Del Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 52,590 \$ 69,132 \$ 108,369 Parole Compliance Team 128 Mar-21 \$ 84,144 \$ 67,264 \$ 173,390 Community Partnership Bureau 223 Mar-21 \$ 146,595 \$ 117,187 \$ 302,078 Community College Bureau 155 Mar-21 \$ 101,893 \$ 81,453 \$ 209,965 Reserves Bureau 175 Mar-21 \$ 115,041 \$ 91,963 \$ 237,057 County Services 461 Jul-21 \$ 303,050 \$ 624,476 \$ 624,476 Courts (Levi) 61 Jul-21 \$ 3,449,904 \$ 353,469 \$ 5,155,190 \$ 7,109,000 Staffing BWC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400										
Marina Del Rey Patrol Station 80 Dec-20 \$ 52,590 \$ 69,132 \$ 108,369 Parole Compliance Team 128 Mar-21 \$ 84,144 \$ 67,264 \$ 173,390 Community Partnership Bureau 223 Mar-21 \$ 146,595 \$ 117,187 \$ 302,078 Community College Bureau 155 Mar-21 \$ 101,893 \$ 81,453 \$ 209,965 Reserves Bureau 175 Mar-21 \$ 115,041 \$ 91,963 \$ 237,057 County Services 461 Jul-21 \$ 303,050 \$ 94,500 \$ 7,109,000 Staffing BWC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400 Staffing Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400 County Services 313,400 \$ 353,469 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400 Staffing Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400 County Services 313,400 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400 County Services 324 325 3		Altadena Patrol Station				•	i .			
Parole Compliance Team 128 Mar-21 \$ 84,144 \$ 67,264 \$ 173,390		Santa Clarita Patrol Station	200	Dec-20	\$		l .			
Community Partnership Bureau 223 Mar-21 \$ 146,595 \$ 117,187 \$ 302,078 Community College Bureau 155 Mar-21 \$ 101,893 \$ 81,453 \$ 209,965 Reserves Bureau 175 Mar-21 \$ 115,041 \$ 91,963 \$ 237,057 County Services 461 Jul-21 \$ 303,050 \$ 624,476 \$ 624,476 Courts (Levi) 61 Jul-21 \$ 40,100 \$ 7,109,000 \$ 7,109,000 Staffing BWC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Total Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400		Marina Del Rey Patrol Station	80	Dec-20	\$	52,590		\$ 69,132	\$	108,369
Community College Bureau 155 Mar-21 \$ 101,893 \$ 81,453 \$ 209,965 Reserves Bureau 175 Mar-21 \$ 115,041 \$ 91,963 \$ 237,057 County Services 461 Jul-21 \$ 303,050 \$ 624,476 Courts (Levi) 61 Jul-21 \$ 40,100 \$ 82,631 Total Jul-21 \$ 3,449,904 \$ 353,469 \$ 5,155,190 \$ 7,109,000 Staffing BWC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400		Parole Compliance Team	128	Mar-21	\$	84,144	:	\$ 67,264	\$	173,390
Reserves Bureau 175 Mar-21 \$ 115,041 \$ 91,963 \$ 237,057 County Services 461 Jul-21 \$ 303,050 \$ 624,476 Courts (Levi) 61 Jul-21 \$ 40,100 \$ 82,631 Total Jul-21 \$ 3,449,904 \$ 353,469 \$ 5,155,190 \$ 7,109,000 Staffing BWC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Total Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400		Community Partnership Bureau	223	Mar-21	\$	146,595		\$ 117,187	\$	302,078
Reserves Bureau 175 Mar-21 \$ 115,041 \$ 91,963 \$ 237,057 County Services 461 Jul-21 \$ 303,050 \$ 624,476 Courts (Levi) 61 Jul-21 \$ 40,100 \$ 82,631 Total Jul-21 \$ 3,449,904 \$ 353,469 \$ 5,155,190 \$ 7,109,000 Staffing BWC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Total Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400										
Reserves Bureau 175 Mar-21 \$ 115,041 \$ 91,963 \$ 237,057 County Services 461 Jul-21 \$ 303,050 \$ 624,476 Courts (Levi) 61 Jul-21 \$ 40,100 \$ 82,631 Total Jul-21 \$ 3,449,904 \$ 353,469 \$ 5,155,190 \$ 7,109,000 Staffing BWC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Total Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400		Community College Bureau	155	Mar-21	\$	101,893		\$ 81,453	\$	209,965
County Services 461 Jul-21 \$ 303,050 \$ 624,476 Courts (Levi) 61 Jul-21 \$ 40,100 \$ 82,631 Total Jul-21 \$ 3,449,904 \$ 353,469 \$ 5,155,190 \$ 7,109,000 Staffing BWC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Total Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400									1	237,057
Courts (Levi) 61 Jul-21 \$ 40,100 \$ 82,631 Total Jul-21 \$ 3,449,904 \$ 353,469 \$ 5,155,190 \$ 7,109,000 Staffing BWC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Total Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400					1 '			, -		
Total Jul-21 \$ 3,449,904 \$ 353,469 \$ 5,155,190 \$ 7,109,000 Staffing BWC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Total Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400									1 '	
Staffing BWC Headquarters 33 Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Total Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400	7-4-1	Courts (Levi)	0.1				\$ 353,460	\$ 515510N	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total Aug-19 \$ 5,593,699 \$ 5,618,449 \$ 5,618,449 Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400	PER DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY OF PROPERTY OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY OF PERSONS AND	DWC Handay	77		12	J,443,3U4	A CAPATAM AND SECTION ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE PART		**********	********************
Training BWC Headquarters Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400		BWC Headquarters	55				PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	CONTRACTOR STATEMENT OF THE STATEMENT OF	to territoria	
	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR			PPPROTORNIC CONTRACTOR STATEMENT OF CONTRACTOR CONTRACT	1	400	29 3007 NE BROOK PETRO DE BROOK DE STONE SON DE BROOK	VAVA A. N. C.	4.00 0400000000000000000000000000000000	ceres ne reconstruction de la companie de la compan
Total Sep-19 \$ 189,000 \$ 94,500 \$ 113,400 \$ 113,400		BMC Headquarters		o sa meno esta contra a esta constanta de la c	10000000000					WEST STREET FOR THE CONTROL OF THE STREET ST
	Total			Sep-19	15	189,000	\$ 94,500	> 115,400	13	115,400

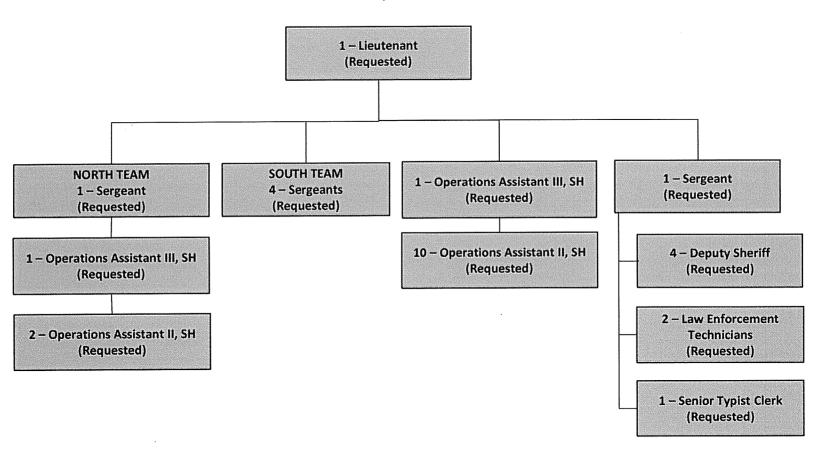
Category	Location	No. Units	Completion	One-Time	FY19-20	FY20-21	Ongoing
			Date	Budget	Ongoing	Ongoing	Annual
Vehicles + Radios	BWC Headquarters	11	Sep-19	\$ 1,117,000			
Total			Sep-19	\$ 1,117,000			
Grand Total			Jul-21	\$ 20,477,099	\$ 7,059,227	\$ 12,163,173	\$ 14,166,464

Exhibit B, Organizational Charts

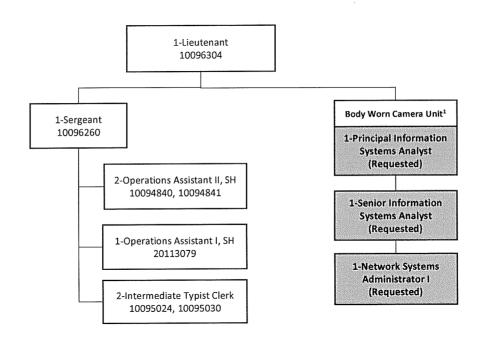
Body Worn Camera Unit Staffing

No Positions	Classification	Responsibility		
1	Lieutenant	Unit Commander		
6	Sergeants	One for each Patrol Division, County-Wide Policing Division and Detective Division		
2	Deputy Sheriff Bonus II	Assigned to Fraud and Cyber/Tech Ops for criminal forensic review of critical incidents		
4	Deputy Sheriff Generalists	DEMS and BWC expertise, training, and liaison with other police departments, County Departments, etc.		
2	Operations Assistant III	Supervision of OAII's, redaction and audit duties		
12	Operations Assistant II	Redaction, audits, and SB1421/AB748 Compliance		
2	Law Enforcement Technicians	Inventory management, courier duties, etc.		
1	Senior Typist Clerk	Office Staff		
1	Principal Information Systems Analyst	Management of IT issues, contract with vendors and Mobile Device Management		
1	Senior Information Systems Analyst	Assist PISA with IT issues, contract with vendors and Mobile Device Management		
1	Network System Analyst I	Management of network issues, tech support calls and development and maintenance of network and IT workflows, updates and projects		

LOS ANGELES COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT DETECTIVE SERVICES BUDGET UNIT (15683) – DETECTIVE DIVISION (15707) HOMICIDE BUREAU (15750) / BODY WORN CAMERAS UNIT MAY 21, 2019



LOS ANGELES COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT GENERAL SUPPORT BUDGET UNIT (15687) TECHNOLOGY AND SUPPORT DIVISION (15708) / DATA SYSTEMS BUREAU (15759) SHERIFF'S DATA NETWORK MAY 22, 2019



¹⁻ Body Worn Cameras Unit requesting Data Systems Bureau support personnel: 1-Principal Information Systems Analyst, 1-Senior Information Systems Analyst, and 1-Network Systems Administrator I.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT DETECTIVE SERVICES BUDGET UNIT (15683) DETECTIVE DIVISION (15707) / FRAUD & CYBER CRIMES BUREAU (15755) May 22, 2019

